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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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PANDIT NEHRU'S TOUR IMPRESSIONS

VANCOUVER, Nov. 3 (PTI).

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU declared in a speech here last night that he had found "a tremendous desire for peace and understanding" during his tour of Canada and the United States. He added that he thought this was a good augury for the future international relations.

The Prime Minister, who was speaking at a civic reception given in his honour by the city of Vancouver, addressed for over an hour during which he covered the entire field of India's foreign relations with particular reference to the Commonwealth and the new spirit among the people of Asia.

He declared that in the new position that India occupied she could render the best service without entangle herself in power politics or aligning herself with a bloc of nations.

There had been far too much talk recently of East and West as two different blocs, Pandit Nehru said.

Vancouver, he added, was symbolical in a sense, because here East became West and vice versa, and both merged into one another.

MEANINGLESS

Except in degree of industrial development it was meaningless to differentiate between Orient and Occident. "Such differences are going to disappear soon", Pandit Nehru added.

He spoke of "suspicion" among Asiatic peoples born of two centuries of colonial rule, and said free India would play her part in encouraging and helping subject peoples to win their freedom.

"The so-called East has been termed mysterious and been described in other ways. All that kind of thing leads to lack of understanding. There is nothing mysterious about people inhabiting any region.

"In the present stage of world tension this lack of understanding is harmful. It is particularly important to understand the countries of the Commonwealth.

"Canada has developed against a purely European background. Later it came more and more into contempt with Asia".

Paying tribute to the "dynamic part" played by Canada in the evolution of the Commonwealth, Pandit Nehru said: "At the last meeting of the Prime Minister's Conference, I met Canada's Prime Minister, Mr. St. Laurent, Secretary of State, L. B. Perrson and the veteran statesman, Mackenzie King.

"As far as I can remember, Canada and India expressed more or less the same views on most subjects and to me, that was both a gratyfying and dynamic thing.

"India decided to remain within the Commonwealth".

CANADIAN IMPRESSIONS

Pandit Nehru said that if he had to give his impressions of his Canadian visit briefly, he would say "I have found a spirit of understanding and friendliness which has made me feel very much at home".

Such a spirit, he said, would go a long way in the solution of present-day problems.

"It seems curious how many proolems seem to be duplicated between Canada and India, but while India has problems in common with Canada, she has even more common problems with Asia".

"We have many problems in Asia", Pandit Nehru continued. "The foremost is freedom. It is being increasingly realised that Asian peoples cannot be kept down by force and that Asia is going to play an important part in world affairs. But the appreciation is still not as complete as one would wish".

Stressing the inter-dependence of political and economic freedom, Pandit Nehru said it was necessary to raise the standard of life of the Asian peoples whose growth had been retarded for centuries.

THE PROBLEM

Due to suspicions engendered by their past contacts with European powers, those of the Asian peoples that had won freedom were not prepared to barter it for military or financial considerations, he said adding: but economic progress was absolutely essential.

"That is the problem before us. We on our part are determined to meet our difficulties by working hard.

"We realise that in the final analysis, progress can come only by our own efforts. We welcome assistance and shall make adequate return for it. We are determined to succeed in stepping forward from political freedom to economic freedom.

"That problem is common to all Asia".

Pandit Nehru said he hoped that the spirit of understanding he had seen in the United States and Canada during his tour would be a factor in the solution of that problem.

THREE ARRESTED IN CALCUTTA

Bengal T.U.C. Office Searched

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3. (PTI.) The police searched today for about two hours the office of the Communist-Dominated Bengal Provincial Trade Union Congress and took into custody three persons, including the office secretary.

The arrested men are being detained under the West Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.

SECRET RICE TALKS IN SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, Nov. 3. (PTI-Reuter): A secret conference of rice experts from British Commonwealth territories in East Asia ended here today without any disclosure of results achieved.

The four-day talks were held behind closed doors, and the only official comment was that they will have "an important bearing on rice supplies in this region after the International Emergency Food Council ceases to allocate rice at the end of this year".

It was learned authoritatively, however, that Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Singapore, Malaya, Sarawak, North Borneo and Hongkong—all the East Asian territories which depend on imports of rice—sent delegates to the talks.

3-Lakh Tagavi Loans For Backward Classes

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3, (PTI): The Government of Bombay, it is understood, has sanctioned rupees three lakhs for grant of tagavi loans, free of interest, to backward classes. It has also issued orders to give preference to backward communities in granting waste lands for cultivation.

Pandit Nehru replied with a monosyllabic "No" to a question whether he would look with favour on an invitation to form a Non-Communist S. E. Asia Pact; and "No—Not Yet" to the question of recognising Red China.

MISS KISHORI GETS SEVEN YEARS R. I.

Found Guilty By Jury Of Abetting Homicide

EX-FILM ACTRESS BREAKS DOWN IN COURT

BOMBAY, Thursday.

GLAMOROUS, 26-year old Kishori, ex-film star and owner of Kishori Court, a City night resort at Worli Sea Face, burst into an involuntary sob and broke down when Judge M. B. Honavar of the Greater Bombay Sessions Court pronounced a sentence of seven years' rigorous imprisonment on her after the Special Jury had found her guilty unanimously on a charge of abetment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

Kishori's two servants, Jagdish Shetty and Rampalsingh were also awarded the same terms of imprisonment, as the Jury pronounced them guilty of the offence of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. They too were overcome by their emotions and slouched on the bench in the prisoners' dock as soon as they heard the verdict. Kishori's butler Berthold Xavier Alvares alias Mohan was acquitted as he was found not guilty.

The Sessions Court of Judge Honavar was packed to capacity and people crowded in the court room as well as the corridors for long hours to see the curtain rung down on the sensational "Nadkarni Murder Case", today.

The trial lasted for eight days during which fifteen witnesses were examined. Among them were two of Bombay's eminent surgeons Dr. A. V. Baliga, for tha Prosecution, and Dr. V. L. Parmar for the Defence. The two other doctors who were called in by the Prosecution were Dr. M. V. Bhajekar and Dr. K. V. Pai.

The Court sat till a late hour in the evening as Judge Honavar who took full five hours in summing up the case to the Jury had not completed his address till 6 p.m.

As the clock struck six the Jury retired to deliberate over the verdict. While those assembled in the Court waited in hushed silence for the Jury to emerge out of the retiring chamber. Judge Honavar relaxed for a brief half hour in the Judge's chamber after his lengthy address to the jurymen.

JURY'S VERDICT

Exactly after 40 minutes the jurors returned to their seats in the Jury-box and the Judge took his seat in pin-drop silence. The atmosphere in the Court at this stage was tense with expectancy and the four accused were asked to stand up to hear the verdict.

All eyes were now riveted on the seven jurors, and the Clerk of the Court in a clear and emphatic tone asked the foreman whether they had come to an unanimous verdict. To this the foreman replied in the affirmative and added that they had found Kishori and her two servants guilty of culpable homicide and abetment thereof. He further added that they had found the fourth accused Berthold

(Continued on Page 7)

Seven Killed In Bus Accident

TRAGEDY NEAR PURI

CUTTACK, Nov. 3. (PTI): Six persons were killed on the spot and another died in hospital as a result of a bus accident near Puri this afternoon, according to a report received here

It is stated that the bus, which was proceeding to Puri with over 30 passengers, swerved while negotiating a sharp bend, about nine miles from Puri and was overturned.

Twentytwo injured persons are being attended to in the Puri Hospital.

Bonn Voted Capital Of West Germany

BONN, Nov. 3. (PTI-Reuter): The West German Parliament today voted Bonn, Rhine City and birthplace of Beethoven, as the capital of Western Germany.

CHIANG'S EMBASSY IN PARIS TAKES PRECAUTIONS

Detectives Keep Out Officials Supporting Mao

PARIS, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter)

DR. Tuan Mao-lan, Nationalist China's Charge d'Affaires here, today installed private detectives in the Embassy to help the House Guards keep out officials supporting the Chinese Communist leader, General Mao Tse-tung.

A French Foreign Office spokesman confirming this, this afternoon said: "We have been officially informed that Dr. Tuan is guarding his fort. He is keeping out the Communist Secretaries."

Earlier this afternoon a woman telephonist at the Embassy was declining to put callers through to Secretaries.

To a request to speak to Dr. Tuan—who came from London to persuade members of the staff to renounce Mao Tse-tung—she said: "He is no longer here."

Two policemen outside the Embassy "in case of trouble", said that early this afternoon a sleek American made saloon car drew up and five Chinese stepped out. One of the Chinese spoke to a private detective at the entrance while the others pushed past.

There was a slight scuffle, the police said, but the men had not reappeared.

One of the policemen said he recognized the men.

"I think they were Communist Secretaries of the Embassy" he said.

The detective guarding the building said that no one could enter the building except persons whose names were on a secret list. He declined to take a message to the Charge d'Affaires.

Enrol Yourself In The Congress And Strengthen India
Last Date For Enrolment: November 15, 1949
ENQUIRE AT THE CONGRESS HOUSE
OR
THE NEAREST WARD CONGRESS OFFICE

Lady Mountbatten To Receive Nehru

LONDON, Nov. 3 (UPI): Lady Mountbatten is flying back from Malta to be here to receive Pandit Nehru, at her country home in Broadlands.

Pandit Nehru's official and public functions in London are on November 8 and 9, and he will spend November 10 and 11 with friends and the Mountbattens.

It is not yet known whether Lord Mountbatten will also return to meet Prime Minister Nehru.

A general press conference at India House arranged for Pandit Nehru on Saturday, November 12 is expected to be a very full gathering of journalists of all [illegible] working in London.

REPATRIATION OF DUTCH TROOPS BY JULY 1950

Indonesian Leaders Flying Back To Batavia

BATAVIA, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter).

DUTCH soldiers in Indonesia will be repatriated to Holland within six months of the transfer of sovereignty to the United States of Indonesia, Lieut.-General Buurman Van Vreeden Dutch Commander-in-Chief in Batavia announced in a broadcast today.

The date of transfer has been fixed for December 30.

According to military circles in Batavia, the Royal Netherlands Army has a strength of about 90,000, including Air Force. The "Knil" Indonesian troops number about 43,000.

General Van Vreeden said Europeans in "Knil" who did not want to become Indonesian citizens and who did not wish to transfer to the Republican Army would be transferred after the reorganisation of "Knil" to the Royal Netherlands Army without interruption of their pensionable military service.

Civilian personnel of "Knil" would be treated as civil servants and transferred to the service of the United States of Indonesia.

Agreement had been reached to retain in Indonesia a Netherlands Military Mission to aid the reorganisation of the Indonesian Army.

RATIFYING DECISIONS

THE HAGUE: Leading Indonesian delegates to the Round Table Conference here which yesterday reached final agreement on setting up of the new sovereign United States of Indonesia were today flying back to Indonesia to prepare for the transfer of power.

Their first move on their return will be the calling of a conference to appoint the first President of the new Federation—expected almost certainly to be Dr. Sukarno, now President of the Indonesian Republic.

Dr. Mohammed Hatta, Indonesian Republican Prime Minister and Leader of the Republican Delegation, was not expected to return until Sunday.

The Dutch Government, it was understood, will present a bill ratifying the Conference decisions to Parliament next week. Both sides understood to obtain parliamentary ratification within six weeks of the Conference.

SKELETON CABINET

When the new President is chosen, he will appoint a skeleton Cabinet of three who will nominate a Premier from among themselves.

Most likely candidate for this position was considered to be Dr. Hatta, but the names of the former Republican Premier, Dr. Sultan Sjahrir, Sultan Hamid of Pontianak, Leader of the Federalist Delegation and Anan Agung Gde Agung, Premier of East Indonesia, were also possible choices.

When the Premier has been selected the other two will automatically become Ministers and choose the rest of the Cabinet, to form the provisional government to which sovereignty will be transferred.

In the Indonesian Republican Parliament the opposition was expected to be formed by the Socialist Party, the "Partai Murea" (Independent Communist Party) and possibly the so-called Democratic Front.

Altogether, however, this opposition has only ten votes to the remaining parties' 24, headed by the powerful Nationalist Party and Masjumi Muslim Party.

East Indonesia's favourable vote was considered to have been ensured by the last minute compromise on New Guinea which leaves this area's status open to discussion for a year, although Dutch sovereignty over it will continue during that time.

In other States there was expected to be still less discussion.

CAUTIOUS ENTHUSIASM

Enthusiasm tempered with caution was Republican reaction today in Batavia to the agreement reached yesterday at the Hague Round Table Conference for a new sovereign United States of Indonesia, writes Rajamani, PTI correspondent.

Indonesian Republican circles were enthusiastic about the transfer of sovereignty within two months but cautious about the issues left undecided.

They include the date for the withdrawal of Dutch forces from Indonesia and the future of Dutch New Guinea.

A Dutch official spokesman said today: "The Hague conclusions seem to be a practicable compromise".

The spokesman added the fact that New Guinea's status was postponed would "be made much of" by the interested parties "quite beyond the intrinsic value of importance of the issue".

A Republican leader from East Indonesia which includes Dutch New Guinea, asked: "How can transfer of sovereignty be said to be complete if you exclude New Guinea even for one year?"

SATISFACTION IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY: Considerable satisfaction has been expressed in diplomatic circles in Bombay over the successful outcome of the Round Table Conference at the Hague, which has been hailed as a "victory of common sense and as one of the greatest achievements of the United Nations Organisation in the political field", adds UPI.

Mr. Clare Hayes Timberlake, American Consul-General in Bombay, told the United Press of India today: "I think the Dutch-Indonesian settlement demonstrates that a great deal of patience has been exercised on both sides, and encourages the hope that a solution, acceptable both to India and Pakistan, would soon be found of the Kashmir dispute which has been hanging fire for so long".

Sharp Drop In Tata Steel Shares

BOMBAY, Thursday.

After the official close of the Bombay Stock Exchange on Wednesday several rumours were carried which administered a sharp decline in Tata Steel Defds. They were quoted at Rs. 1335/- against official close at Rs. 1406/4. Thereafter there was mild recovery at Rs. 1355/60.

It was rumoured that the Government of India has suggested to the company to convert present Deffered Shares into Ordinary Shares within 2 years; otherwise Defds. should be awarded only double the dividend of Ordinary Shares.

For the past few years serious attempts were being made to induce holders of Defd. Shares to accept Ordinary Shares at attractive ratio but such offers were not accepted.

It is not easy to make a change in the capital structure of a joint stock company without full content. Informed circles believe that there must be something in this line as the dividend of Rs. 64/- on the face value of Defd. Shares of Rs. 30/- it looks something surprising.

Cotton Seed Forward Contracts Banned

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4 (PTI): Forward contracts in cotton seed will be prohibited with effect from November 5, according to an order promulgated under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946.

This order called the Cotton Seed (Forward Contracts Prohibition) Order 1949, is issued with a view to maintaining supplies of cotton seed and making it available at fair prices.

As in the case of the Oilseeds (Forward Contracts Prohibition) Order, 1943, bona fide special delivery contracts, which are not transferable to third parties, will be exempted from the provisions of the proposed cotton seed order.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES OF JAPAN
EXHIBITION OPENS ON FRIDAY MORNING.
THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY have specially invited Mr. CHAMANLAL (Member, Cottage Industries Mission which recently visited Japan) to exhibit the various products of Japan's Cottage Industries. The EXHIBITION OPENS on FRIDAY at 11-30 A.M. in COWASJEE JAHANGIR HALL Fort, Bombay.
Lecture on 'MIRACLE OF JAPAN'
depicting the progress of Cottage Industries in Japan with suitable illustrations, will be given by Mr. Chamanlal, Honorary Secretary, All India Cottage Industries Board, New Delhi at Cowasjee Jahangir Hall, Bombay at 5 P.M. on 5th November, 1949.

GRAND GALA OPENING TODAY at 3-30 P. M.
NARGIS ART CONCERNS' CRUSADE for Recognition of the RIGHTS of the COMMON MAN!
DAROGAJI
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JAIRAJ
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Story-Dialogues: Late JADDANBAI
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NOVELTY 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun Mat. 12-30
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Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
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MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Governess, middle aged for 2 children. Good home. Must be prepared to travel. See personally "M" Prkyes Apollo Hotel. (1309)

Wanted a smart Stenotypist for a leading English Newspaper, Apply with testimonials to Box No. 100 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a girl for part-time copying job near Fort. Apply in own handwriting, with particulars and salary required to Box No. 1298 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a first class Sizing Master for a Cotton Mills. Good remuneration to experienced man. Apply with copies of Testimonials stating terms etc. to Box No. 6200B, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an expert Finishing Master to take charge Warehouse and Finishing Departments of a big Cotton Mill. Apply with copies of Testimonials stating terms, etc. to Box No. 6200A, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Cotton Mills a first class designer capable of producing original designs for Sari Borders, Snirtings and other Fabrics. Apply with copies of Testimonials stating terms, etc., to Box No. 6200, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATION WANTED

B. Com. LL.B. practising Lawyer, knowing income-tax wants partnership or service in the firm of Income-tax Expert or Solicitor. Write Box No. 1319 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately New November Batch for Specialised Diploma Ccurses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (1308)

Homoepathy easily learnt. " t postal training to pass the pro ed Test. For prospectus ap_ The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management Charges Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. 547

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Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga: Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1180)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Highly Silverplated Sports Cups— Medals and Presentation Articles. Ask for Catalogue. Arora Brothers 1, Pussa Road, New Delhi. 1241

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF CARGOES LYING UNCLEARED IN THE B.P.T. DOCKS.

In accordance with the Section 64A of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended MENESSE & CO. will under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks sell by public auction at No. 12A Heavy Lift Birth Alexandra Dock at 2-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 8th November 1949 the following:

Iron machinery: 2 Bdles. Tinplates: Motor Truck Parts (Springs): Hardware (Ballbearings):

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE of Office Furniture such as Tables, Chairs, Typewriter, Pharmaceutical Books, one Ampoule filling set and sealing set with burners, etc. on Monday the 7th inst. at 12 noon at 72, Medows St. Fort, Bombay, under instructions from the Official Liquidator, as the Liquidator of M|s. Ideal Drugs Ltd. (In Liquidation).

Terms:—Full cash against delivery.

AUCTION SALE of Disposal Goods including Big Lots of Rivets, Bolts tower with sockets, Fire Bar Rockers, Conductor Copper bare, Bolts and Nuts, Surfacing Hessian Bituminised 5458 Rolls, Atomiser, Grip Wire rope, etc. on Tuesday the 8th inst. at 10-30 a.m. at E. S. D Kurla, by order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
(SPECIAL ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT)

TENDERS are invited for the work of "Construction of 141 temporary tenements at the junction of Haines Road and Dr. Annie Besant Road and 20 temporary tenements off Fergusson Road" and will be received by the Chief Accountant in his office at the Municipal Head Office Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 18th November, 1949, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.)

Tender forms containing the directions to tenderers can be had at Rs. 5|- per copy from the office of the Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, (Arch), (Construction Section) Improvement Trust Building Annexe, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay.

Under the terms and conditions attached to the tender forms, the tenderers have been given an option to submit their own competitive design for any other mode of construction but the accommodation is to be identical to that shown on plans prepared by the Special Engineer.

By order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

6210

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LIMITED.
NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Memorial Building, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday the 19th November 1949 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:

1. To elect Directors.

By Order of the Board,
V. P. VARDE,
Hony. Managing Director.

Bombay, 5th Nov. 1949.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 3rd November, 1949 to 5th November, 1949, both days inclusive.

6214

NOTICE.
THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the Loss of Policy Nos. 92066 & 106932 on the Life of Anton Dumíng Koli, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

A. J. PANDYA,
Ag. Manager.

Bombay, 3-11-49. 1314

STATE TRANSPORT, BOMBAY.

THE LAST DATE for the receipt of tenders for supply of Diesel Petrol Chassis has been POSTPONED to 2-0 p.m. Saturday the 3rd December, 1949, (instead of 4th November). Tenders will be opened at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, the 6th December, 1949.

D. D. SATHE,
Provincial Motor Transport Controller.

(6211)

MINERVA MILLS LIMITED.
LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TEN SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 12102/12111 (both inclusive) of the above Company standing in the name of the late Mr. Khambadkone Sundar Rao of Satyamangalam have been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of the said shares should be made to us at the Registered Office of the Company, at 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay within 15 days from the date of this Notice, failing which duplicates of the said share certificates will be issued.

For Minerva Mills Limited,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents.
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.

Bombay, Dated 4-11-49. (1318)

B. B. & C. I. R.

THE ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Ajmer invites tenders in English for 286 Refugee Huts to be constructed at different sites at Ajmer costing approximately Rs. 11,40,000|- by 16 hours on 21-11-49. Site plans, forms of tender, schedules, conditions of contract and details of earnest money to be deposited are obtainable from the Engineer-in-Chief's office during working hours at a cost of Rs. 5|- per set.

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF,
Ajmer

(6212)

G. I. P. RAILWAY — TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous stores such as bones, cuttle-fish, cloth sponge, paper toilet, glue commercial, napthaline in balls and wax bees required for the period 1-2-1950 to 31-1-1951. Tender form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|-|- per copy. Not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. **Closing date 24th November 1949 at 3 P.M. (S.T.).** (6162)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY
TENDER 252|301-S|GB2|P8 dated 28-10-49 due on 15-11-49.

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for mantles for Washington lamp 1000 C.P. — 2000 Nos.
2. Sample should accompany the quotation.
3. Ex. stock delivery preferred.
4. Rates should be inclusive of packing and sales tax for delivery F.O.R. despatching station.
5. Quotations in tenderers own form in sealed cover and sample should reach the undersigned by 15-11-49 superscribed tenders for mantles for Washington lamp. Tenders will be opened on the next working day at 14-0 hours.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (Stores),
E. P. Railway, Delhi.

(6199)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1422 of 1949.

1. MADHOLAL SINDHOO of Bombay Indian Inhabitant residing at Cuff Parade within the Fort of Bombay but at present temporarily residing at Madras outside Bombay, and (2) VASANT DINANATH RAO, also of Bombay Indian Inhabitant, residing at Zaoba's Wadi, Thakurdwar, outside the Fort of Bombay for themselves and on behalf of other shareholders of the 1st defendant company except the defendants 2 to 8 and those shareholders supporting them ... ... Plaintiffs.

vs

(1) THE ASIAN ASSURANCE CO., LTD., a Joint Stock Company registered under the Indian Companies Act 1913 and Insurance Act 1938 having its Head Office at Asian Building, Ballard Estate within the Fort of Bombay. (2) GHANSHAMDAS N. RAJPAL of Bombay Indian Inhabitant residing at Khar within the Greater Bombay. (3) NARAYANDAS BHAGWANDAS of Bombay Indian Inhabitant residing at Mathew Road, Chowpatty outside the Fort of Bombay. (4) VISHINDAS J. RAJANI, of Bombay Indian Inhabitant residing at Khar, within the Greater Bombay outside the Fort of Bombay. (5) Dr. TAHERALLY MAHOMEDALLY KAJIJI, of Bombay Indian Inhabitant, residing at Woodhouse Road, Colaba, within the Fort of Bombay. (6) JAMES NATHIEL HEREDIA, of Bombay Indian Inhabitant, residing at Asian Building, Ballard Estate, within the Fort of Bombay. (7). GOPALDAS UDHAVDAS CHHABRIA of Bombay Indian Inhabitant, residing at Manohar Mansion, Dhobi Talao outside the Fort of Bombay. (8). ABDUL TYED FSMAILJI MASKATI of Bombay Indian Inhabitant, residing at Maskati House, Mahomedalli Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. Defendants 2 to 8 as Directors of the 1st defendant Company for and on behalf of themselves and the other shareholders of the 1st defendant company other than the plaintiffs and the shareholders supporting them. ... ... Defendants.

To.

The SHAREHOLDERS of the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd.

Notice under O. I. R. 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati on the 19th day of October 1949 in the above suit NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order I Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that this suit has been filed in this Hon'ble Court by the above named plaintiffs for themselves and on behalf of other shareholders of the 1st defendant company except the defendants Nos. 2 to 8 and those shareholders supporting them for the following reliefs:—

(a) It may be declared that the resolution adopting the Directors' report and the Audited Accounts of the 1st defendant company declared to have been carried at the meeting held on 29th September 1949 has not been validly passed and is invalid and inoperative.

(b) It may be declared that the purported resignations of defendants Nos. 7 and 8 were illegal, invalid and inoperative.

(c) It may be declared that defendants Nos. 7 and 8 retired at the said meeting held on 29th September 1949 and that 2 new Directors should have been elected in their place.

(d) That in the alternative to prayers (b) and (c) above it may be declared that 2 Directors out of defendants Nos. 2 to 6 next longest in office retired at the said meeting and 2 new Directors should have been elected in their place.

(e) It may be declared that the said meeting was wrongfully dissolved by the 2nd defendant.

(f) That this Hon'ble Court be pleased to order that the Annual General Meeting of the 1st defendant company for the calendar year 1949 be held by and under the supervision of this Hon'ble Court in continuation of the said meeting held on 29th September 1949 or as an adjourned meeting thereof to transact the business set out in the statement Ex A to the plaint.

(g) That in the alternative to prayer (f) above this Hon'ble Court be pleased to order that the Annual General Meeting of the 1st defendant company for the Calendar year 1949 be held by and under the supervision of this Hon'ble Court on or before 29th December 1949 to transact the business set out in the statement Ex. A to the plaint.

(h) It may be declared that the plaintiffs are entitled to use at the said meeting the proxies and Letters of Revocation lodged by them and their supporters with the 1st defendant company as stated in the plaint.

(i) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit some fit and proper person be appointed Receiver of the said Proxies and Letters of Revocation with all necessary powers under Order XL Rule 1 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(j) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit, the defendants their servants and agents be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from destroying dealing with or disposing of the said proxies and Letters of Revocation.

(k) That the defendants be decreased and ordered to pay to the plaintiffs costs of this suit or that the same may be otherwise provided for.

(l) That the plaintiffs may be awarded such further and other reliefs as the nature and circumstances of the case may require.

AND that the hearing of the said suit has been fixed for the 9th day of January 1950.

Dated this 1st day of November 1949.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR
For Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR

This 1st day of November, 1949.

Messrs. AMBUBHAI AND DIWANJI.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(6215)

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EXPERIENCED SWIMMER FINDS DROWNING DIFFICULT

Suicide Attempt Unsuccessful

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sixty-year-old Devji Veerji, who made determined efforts last night to drown himself in the sea, but did not succeed being an expert swimmer, was arrested by the police on a charge of attempted suicide.

Devji, it is learnt, was determined on self-destruction. With the one idea that life was no longer worth living, Devji came to Chaupatti yesterday afternoon. But, the time was unpropitious as there were too many people all around. He bided his time patiently.

At about midnight, the crowds swarming the sea-face melted away, leaving him alone to carry out his desperate venture. Devji removed his clothes and left the bundle on the sand. A letter he had penned to the effect that he was ending his life due to "domestic reasons", was also left in the bundle of discarded clothes.

Then Devji, took the name of his family Gods, and plunged into the moonlit sea. But, it was one thing for him to make up his mind to drown and it was a quite different thing to actually drown, for Devji was an expert swimmer. It was a case of the spirit willing, but the flesh being weak. In spite of his firm resolution not to struggle with the sea waters, his hands and legs got into automatic action, and he kept on floating. For more than an hour and a half Devji was struggling in the water to drown, but he did not succeed.

About one o'clock in the morning a policeman on patrol duty, saw something bobbing up and down in the sea like an oversize cork. When he was watching it, the moon emerged from a bank of clouds and glistened on the sea surface revealing that it was a human being. The constable called out to the man to come ashore. The reply seems to have been, "I will not come on shore, I want to drown."

When the policeman saw that his attempts to get the man ashore were unavailing, he rang up his police station and a detachment was sent. But, the man would not voluntarily come out of the sea.

The Police Party refusing to accept defeat, managed to wake up some fishermen in the vicinity of Chaupatti and get one of their fishing boats. They all ventured into the sea on a boat and hauled the man in, who was marched off to the Police Station.

Devji, it is learnt, stated to the Police that he wanted to commit suicide. The ingratitude of his son, he said, had broken his heart. He had, like Old King Lear, divided among his children all that he had on earth—about Rs. 25,000, when he felt that he was advancing in years. All that he asked in return was that he should be maintained upto the end of his days.

His eldest son was paying him Rs. 10 a month for his support. Yesterday when he asked him for the amount, the son is stated to have told him that he should try to get the money from the other son. The old man was disgusted at this and decided to end his life.

The man was treated at the J.J. Hospital last night and formally arrested for attempting to commit suicide.

POLICEMAN SEES IT

He was produced before Mr. N. G. Mahimtura, Presidency Magistrate Girgaum Court, this morning and allowed bail.

Cheetah Shot After Thrilling Battle

KOTTAYAM, Nov. 3 (PTI): A 12-foot-long cheetah which mauled two villagers and a shikari was shot dead from point blank range in the village of Arpukkara.

This ferocious 'cat', believed to have strayed into the village, was first spotted when it emerged out of a thicket and mauled two unwary villagers.

Led by the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police, a party of shikaris espied the animal lying in ambush near an abandoned house. The first shot missed the cheetah, which, infuriated, raced down and pounced on the party.

While engaged in the life and death battle in which one was mauled, a shikari dealt the animal a terrific blow on its head with the butt end of his gun. The dazed beast ran away and took refuge in a deserted house nearby. The shikaris after securing the door of the house climbed up on the roof top from where they shot at the animal lying couched in a corner. And then merrily the trophy was paraded through the streets to the relief of all terror-stricken villages.

DEVELOPMENT OF NAGPUR CITY

C. P. Loan To Improvement Trust

NAGPUR, Nov. 3 (U P I).

It is learnt that the C. P. Provincial Government have sanctioned a loan or Rs. 18,00,000 to the Nagpur Improvement Trust for the development of the city.

The loan will be paid in monthly instalments of Rs. 3,00,000 each.

FAMINE IN GUJARAT VILLAGES

Appeal To Govt. For Relief

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3 (PTI)—Eighty-one villages of Banaskantha district in Gujerat are affected with famine for the fourth year in succession this year, according to Mr. Ravishankar Maharaj, a local Congress worker. He urged the Government to open relief works and tackle the problem of fodder and drinking water as was done last year in many parts of Gujerat, where however, the crop position is good this year.

20 "Motorcarts" Reach City

QUICKER REMOVAL OF GARBAGE

BOMBAY, Thursday: The first lot of 20 motocarts, out of the 85 ordered by the Bombay Municipal Corporation, have arrived in Bombay by sea from the United Kingdom. This purchase of motocarts forms a part of the Corporation's rupees one-crore scheme "to mechanise the public health and sanitary services in the city". The scheme is expected to be completed in three years.

These motocarts—each costing Rs. 6,500 with 1-1/2 ton carrying capacity—are expected progressively to dispense with the bullock carts now used by the Corporation for collection of reafuse from Bombay's small lanes and streets. A motocart, it is stated, does three times the work of a horse cart and at a lower cost. These can be run on petrol, making 30 to 35 miles per gallon.

The remaining consignment of 65 motocarts is expected to land in Bombay before the year end. The Corporation intends buying a total of 265 motocarts over a period of three years.

Sholapur Municipal Board

SHOLAPUR, Nov. 3 (PTI): The New Sholapur Municipal Board elected Mr. R.V. Burgul, a Congress candidate, as its President, for a term of one year, at its first meeting held here this morning.

Mr. D. J. Jadhav, another Congress candidate, was elected as its vice-President.

KAKORI CAMP RESIDENTS' PROTEST

The residents of Kakori Camp, Versowa are understood to have sent a petition to the Labour Minister, Government of Bombay, protesting against the proposed construction of fish freezing, fish curing and ice factory in the midst of purely residential area. As the propposed factory is to run day and night on oil engines the peace of the residents the petitions state will be disturbed smoke and the noise.

Secondly fish curing and freezing plant needs lot of water to clean the fish before being stored. There is no drainage in this area and naturally all the contaminated water will be accumulating in the nearby grounds and resulting in stinking smell.

3 Arrested For Hoarding Sugar

BARODA, Nov 3 (UPI): Three persons were arrested here on a charge of hoarding essential commodities, including foodgrains and sugar, following a raid on the house of Dr. Chandulal Kalidas by the rationing authorities.

The authorities are reported to have seized from the doctor's house eleven maunds of sugar, nine maunds of wheat, six maunds of bajri and one and a half maunds of rice.

Apart from Dr. Chandulal Kalidas, his servant and his mother-in-law were also taken into custody by the police, who alleged that the lady offered them illegal gratification to hush up the case.

DOCTORATE FOR AZAD

MADRAS, Nov. 3, (U. P. I.): The degree of Doctor of Letters (Honoris Causa) was conferred on India's Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad by the Chancellor of the Mysore University, at a Convocation held here today.

Presenting Maulana Azad to the Chancellor, Dr. R. Kasturi Raj, Vice-Chancellor paid a glowing tribute to his "rare gifts of statesmanship with high learning" and said, "Free India is supremely fortunate in having the Maulana as her first education minister"

Sugar Crisis Hampers Congress Enrolment Campaign

PEOPLE IN KALYAN UNWILLING TO BECOME PRIMARY MEMBERS

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, Nov. 2.

It is understood from reliable sources that an open letter signed by hundreds of citizens of Kalyan was forwarded to the members of Bombay Legislative Assembly and council representing Thana South Constitution, namely, Mr. P. V. Paranjape, Mr. Jaiyutu Nama Patil, M.L.A. and Mr. V. V. Dandekar, M.L.C., requesting them to let all the voters of this constituency know what steps these members had taken to implement the pledges they had given at the time of elections to the Legislative Assembly. The signatories have requested these members to convene a public meeting at Kalyan in the near future and explain to the voters the work they had done uptil now in the Legislative Assembly and the Council.

POSER FOR M.L.As

The letter further inquired as to what steps these M.L.As had taken in the present sugar crisis in particular and the Food Supply problem in general in this district. The present sugar quota fixed by the Government was quite insufficient and an ordinary citizen was much perplexed in the absence of sugar which was urgently needed especially for children.

It is further learnt that the Government has asked all Ration Shop keepers not to issue sugar from Nov. 1, 1949, even though there are hundreds of sugar bags available at Kalyan belonging to the shop keepers supplied by the Government. There is much discontent among people on this issue.

The present sugar crisis has affected the enrolling of the Congress primary membership. People are not prepared to become Congress members even though it is without any fee, says one Congressman who explained his experience at the time of enrolling Congress primary members.

TEMPORARY SHOPS REMOVED

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, Nov. 3.

The Standing Committee of the Kalyan Borough Municipality has served notices on all temporary shop keepers numbering about 12 who have erected their temporary shops near Kalyan Post Office on the Station Road, to remove the shops within 15 days and to vacate the places.

All the shop keepers with the help of some Municipal Councillors approached the District Collector and requested the Collector to cancel this order of the Municipality.

The Collector after reviewing the situation replied that he would extend the date of removal of the shops and gave October 31, 1949 as the last date for removal.

On Nov. 1 all the shops were removed by the shop keepers themselves without any trouble. Some of the Municipal Councillors were trying to the last moment to cancel the order but could not succeed. This ugly scene of the temporary shops on the main road has now been removed.

Thousands of Kalyan Muslims celebrated a peaceful Mohurrum yesterday. All the city mosques were crowded with Muslim devotees who came there for their 'Namaz' and in the night a procession with their 'Tabuts' passed off peacefully. Armed police were in attendance.

BOMBAY-NAIROBI AIR SERVICE

Experts To Conduct Survey

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The 3,000 mile Bombay-Nairobi air route via Aden will be surveyed by a team of 17 Indian aviation experts on November 12, it is learnt here today.

The experts, who are taking off in a special plane on November 12 will survey the weather conditions, navigational aids on this route. The party is headed by the Director-General of Civil Aviation Mr. T. P. Bhalla. After a four-day survey of Aden and Nairobi, the party would return to Bombay on November 17.

The Government of India's Air Transport Licensing Board are understood to have given a license to the Air India International to operate a weekly service on this route.

The regular air service on Bombay-Nairobi-Bombay via Aden will commence in December this year with Constellation aircraft, an official of the airline told the P.T.I. today. The Bombay-Nairobi journey will take about 12 hours.

SWAPPING JAILBIRDS FOR REFUGEES

250 Non-Muslims To Be Repatriated To India

RAWALPINDI, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter) About 250 non-Muslims from Skardu and Bunjihand refugee camps will soon be repatriated to India in exchange for certain Muslims who are in jails or detention camps in Kashmir, it was learned here today.

The non-Muslims have already been flown from their camps to Peshawar where they are being looked after by the Frontier Government. They will be brought to Rawalpindi very shortly.

It is understood that the Pakistan Government has been in correspondence with the Indian Government on the subject of the exchange of prisoners and lists have been exchanged.

Rampur To Merge With U. P.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (UPI): The State of Rampur, which was taken over by the Centre on July 1, will be merged with U.P., it was learnt here today December 1 is understood to have been tentatively fixed as the date for the merger.

Rampur has an area of 894 sq. miles with a population of about 5 lakhs.

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CITY & SUBURBS

Today
Hindu: Kartik Shud 14, 2006
Muslim: Mohurrum 12, 1368
Parsi: Khordad 3, 1319
Sunrise: 6-40 a.m. Sunset 6-4 p.m.
Hightide: 10-57, 23-44
Lowtide: 04-56, 17-04

Today's Engagements

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Prof. Dr. Radha Kudha Kumud Mookerji of Lucknow will speak on 'present economic situation' at Green's Hotel at 6-15 p.m.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS: Film show at 6 p.m. at the Institution's premises.

MORE CONCESSIONS TO CLOTH DEALERS

Free Sale Of Unopened Cases Till Dec. 31

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The Textile Commissioner today issued an order permitting dealers to have in their possession or sell unopened bales or cases till December 31, 1949, cloth and yarn packed by mills during the period August 1948 to March 1949.

A press note issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India said:

"The Textile Commissioner has today issued a general permission under the Cotton Textiles (Control) Order, 1948 enabling dealers to have in their possession or sell in unopened bales or cases till the December 31, 1949 cloth or yarn packed by mills during the period August 1948 to March 1949.

"He has also issued another general permission today which extends till December 31, 1949 the period for opening of bales or cases of cloth or yarn in stock with mills on the October 30 1949 and packed by them in July 1949 and earlier. This permission also enables dealers to buy or have in their possession or sell in unopened bales or cases till December 31, 1949 such cloth or yarn which was in stock with the mills on October, 30 1949.

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3-30, 6-30, 9-30 10 to 12
Sun: Mat: 12-30 4 to 6

ABOLISH DHOTI BY LEGISLATION

Danish Visitor's Plea To Indians

An interesting visitor to the Civil Secretariat this morning, was Mr. Jorgen Andersen-Rosendal, former Chief of Bureau of the Ministry of Agriculture, Denmark and at present the representative of the National Daily News of Copenhagen and the Evening News of Oslo.

The tall, distinguished 40-year old visitor told a representative of this paper that during the last three years he had been travelling all over Asia on behalf of his Copenhagen paper.

He said that Denmark was greatly interested in Eastern affairs and nations and he had already covered China, Japan, Siam, Burma, Korea, Tibet and other countries.

Asked what was the nature of his interest in Asiatic matters, he humorously remarked, "Everything from Prime Ministers to paupers". In a staccato summing up of his impressions, Mr. Anderson-Rosendal said that the two dirtiest cities he had seen in the East were, Shanghai and Madras, the most beautiful, Bangkok with its unique temple and palace architecture and Siam, the happiest "temperamentally."

"What do you think of Prohibition" he was asked. According to him in Denmark and most European countries drinking was a necessity as the days were short and sunless and the weather inclement and cold. Total prohibition had once been tried in Norway, but it had been a hopeless failure, as people had started drinking more and more just because drinking was banned.

"Prohibition in Norway became a National Sport, as everybody was flouting it", he added.

Mr. Rosendal thinks that the Japanese Kimona and the Indian saree are among the loveliest of costumes, but about the Dhoti he wants it to be abolished by legislation. He also likes Indian classical dancing, for it looks like "philosophising in dances". Indian music interests him, but he can't enjoy it.

After a casual discussion of European literature, he remarked, "I am surprised how much more you people know about European literature than we do".

While in Bombay the visitor will meet the Premier Mr. B. G. Kher.

Good Procurement

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3. (PTI): Latest figures of grain procurement show that as against a procurement target of 42,40,000 tons for the current year, a little over 37,00,000 tons had been procured by Provinces and States till the middle of October Procurement is still in progress.

Of the total quantity procured about 6,77,000 tons are in rabi grains and the balance in kharif grains Procurement for the rabi grains start in April and for the kharif crop in November.

World Pacifist Meeting

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3. (PTI): In connection with the forthcoming world pacifist meeting to be held in Santiniketan in December next, a reception committee has been formed with leading citizens of Calcutta as well as representatives of different organisations, and institutions with the Maharani of Mayurbhanj as Chairman.

Academy Scholarship

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3.
The Rajah of Jamkhandi, Rajasaheb Shrimati Shri Parashuramrao Patvardhan, has donated Rs. 1,00,000 for a scholarship, to be given to a deserving cadet at the National Defence Academy. The gift, the first of its kind, is in memory of the donor's grand father and is meant to help a cadet who cannot afford to meet the expenses at the Academy.

Anti-Excommunication Bill Is Now Law

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The Bill to prohibit ex-communication in the Province of Bombay has received the assent of the Governor. The law has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette of November 1, 1949

Cardinal Francesco Dies Of Heart Failure

VATICAN CITY, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Cardinal Francesco Marmaggi, 73-year old prefect of the Sacred Congregation of the Councils died here of heart failure.

Pope Pius XII is expected next month to restore the College of Cardinals to its full strength of 70 The number of the cardinals of the Catholic Church is now 54.

International Shipping Conference

LONDON, November 3. (P.T.I.-Reuter): A meeting of the International Shipping Conference will be held in London on November 8 and 9

Mr. M. A. Master, who arrived here today from India, will attend the conference as the representative of the National Steamships Companies Association.

One of the important questions expected to be discussed at the Conference is interpretation of the clause in international shipping agreement against "flag discrimination"

WRATH OF KARACHI CUSTODIAN

Standing Crops Also Allotted!

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, Nov. 3:— A deputation of the 63 Hindu zamindars of Nawabshah (Sind), who very recently were deprived of their lands along with the standing crops under the Evacuee Properties Ordinance, waited on the Sind Premier Mr. Yusuf Haroon to represent their grievances.

The deputationists pointed out to the Sind Premier that many of the zamindars whose properties had been taken over by the Custodian, and allotted to Muslim refugees along with the crops standing on these lands, had decided to stay on in Pakistan and were actually living in their ancestral homes. The other point stressed by the deputationists was that the order of the custodian depriving them of the standing crops was most arbitratory and therefore must be withdrawn immediately.

Mr. Haroon assured the deputationists that he himself was totally against the policy of allotting standing crops to the Muslim refugees along with the lands and had, in this connection, addressed two letters to the Pakistan authorities.

In the presence of the deputationists, the Sind Premier phoned Khwaja Shahbuddin, Pakistan's Rehabilitation Minister, but was told that orders allotting standing crops to the refugees could not be withdrawn as otherwise the Government would have to spend a lot on maintenance of those refugees till they were able to reap another crop.

The deputationists, therefore, returned broken-hearted and are now said to be contemplating migrating to India.

Power To Acquire Sugar Stocks

BOMBAY, Thursday.
The Government of Bombay has issued the Bombay Sugar (Regulation of Disposal and Acquisition) Order, 1949, so as to enable the District Magistrates in the Province to freeze and acquire stocks of sugar, whenever it is considered necessary to do so. The Mamlatdar and Rationing Officers in the districts have also been empowered to issue freezing orders.

Provincial Education Council

BOMBAY, Thursday.
A meeting of the Provincial Education Council was held today afternoon in the Committee Room at the Secretariat. Mr. B. G. Kher presided. Among those present were Mahamahopadhyaya D. V. Potdar, Dr. D. R. Gadgil, Principal M. T. Vyas, and other officials and non-officials.

The Council reviewed the activities of the Boards which have been set up to deal with the various aspects of primary and secondary education. These Boards included Board of Physical Education, Board of Technical and Industrial Education, Board of Secondary Education, Board of Primary Education and Board of Hindustani Education.

Cotton-Growers To Meet Here

BOMBAY, Thursday.—A two-day conference of representatives of Provincial and State Governments from principal cotton-growing areas will take place in Bombay on Sunday, November 6, to discuss measures relating to cotton control for the year 1949-50.

TODAY'S RADIO

FRIDAY, Nov 4.
BOMBAY—A
244 m. (1,231 kc/s) and 31.41 m (9,550 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Patit tu ppawana (Abhang) 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Gottuvadyam Par Lalit By P. Swami 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Sundaram Krut Geeto by Amritlal 8-45 News (G).
244 m. (1,231 kc/s) and 41.44 m. (72.40 kc/s)
12-45 p.m. Sarang Rang 12-50 Amrit Lal (G. Geet) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 L. Concert.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s), 31.41 m. (9.50 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m., 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.
5-0 p.m Khayal Jaishree by Rajabhau Deo 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Rajabhau Kokje (Khayal Vilambit aur Drut: Thumri) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Violin Duet by G. G. Kharadkar and S. K. Thakrey 7-30 Gujarati Geeto 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Cross Keys Led by Dhun Nasikvala Popular dance music) 10-30 Harry James and Orchestra.

BOMBAY—B
353 m. (850 kc/s) and 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Alap Aur Dhamar by R. Ramnathkar 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Kanna Bhajan by G. S. Vellapurkar
353 m. (850 kc/s) and 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
12-15 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Selection from 'Chhaya' (Bhavgeet) 1-10 Garbi Geeto 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Mahila Mandal.
353 m. (850 kc/s), 41.44 m (7,240 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m., 61.98 m. (4,840 kc/s) from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.
5-0 p.m. As in Bombay—A 5-30 Ameer Baksh (Raag Gauti on Sarangi) 5-45 G. S. Yellapurkar (Bhavgeets) 6-0 Gujarati Songs by Gulbhai Vyas 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Song from Stage 8-30 Talk in Marathi by P. R. Lele 8-45 Jaltarang Par Basant By S. V. Patwardhan 9-0 Vimal Chorghade (Khambewati) 9-15 Surendra Nath Bali (Sitar) 9-30 Swar Mudrika 9-45 Sociologist looks at history decline of Social morality: Talk by L. B. Kenny 10-0 "Vishwamitri" Roopak by C. Mehta 10-30 R. C Mehta.

BARODA
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Bansari Par Bhairavin by B. Thakar 7-40 Vyayam Shikshan (Physical jerks) 7-45 As in Ahmedabad 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Balkrishna Marathe (Gat Aoda on Tabla) 8-30 Ragdari 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Songs from Screen 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Ramzankhan Chhotekhan (Sarangi par Mishra Rhun) 6-20 Mashrur Ahmed Ghazal) 6-30 Gramjano Mate 7-0 Geet Gunjan 7-15 Puriano Ek Prakar (Dilruba) 7-30 Mashrur Ahmed (H. songs) 7-45 Apano Prant (G) 8-0 Noorjahan 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Sarangi Duet (Raag Shyam Kalyan) 8-45 Prachin Bhajano 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Bharatiya Sangeet 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD
326.1 m. (920 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. As in Baroda 7-40 Vyayam Shikshan (from Baroda) 7-45 A. K. Khan (Rag gavan) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Sitar Par Komal Ashavari (Ambalal Satari) 8-30 Manilal Raval (Bhajan) 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-20 Geet Lahari 6-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Manilal Raval (Geeto) 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 p.m. Bhakti Geeto 7-45 Apano Prant (G) 8-0 Ambalal Satari (Sitar par Khurbala Durga) 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Manilal Raval (Bhajano) 8-45 Rag Vaividhy 9-0 News (E) 9-15 As in Baroda 9-30 A. K. Khan (Raag gayan).

THE WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 3. (PTI): The following is the weather summary for Thursday, November, 3:—

Conditions are favourable for the setting in of the northeast monsoon along the Coromandel coast. Thundershowers have been widespread in Malabar and occurred locally in the south Konkan, the Madras Deccan and the north Madras coast. A few thundershowers have been reported from the south Bombay Deccan and southeast Madras.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL FRIDAY EVENING: Fairly widespread thunder-rain is likely along and near the Coromandel coast. Local thundershowers will occur in the interior of southeast Madras and in south Malabar. A few thundershowers are also likely in Mysore and the extreme south of the Deccan.

Night temperatures will fall in Gujarat and the Bombay Deccan.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT: An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentral region south of Kurile Islands in the Pacific, about 4,700 miles away from Poona was recorded by the seismographs in ehe Mteorological Office Poona at 6-54 a.m. I.S.T. on Thursday.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from October 1 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. I.S.T. on November 3:—

Ahmednagar	95	72	0	0.3	0	
Ahmednagar	90	63	0	1.5	minus	0.8
Bangalore	80	65	0	9.7	plus	3.3
Baroda	95	64	0	0.1	minus	1.8
Belgaum	85	67	0	0.9	minus	4.2
Banaras	81	57	0	2.7	plus	0.5
BOMBAY	84	77	0	1.3	minus	1.3
Calcutta	85	75	0	3.6	minus	1.1
Cochin	87	75	0.4	10.9	minus	3.8
Delhi	84	54	0	0.1	minus	0.4
Hyderabad	87	61	0	0.8	minus	2.0
Indore	84	57	0	4.5	plus	3.2
Jubbulpore	83	52	0	6.0	plus	4.1
Madras	87	75	0	3.8	minus	10.1
Mahableshwar	77	65	0.4	3.3	minus	3.3
Mysore	82	68	0	0.1	plus	2.8
Nagpur	87	60	0	6.7	plus	4.4
Patna	—	64	0	3.3	plus	1.0
Poona	90	66	0	1.6	minus	2.1
Rajkot	96	68	0	0.2	minus	0.3
Shillong	71	46	0	4.4	minus	2.9
Sholapur	92	62	0	1.6	minus	1.7
Trivandrum	87	73	1.1	7.3	plus	4.5.

INDO-PAKISTAN TRADE

Adverse Balance Reduced

SIMLA, Nov. 3, (PTI): The total value of goods exported through various land custom stations in East Punjab to West Punjab and Bahawalpur State during the month of September, 1949, was Rs. 62,57,000 as against Rs. 57,14,000 during the previous month, says an official announcement.

The value of goods imported into India was Rs. 63,71,000 compared with Rs. 111,71,000 in August.

The adverse balance during September was consequently Rs. 1,14,000 as compared with Rs. 54,57,000 in the previous month. From the midnight of October 10, trade with Western Pakistan is more or less at a standstill, on account of trade restrictions

UPLIFT OF BACKWARD CLASSES ESSENTIAL

Mr. Tapase's View

BOMBAY, Thursday.
Unless the outstanding disabilities, such as ignorance, poverty and social inequality, of the backward classes, which formed a considerable portion of the population, were banished, there was no hope for the country to prosper, observed Mr G. D Tapase, Minister for Rehabilitation, Backward Classes and Fisheries, addressing a conference of social workers and district officers of Banaskantha district, at Palanpur, yesterday.

The Minister was on tour of the newly formed districts of Gujarat.

Mr. Tapase was sure that the day was not far off when members of the backward classes would be brought to the level of others, but added that a little united effort on all sides was needed to achieve this goal.

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* JAIRAJ
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BROADWAY
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat. Sun. 12-30
From Sat. at CENTRAL AHMEDABAD

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

SPECIAL TENDER FOR COTTON TEXTILE PIECE GOODS CANVAS/DUCK AND YARN

Tenders are invited from Licenced Cloth and Yarn dealers and bonafide Exporters for the purchase and removal of surplus Cotton Textile piece goods of various kinds and yarn:—

(i) Piece Goods	19,13,071 yards.
(ii) Yarn 5/9½s Olive Green	14,36,581 lbs.
(iii) Canvas and Duck	1,25,520 yards (Open to all).

Tenders should be submitted separately for cloth, yarn and Canvas Duck on the prescribed forms which can be had from the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Section ADV, Bombay and from the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set each (non-refundable) by Cash/Money Order Tender forms contain full particulars of stores, their location and reserve prices, instructions to tenderers, date of receipt and opening of tender, conditions of sale and inspection permit.

The sale is subject to the General Conditions of Contract 'COC' 117. Tenderers are required to pay 10% of the value of the stores tendered as Earnest Money Deposit. The stores are sold on 'as is where is' basis. This office reserves the right to withdraw whole/part of the items of the stores offered for sale. Purchasers will be required to pay 1% of the sale value of the stores as stamping charges for cloth and Canvas/Duck, and for yarn @ 1-4-0 per bale and Re. 1/- per case.

Quotations in respect of items (i) and (ii) from other than Licenced Cloth and Yarn Dealers will not be entertained. Export of the Materials will be recommended if desired by the purchasers.

Tender for Cloth should bear No. CXD/AT-1 (A & B), for yarn No: XD/AT-8 (Yarn) and for Canvas/Duck No. CXD/AT-9 (C & D) and should be superscribed prominently on separate covers.

Last date for receipt of tenders:

Tender No.	Date of Receipt.	Date of Public opening and time	Offers to be kept open
CXD/AT-1 (A & B)	28-11-1949	29-11-1949 at 11-30 A.M.	29-12-1949
CXD/AT-8 (Yarn)	29-11-1949	30-11-1949 at 11-30 A.M.	30-12-1949
CXD/AT-9 (C & D)	21-11-1949	22-11-1949 at 11-30 A.M.	22-12-1949

Tenders should be addressed to the Textile Commissioner, Disposals Branch, Ground Floor, Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay No. 1.

Issued by
THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER TO THE
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (Disposals), BOMBAY.

A.C. 98.

The Pulse Of The City

COOLER? Slightly cooler nights are forecast by the weatherman. Fine weather, too, though there are going to be "thundery conditions over the Ghats in the evening." Thursday continued to be warmer: max. 94 (plus four) and min. 77 (plus 3).

INTERNAL: Ramchandra Balvant Borade, 20, tried to jump into a bus at Dadar Wednesday, fell and was injured. At KEM Hospital tincture of iodine was applied to the wounds, they were dressed, and the youth was asked to go home and rest. No sooner had he reached home than he collapsed. Grave internal injuries which the medical attendant did not suspect are believed to be the reason.

SHOPLIFTERS: Chief Presidency Magistrate Oscar Brown Thursday allowed bail to Ramdayal Dayaprasad, alleged shoplifters, who were arrested Wednesday. They are believed to be the leaders of a gang which has the Mulji Jetha Market as its theatre of operations.

THIEF: She wrapped her gold ornaments (worth Rs. 1,715) in a silk handkerchief and deposited it in a safe place in her Kolabawadi house. Next morning, they were gone when she had gone out to collect water from a tap The Colaba police is now hunting for the man who robbed young Nanibai Eknath.

IN THE DEAD OF NIGHT: At Duncan Road, Abdul Haji Latif's house was broken open at midnight and Rs. 2,000 in cash and Rs. 1,315 in watches were stolen. The Agripada police is on the hunt.

HOARDING: M. S. Irani, owner of a Thakurdwar hotel, was arrested Wednesday on a charge of selling 3½ pounds of sugar for Rs. 7-7. A search resulted in the seizure of 84 pounds of sugar and 108 pounds of rice. Mr. J. M. Barot released him Thursday on a bail of Rs. 2,000.

COMPLICITY: On a charge of complicity in the theft of cloth worth Rs. 4,000, Ramprasad Gupta was arrested Tuesday. Six others had already been seized in this connection, according to the police, and cloth worth Rs. 4,500 recovered. Gupta was allowed bail.

ILLICIT: Shivram Shankar of Dombivli was arrested by the GIP Railway police at Masjid Road station for allegedly importing 15 bottles of illicit liquor, Wednesday.

DEAD: Shahjanbai Nazeer, 17, who sustained burns while making chapatis died Wednesday in the J.J. Hospital.

FIZZLES: Only a handful of the Textile Commissioner's Office workers stayed out of the one-day's token strike. It was called by the Staff Union to protest against the retrenchment policy of the Government.

FIRE: In ten minutes the Bombay City Fire Brigade put out the fire that broke out in the waste cotton depot of Tata Mills, Dadar Road, Thursday morning. Only a small quantity was burnt.

RUN OVER: An unknown citizen of Bombay, about 35, was knocked down by a GIP local at Masjid on Wednesday and died before admission to a hospital.

OUR BIHAR NEWSLETTER

10-DAY CONGRESS WORKERS' CAMP

Fillip To Revival Of Active Work

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA (By Mail).

THE Congress Workers' Camp at Gandhinagar is humming with life where Congress workers, leaders and Ministers of the Government are leading a 10-day camp life from October 24.

From all points of view the workers and the leaders will get an inspiration. Congress work will be renewed with full vigour when they go to their respective places in the province on termination of their camp life.

The conference was been addressed by leaders like Acharya Kripalani, Sri Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary, Indian National Congress, Sri R K. Patil, India's Food Commissioner and Dr. Sinha, Bihar Premier.

Mr. J. B. Kripalani's speech on 'the Economics of Khadi' was striking. While tracing the growth of khadi and its gradual development culminating in its wide popularisation, he said that it might sound queer that when khadi fabrics cost more than mill calico why did people accept it for their national garb.

Clarifying economic implication, he said that the industry would flourish only when it was protected from hard competition—cut throat competition—from competing industries from countries where it had more favourable conditions for growth and development.

Another illuminating speech was delivered by Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress, in which he discussed the relationship between the Ministry, Servicemen and Congressmen. Mr. Deo affirmed that there could be no constitutional relations between the Congress as a party and the Congress as a Government. The Cabinet was responsible to the legislature and the latter to the electorates

TRAINING FOR PEOPLE

Mr. Deo said that people should have to undergo a rigid discipline and training towards democracy. Democracy was never a dogma but a way of life and attitude, he added. As Rome was never built in a single day our democracy cannot be built overnight and we have to wait and watch with patience.

NEW RAILWAY LINKS

In a strongly-worded communication the Government of Bihar, it is understood, have written to the Centre on the necessity of constructing Dauram Dadhipura-Murliganj link, the construction of which will give all the year round communication for the Sajaul and Saharsa-Dauram Madhepura line for which the railway Ministry had demanded financial guarantee from the provincial Government to undertake the project. This project is of vital importance for North Bihar. According to the traffic survey report this line, if constructed would result in a annual loss of Rs. 2.07 per cent on a capital of Rs 13.79 lakhs.

It may be interesting to note that even the General Manager of the O.T. Railway had given his opinion in favour of this project where he is reported to have observed. The project should be considered not on financial grounds only but chiefly for the welfare of the thickly populated area. It will open up, as a connection which may prove useful in forwarding construction materials to the proposed Kosi Dam in Nepal. A serious drawback to the development of this fertile area is that during rains from June to November, the section Saharsa—Supal and Saharsa—Dauram Madhepura are entirely cut off. Stabilisation of Mansi-Koparia section will entail heavy expenditure. After the construction of Dauram—Madhepura —Murliganj link, all the year round communication will be available for Saharsa and Supaul and Dauram Madhepura lines.

MICA PRICES

Mica prices have suddenly gone up by 40 per cent here. The general slump in the mica trade has vanished and new companies for operating mines and factories are springing up in large numbers. Devaluation is ascribed to the rise in prices

It may be mentioned here that the U.S.A. is the main purchaser of mica and the States Government has placed huge orders for the supply of various qualities of Indian Mica.

It is to be noted that Indian Mica has practical monopoly in the world market, being supplier of 80 per cent of the world's total needs. This has come as a boon to the mica trade in Bihar.

'MISS A MEAL MOVEMENT'

Rajen Babu's Blessings

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (PTI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, in a message to Mr. Jag Pravesh Chandra, organiser of the All-India "Miss a meal a week movement", has wished the movement all success.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said: "I am glad that 'Miss a meal movement' is going to be launched soon. It is a movement of self-help which indicates the determination of every individual participating in it to solve the food problem by a concerted move on the part of the people of this country. It is essentially a popular movement which does not depend upon Government support or foreign import or even on the success of the 'grow more food campaign'. It aims at wiping out the deficit in spite of all difficulties by a self-denying ordinance on the part of the people at large. I wish it all success".

EXEMPTION FROM LAND REVENUE

E. Punjab States Union Minister's Announcement

PATIALA, Nov. 3 (PTI): Cultivators whose crops were damaged by floods in July last have been exempted by the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Government from the payment of land revenue.

This was announced by the Revenue Minister at a meeting in the village of Kalvan held to celebrate the 74th birthday of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister.

Congress Legislators To Meet

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (PTI)—A meeting of the Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly will be held on November 13, 1949, at 4 p.m. in the Constitution House to discuss the draft constitution.

SERIOUS BOAT DISASTER

BHAGALPUR, Nov. 3 (UPI)—Four persons lost their lives in a serious boat disaster in the mid-Ganges near Bhagalpur town this morning when a boat carrying about forty passengers, men, women and children suddenly capsized. Several other passengers were brought out of water. Five of them are lying in hospital in a precarious condition.

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Colleges Go Rural

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay has decided not to open new primary training colleges in urban areas. It will endeavour to shift the existing ones in cities and at district headquarters to rural areas. The Government thinks that as primary school teachers, in a vast majority of cases, are required to work in rural areas, it is necessary that they should be trained in surroundings similar to those in which they would be called upon to work.

In consonance with this policy, it has been decided that the Government will not recognise any new primary training college located in an urban area. In order to assist the managements of the non-Government colleges to shift their colleges to rural areas, the Director of Public Instruction has been instructed to see whether local high school buildings cannot be utilized outside the school hours for the pupose.

LANGUAGE EXPERTS MEETING ENDS

Constitutional Terms In Hindi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (UPI): The conference of language experts of the major languages of India called by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly of India, met for four days from October 30 to November 2 under the chairmanship of Shri Ghansham Singh Gupta, Speaker of the C. P. and Berar Legislative Assembly.

The committee considered about 500 constitutional terms appearing in the English text of the constitution and their Hindi translation, and adopted equivalents acceptable to the representatives of all the languages.

The committee, it is learnt, made good progress in evolving a common vocabulary of technical and constitutional terms for the whole of the country and adjourned to meet again on November 25.

CONGRESS WORKS FOR PEOPLE

Saurashtra Minister's Election Speech

PALITANA, Nov. 2 (PTI)—Mr. U. N. Dheber, Chief Minister of Saurashtra, said here today that the Congress was striving for the betterment of the lot of all sections of the people. The Congress fought against British imperialism only for the uplift of the downtrodden, he said.

Mr. Dheber, who addressing an election meeting said that some "selfish elements" were still going on the old path of exploitation. But, he said, they could be brought round by the non-violent path shown by Gandhiji.

30 HOUSES GUTTED IN NAGASAKI BLAZE

Damage Estimated At 60 Million Yen

TOKYO, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Thirty houses in downtown Nagasaki were destroyed last night by a fire which caused damage estimated at 60 million yen.

The blaze raged for two hours before firemen got it under control.

Two firemen and one other person were injured.

Authorities are investigating the cause of the blaze.

Madras Safety Act Upheld

MADRAS, Nov. 3 (UPI): The validity of the Madras Maintenance of Public Order Ordinance No. 4 of 1949 was upheld by Their Lordships Justice P. Govinda Menon and Justice Basheer Ahmed Sayeed, in the Madras High Court today.

Their Lordships held that the act of promulgating an ordinance having retrospective effect was "intra vires" of the powers of the Governor.

Their Lordships delivered this judgment on a preliminary objection raised by a counsel for petitioners in a batch of "Habeas Corpus" applications preferred on behalf of 30 detenus questioning the validity of their detention, on the plea that the Madras Maintenance of Public Order Act 1 of 1947 had automatically expired on March 12, 1948 and neither its extension by a notification nor the promulgation of the later ordinance No. 4 of 1949 was held.

In separate but concurring judgments, Their Lordships observed that having regard to the fact that in the other batch of cases the High Court had held that Section 3 (B) of Act 1 of 1949 was valid, it would not be said that the arrest and detention of the petitioners subsequent to March 12, 1948 were without any legal foundation.

They also directed that these petitions be disposed of on the footing that Ordinance 4 of 1949 was applicable to them.

The petitions will be heard on November 10.

POLICE FIRING ON NEPALESE

Katmandu's Explanation

KATMANDU, Nov. 3 (UPI): The Government of Nepal in a press note has characterised the report of alleged police firing on Nepali Congress workers as "quite contrary to facts."

The Government press note gives the following version of the incident of September 18, on the Indo-Nepal border:—

"On the morning of Sunday, September 18, 1949, at about 8 a.m., a part of six Nepalese police were making a customary patrol on the Nepal side of the Nepal-India border near the village Jharokhar, when they saw and arrested some members of a body which has been declared unlawful throughout Nepal and who had trespassed into Nepalese territory for illegal activities. One member of the gang, who was identified to be one Kedar Man Byathit, and who was also on the Nepalese side of the border, fired six rounds from a pistol which he carried and injured a policeman in the left arm and elbow and both thighs.

"The injured policeman who fell down was then severely beaten. The arrested persons all ran away to the Indian side of the border. The Nepalese police party was entirely unarmed. The members of the police party recognised many of the riders who numbered eight. Investigation and needed action are in progress."

HEAVY RAINS IN MUZZAFARPUR

Loss Estimated To Be Over Ten Lakhs Of Rupees

MUZZAFARPUR, Nov. 3 (PTI): Continuous heavy rains during the last weekend have done considerable damage to food crops, according to reports reaching here from different parts of the district.

The loss, the reports added, is estimated to be over rupees ten lakhs.

The paddy crop which was fit for harvesting has been severely damaged and wheat and maize crops are submerged under water.

DEMARCATION OF CEASE-FIRE LINE COMPLETED

3 MONTHS' WORK IN KASHMIR

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (UPI).

THE United Nations Control Headquarters in Srinagar and Rawalpindi announced today that the demarcation of the cease-fire line for the State of Jammu and Kashmir has been completed.

Thus the terms of the agreement reached in Karachi on July 27 by military representatives of India and Pakistan, involving not only demarcation of the line but also extensive troop adjustments along a wide front, have been fulfilled.

According to the Karachi agreement, the cease-fire line, accepted on a one-inch map, was to be verified on the ground by local commanders with the assistance of U.N. observers "so as to eliminate any no-man's land". Further, in the event local commanders were unable to reach agreement, the matter was to be referred to the Commission's Military Adviser, Lt. Gen. Delvoie, whose decision was to be final.

800 MILES

The actual demarcation of the line on the ground, extending over some 800 miles of territory from Manawar in the south, north to Keran, thence east to the Glacier area, took almost three months, from August 1 to October 31. To carry out this task, U.N. military observers and local commanders divided their work into eight sectors: Manawar, Kotli, Poonch, Uri, Tithwal, Keran, Gurais and Kargil. Each sector was surveyed by a team consisting of a local commander of India, a local commander of Pakistan and a U.N observer The ground was covered by foot, pony and jeep; in the glacier areas of the north long detours became necessary, causing unavoidable delays.

There were also numerous negotiations on details which could not be settled on the one-inch map used and accepted in Karachi. Therefore, although the Karachi agreement provided that all movements of troops were to be completed within a 30-day period, the two high commands agreed to extend the period until the end of October. The withdrawal and forward movements of troops adjusting to the new cease-fire line, especially south of the Kishanganga River in the north, were accomplished without incident.

The Commission's Military Adviser was called upon to give decisions in the regions of Kambah, Hajira-Kotli-Uri, Tumari-Gali, Gurais, Marpola, Kargil and Khor.

SUPPLEMENT

As a supplement to the Karachi agreement, the two high commands have also agreed to the following definition of breaches of a cease-fire:

1. Crossing of the cease-fire line;
2. Firing and use of explosives within five miles of the cease-fire line without prior warning to the military observers;
3. New wiring or mining of position;
4. Re-enforcing of existing defensive position with men or war-like stores;
5. Forward movement from the outside into the State of Jammu and Kashmir of any war-like stores, equipment and personnel other than reliefs and maintenance;
6. Flying of aircraft over the other side's territory.

EDUCATION BASED ON SOCIAL ORDER

Dr. Mookerjee Outlines Democratic Ideal

MYSORE, Nov. 3 (PTI).

DR. SYAMA PRASAD MOOKERJEE, India's Minister for Industry and Supply, declared here today that university education in India, already inadequate before the transfer of power, had become more so in the context of freedom.

"We have now a wider conception of the duties and responsibilities of universities, because we are faced with great problems, social, economic and political", he said.

Dr. Mookerjee, who was addressing the Convocation of the University of Mysore said that the system of education had to be related to a new conception of social order. Education had to be moulded according to the ideal laid down in the preamble of the new Constitution which "secures to all citizens justice, liberty, equality and fraternity". University education must have a broader objective for the acquisition of economic independence raising the standard of living of the people and the attainment of one common nationhood. Universities had also to help in attaining self-sufficiency in food and relieving the country from want, disease and ignorance

UNITY IN DIVERSITY

Universal adult education, Mr Mookerjee said, had assumed great significance. Adult franchise and adult education must go together. "Since we are going to have the former, we must soon provide for the latter. Universities and their alumni cannot grow in isolation. They form an integral part of a progressive community and must reflect the highest aspirations of the people".

Universities had a big responsibility in promoting cultural unity among the people. It was culture that held together society and gave the individual balance and perspective. It should be the endeavour of the universities to create that unity in diversity which had been the keynote of India's civilisation.

Referring to the place of students in politics, Mr Mookerjee said students should not be swayed by "political cliques and anarchical elements which want to exploit them for their own purposes."

SPECIAL FEATURES

Stating that universities had to provide leadership in politics and administration, the professions, industry and commerce, Dr. Mookerjee stressed the need for developing special features of education like agricultural, technical, architectural and vocational education.

Facilities should be provided for post-graduate training and research. Universities should dispassionately and critically study social problems and offer remedies for their solution Co-ordination of research activities among universities on a voluntary basis was also necessary.

Nearly three quarters of the people in India, Dr. Mookerjee said, were engaged in agricultural pursuits and yet rural India as a whole was "sunk in poverty and backwardness." The existing facilities to promote agricultural study were both inadequate and defective. The University Education Commission had recommended to the Government that agricultural education should be recognised as a major national issue. The study of agriculture, he added, in primary, secondary and higher education should be given high priority.

Education in engineering and technology, Dr. Mookerjee added, was equally inadequate. The need for technical personnel in the country had been estimated at nearly 27,000 during the next five to ten years. The out-turn of India's engineering colleges was about 1,100 every year.

This gap could be filled, Dr. Mookerjee said, by implementing the recommendations of the Committee for higher technological institutions which included setting up of four higher technical institutions, in the north, the south, the west and the east zones of the country. This recommendations had been accepted and plans for the establishment of two such institutions, in West Bengal and Bombay were already under preparation.

VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

Referring to vocational guidance for young men, he said that there should be no "overcrowding in any branch of studies while others suffer from a dearth of men". Vocational guidance should not only be able to bring about a more equitable distribution of available resources and talents but also give a correct lead to the alumni in respect of the course of study they should pursue in their early careers. Failure to tackle this problem, he said, would result in national loss in the matter of wastage in human energy and money. Education for women, Dr. Mookerjee said, need not necessarily be the same as for men.

There were ways in which women's interests in appropriate fields of work differed from those of men. Teaching profession, social and welfare work, nursing and like pursuits were specially suited to them.

FINANCIAL POSITION

The financial position of the universities, Dr. Mookerjee said, was far from satisfactory. In most cases universities were working in a deficit budget. A remedy for it must be found if university education was to progress on right lines. Financial help, however, in no case should lead to any restriction of the independent outlook of the universities. Although it was true that education was the obligation of the State, State aid should not be confused with State control.

Mr. Mookerjee told the outgoing students that their education would never be complete unless they enriched it by experience. They should not be cowed down by temporary difficulties, however great. He advised them to "face them with manly courage" "In struggle only, there is the joy of living."

Earlier, Dr. Mookerjee paid a tribute to the rulers of Mysore State who knew that their future lay in the progress of the people. He revealed that the Government had decided to establish in Mysore the new machine tool factory which would be owned and controlled by the Government of India.

R. S. S. Leader's Tribute To Sardar Patel

NASIK, Nov. 3 (PTI): About a thousand R.S.S. volunteers last evening saluted the Sangh's ochre coloured flag in observance of "guru dakshina" and "vijaya dashmi" day Mr. Appaji Joshi, Chief Secretary of the R.S.S. presided.

Mr. Joshi said the 'sangh' was open to all and that R.S.S. volunteers were free to join any political party they wished.

He paid tributes to India's Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel as "the greatest statesman of our time in India" and drew pointed attention to Sardar Patel's birthday message emphasising the need for co-operation among all people.

FORTHCOMING ELECTIONS

Dr. Prasad Reminds People's Responsibility

RANCHI, Nov. 3, (UPI):

THE formal relations which India still had with the British would come to an end in course of a few months when free India's Constitution would be adopted, said Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Constituent Assembly, addressing a public meeting at Bari park last night.

He added that new elections would be held in a about a year's time and various parties would be forthcoming to fight the election some with limited programme of betterment of their own castes, community or province and some with All-India programme for the benefit of all people residing in the country. The New Constitution, he said, had given a great responsibility to the people by the introduction of adult franchise.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad explained that adult franchise meant that every man and woman of 21 years age and above and who were not insane, would be eligible to vote.

Continuing Dr. Rajendra Prasad reminded the people of the responsibility which had fallen upon them after August 15 1947, when through 'tapasya' of Mahatma Gandhi and sacrifice of the people, India achieved freedom and the Britishers left the country, handing over full powers to Indian leaders He said, as free citizens every individual had the responsibility to make the country strong and happy and to extend his helping hand to the Government in shaping the destiny of the country

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, continuing asked people to search their hearts and judge whether they had fulfilled their duties and discharged their responsibilities as free citizens He did not mind criticism against the Government, but, he said, criticism must be with a view to helping the Government

Concluding Dr Prasad said if India had to be made strong and happy the backward tribes must be brought educationally, economically and culturally at par with other people residing in the country

Earlier, Shri Jagjiwan Ram, Labour Minister, Government of India, deplored the habit of making as much profit as possible, which had developed among some people He held the general people also equally responsible for blackmarketing and corruption now rampant and appealed to them to rise to the occasion and extend their full co-operation in making the country prosperous

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALES

1 PLACE OF AUCTION: Jubbulpore, Salvage Sub Depot, C.O.D.
DATE AND TIME: 16th, 17th, & 18th November, 1949 (Wednesday, Thursday & Friday) at 10 A.M

PLACE OF DELIVERY: C. O. D., Jubbulpore.
STORES: Surplus—Steel Wire Brushes with Brass Body, 6000 Nos.; Wooden Post's Pickets, 5', 309,984 Nos; Hubs Wheel Martin Parry, 262 Nos, Chambers made of Brass (Round Shape); Cushions (Rexine) Seat Ambulance Train, 108 Nos; Scotches Large & Small, 3599 Nos; Carts with 2 Iron Shafts, Wheels with Tyres and Tubes, 357 Nos; Covers Breach Rifle No. 2, 150,000 Nos; Tool Bicycle Spanner 20,000 Nos; Swivel Poles, 30,000 Nos; Steel Cart Transport, 30,000 Nos; Bicycle Tool Bags, 12,000 Nos; Straps with Buckles, 50,000 Nos; Bars Curricle Steel 50,000 Nos; Thrust Roller Bearings 9 mm x 40 x 23 (1532 Nos.) and 100 mm x 55 x 21 (728 Nos.); Large quantities of Bicycle Parts; Fabricated Steel Items; Gun Metal & Brass Components of Gun Carriages & Bullock Carts, etc., of special interest to Iron and Hardware Merchants.

N.B.—Intending purchasers may assemble at 9-30 A.M. on 15th and 16th November, 1949, at the main gate of C.O.D Jubbulpore to be escorted in for viewing the surplus stores

AUCTION OF SALVAGE STORES to follow:—Jerseys, Cardigans, Tentage, Razais, Woollen Rags, Perrous and Non Perrous Scrap, Cardboard Scrap, etc., in large quantities.

2 PLACE OF AUCTION: Chheoki, (Allahabad), C.O.D.
DATE AND TIME:
23rd to 26th November, 1949 (Wednesday to Saturday) at 10 A.M.
STORES: Surplus—Large quantities of Hand Tools for Carpenters, Blacksmiths and Workshops; Shovels small, 20,000 Nos; Screws and Washers of Types and Sizes 3/8" to 3"; Pin Keep Split of sizes; Buckles Brass, 23500 Dos., Large quantities of Drill Twists, Steel and Cast Iron Electrodes, Steel Nails, Copper and Steel Rivets; Spanners, Flat Pliers, Iron Soldering, etc., Soap Toilet White Windsor, 137 lacs Cakes; Soap Toilet Good Luck, 3 lacs Cakes, Black Varnish, 14700 Gallons; Paint PFU Drab Camoil Scamic, 24311 Gallons; Khaki Enamel 75000 Gallons; Marking Textiles Black, 14000 Gallons, Anti-Corroaive Red. 22000 Gallons; Steel Tincture of Mythylated, 85000 lbs and Nitre Sweet Spirit of Denatured, 2800 Gallons (Last two items for sale to Permit Holders only) Cloth Emery, 163276 lbs; Dublin, 165000 lbs. Pistol, Rifles Covers and Binoculors and Ammunition Pouches, 225.000 Nos; Helmets Steel, 328,000 Nos, Carriers Implements Entrenching, 120,000 Nos; Haversacks and Packs, 1475000 Nos and other Web Equipment.

3 PLACE OF AUCTION: Chheoki, Vehicles Depot.
DATE AND TIME: 28th & 29th November, 1949 (Monday & Tuesday) at 10 A.M.
STORES: Surplus—Vehicles various types about 200 Nos; such as Trailer Four Wheelers; Trucks Bedford, Chevrolet and Ford, 15 cwts; Motor Cycle, Norton, Ariel; 3 Ton Lorries. Ford & Thorncroft, 7 Ton Lorries Studebaker, and Tractors

4 PLACE OF AUCTION: Raipur (C.P.), E.S.D
DATE AND TIME: 29th & 30th November 1949. (Tuesday & Wednesday) at 10 A.M.
STORES: Surplus—Cable Electric "O 5 pair 40, 10099 Yds; Glasses Screen Welders Clear of various sizes; Grind Stone Mounted Trough, Valves Sluice water Flanged to BSP C 4 402 Nos; Washers Cock, 51552 Nos; Block Pulleys, 233 Nos; Glass Substitute, 4,95 727 Sq ft., Board Shells Ormalised 3, 1/4"; Calcium Chloride, 51 Cwts, Tie Rods of Sizes 24" to 37"; Drills Diamond of sizes, Coils Choke; Conduit Boxes and Fittings; G. I. Bolts and Nuts; Porcelain Conductors, Cistern water 50 Gallons and small, 140 Nos; Nails, 11 cwts
Also following the above auction (46" wide) BANDAGE CLOTH BLEACHED (10,235 Yds.) at MSD on the afternoon of 30th November, '49.

AUCTIONEERS:
1. M/s Ramdas Agarwal & Brothers, Albert Road, Allahabad, will conduct auction No. 1 and 3.
2. M/s Banarasi Dass & Sons, 22 Royal Hotel, Lucknow, will conduct auction No 2.
3. M/s Gopi Chand & Sons, Thatheri Bazar Banaras, will conduct auction No. 4.

IMPORTANT:
1. Conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auction
2. Any stores may be held back from auction.
3. Octroi/Terminal tax where in force, is payable by purchasers.
4. The stores can be viewed 2 days before the date of auction at the depots concerned.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS).
15/240, Civil Lines, KANPUR
AC/RCDK/78.

HOCKEY COMMENCES ON NOVEMBER 5.

Strong Combinations To Assist Most Sides

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Just two days remain for Bombay's popular football venue to be transformed into the head quarters of Hockey and with the B.P.H.A. already active chalking out the seasons programme which is now curtailed to but five months in the year instead of the usual seven, a very busy and lively season lies ahead of hockey enthusiasts.

The Cooperage has now taken on a heavy summerlike crop. The grass has been mowed right down to ground level and it is a pity that a billiard top like surface is not possible like on the old B.P.H.A. ground at Churchgate. This ground which maintained such a surface was the pride of every hockey player this side. Its carpet like surface bewildered visiting sides and now it will be used only for 3 times in the week for Hockey.

Hockey in this City will be spread out on five grounds. Three times a week at the C.C.I., thrice at the old Association ground at Churchgate then at the Parsee Cyclists ground and the Bombay Gymkhana ground.

Thirteen teams have been placed in the Senior Division the change this year is that instead of playing their division matches twice over only one round will be completed—each team playing twelve matches. The teams that will be participating in this division are, St. Xavier's College, last year's champions, Lusitanians, Tatas, last years runners up, Goan Sports, promoted from First Division, G.I.P. Railway, B.B. and C.I. Railway, Bombay Port Trust, Dockyard, Times of India Sports Club, Royal Indian Navy, Young Sports, Maharashtra XI and lastly Bombay City "A" who have gained admission to this senior division due to their ranks being filled with star performers like, the Abraham Brothers, Howard and Andlev: Alexander and Middlecoat, then Ledlie and Ireland and Effie D'Souza of Times and Young Sports fame.

St. Xavier's College the Champions will still have their old outfit. Reggie Rodrigues will once again spearhead their attack while Owen Ferreira will captain the side and hold the attack, Anthony Lobo by far Bombay's best goal-keeper well hold his position under the posts.

B.B. and C.I. Railway have found Kishenlal back in his true Olympic colours and he has an asset in his side with Champaklal from Central India. Lusitanians have tried to scout for new talent but they have had to stick to their old side. Woodcock, Saxby and an addition will be Amir Kumar who replaces Patrick D'Souza in the pivotal position. Some changes are likely in the half lime of this side.

Tata's have this year the added services of Anthony Braganza who had the distinction of performing the hat trick on four occasions last season when assisting Goan Sports. Otherwise the Tata side remains the same.

Dockyard too will manage to bring forward a strong combination with Ivor Abraham, Kuweth Le Febour, Karl, LeFebour, and with one addition, Caesar Gomes the fast Goan winger.

Little is known about the other combinations like Maharashtra, Times of India, G.I.P. Railway and Young Sports but all the teams with their best combinations will make the season a success

The first game on November 5 when the season commences is between G.I.P. Railway and Bombay City at 3-45 p.m. and the second game at 4-45 p.m. is between Goan Sports and Tatas.

ANOTHER SPORTING VENTURE

National Savings Drive To Benefit

POONA, Nov. 3. (P.T.I.).

The National Savings Organisation of Poona, who organised the West Indies vs. West Zone match at Poona last year to popularise the national savings drive have undertaken another sporting venture.

A selected Maharashtra team captained by D. S. Deodhar will play two matches, one at Karwar on November 9 and 10 and the other at Hubli on November 13 and 14. Admission to the matches will be made through national savings stamps.

The Maharashtra Eleven is as follows:—

D. B. Deodhar (Captain), J. G. Navle, B. B. Nimbalkar, M. R. Rege S. G. Palsule, S D. Dhanwade, Y. N. Gokhale, B J. Mohini, P. K. Karoor, V. J. Pawar, S. D. Joshi and R. J. Patil.

JOACHIM KNOCKS OUT MORGAN

LONDON, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter).—Indian middleweight Max Joachim scored a second round knock-out victory over Johnny Morgan of Wales in an eight-round bout at Caledonian Road Baths Hall, here, tonight.

The Indian gave a most impressive display and completely outclassed his opponent. He spent the first round measuring up Morgan and went over to the attack in the second, punching with great power.

Morgan took two counts before Joachim delivered the knockout blow.

The Indian, who is in great demand by promoters will have his next bout at Oxford on November 14 against Ron Bebbington.

ASSAM UNABLE TO STAGE RANJI TROPHY

Indore Finds Financial Burden Too Much

POONA, Nov. 3. (PTI).

The Ranji Trophy sub-Committee of the Board of Control for Cricket in India who recently decided the dates of the match between Bombay and Baroda are faced with another difficulty, this time of fixing the venue of the match between Indore and Assam.

It was originally decided that the match should be played at Assam But now it is learnt that the Assam Cricket Association have approached the committee with a request that the match be played at Indore as arrangements for playing the match at Assam could not be finalised.

Indore on the other hand have informed the committee that they are not in a position to hold the match at Indore as they have already undergone a considerable expenditure on account of the Commonwealth team's fixture last month.

Mr. Pankaj Gupta and Mr. M. G. Bhave, two of the three members of the Ranji Trophy Committee, after considering both the requests came to a conclusion in Bombay this week that the match should be played at Assam.

The Assam Cricket Association, however, have not agreed with the decision and have again referred the matter to the Ranji trophy sub-committee of the Board of Control for Cricket in India.

ARYANS WIN IN SINGAPORE

Indians Defeat Combined Team By 3 Goals To 1

SINGAPORE, Nov. 3. (PTI).

The Indian Football Team (Aryan Gymkhana, Bangalore) beat a Combined European, Eurasian and Indian Eleven by three goals to one here today.

The touring Indian soccer team beat a weak combined European-Eurasian-Indian side by three goals to one here today.

Though winning convincingly, Indians played with little enthusiasm and did not show the skill and fighting qualities of the previous game when they drew with the strong Combined Services.

The whole Indian team turned out in boots for the first time but were never happy on the slippery turf.

The Combined Team although left with ten men in the last ten minutes, rallied but were unable to add to their score.

Indians attacked from the start and scored through centre-forward Vajravelu in the fourth minute.

Five minutes from interval right-winger, Bhimrao took the score to 2-0 with a stinging shot getting his boot squarely to the ball just as it touched the turf off a crosspass from inside left Thomas.

Twelve minutes after the change-over, the Combined Team scored through Eurasian centre-half, Vass, who put the ball into the far corner of the net following a flag kick.

A few minutes later the Combined goalkeeper had to leave the field with a sprained wrist after making a heroic save.

Left with ten men, the Combined Eleven surprised everyone by carrying the game to the Tourists' half but it was for a brief spell. The closing minutes became farcical as the tourists worked rings round the depleted and tired Combined Defence but missed most simple chances of scoring.

Two minutes from time Bhimrao added to the score, turning in a pass from Thomas.

NEW MOON SHINES IN OPENING DAY'S RACE TRIALS

By Our Track Reporter.

The following are the track trials noted at Mahaluxmi:

OUTER TAN

CHHOTI BEGUM (Hanuman) held NO NO NANETTE (Damodar) when concerned in a six furlongs gallop. Timing 1 min. 25½ secs. A nicely trimmed pair.

GAY PILOT (Medhe) did an impressive trial over seven furlongs in 1 min. 38 secs.

SIR GALHAD (Kader) had poor company of CORDIAL (A. Ahmed) when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 25 secs.

PARTING SUMMER (R.B.) and RAMAL (R.B.) moved freely over seven furlongs from 9 to 2 and clocked 1 min. 40 secs.

LERINES (R.B.) moved on tight-reins when sent out with KABIR (Uttam) over four furlongs from 8 to 4. Timing 55½ secs. A winning turn is long overdue to the first-named.

BLACK PAGE (Khandu) was not unduly extended when covering seven furlongs in 1 min. 40½ secs.

MARLOW (Uttam) covered six furlongs at 3/4 pace in 1 min. 26.

STAR SAPHIRE (K. Hassan) KAMMU (Chavan) and MARVEL (Guman) were placed i the order mentioned when covering six furlongs in 1 min 25 secs.

TRUMAN (Chavan) convincingly disposed of FOXBRISSE (K. Hassan) when engaged in a noteworthy seven furlongs trial. He clocked 1 min. 39 secs.

PRIDE OF HINDUSTAN (Khade) and PUT ALL (Kan Singh) were in close order at the end of a six furlongs trial. Timing 1 min. 23 secs The first-named is in fine fettle.

PAPER KING (Khade) clocked 1 min. 23 secs. for a six furlongs trial. Noteworthy.

WINDSOR KNIGHT (Uttam) and LADY CLEOPATRA (R.B.) moved over four furlongs from 6 to 4 and clocked 54½ secs. Both were in hand.

PRINCESS OF HINDUSTAN (Kan Singh), PRINCESS PAKISTAN (R.B) and PARKER PRINCE (Khade) were sent on easy work over six furlongs. The journey was covered in 1 min. 26 secs.

INNER GRASS

MAH-I-NAU (Mahmud) and ZAR (Chavan) covered six furlongs in 1 min. 20 secs.

NEW MOON (Chavan) did a six furlongs gallop in 1 min 19½ secs Excellent.

YEARLING (Mahmud) beat NATURE BOY (Chavan) when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 21 secs. Both are quite fit at the moment.

KOKO BOY (Mahmud), CORONET (Chavan) recorded 1 min. 24½ secs. when negotiating six furlongs. They were in hand.

MAH KHUKSHID (Mahmud) covered the last five furlongs in 1 min 7 secs.

INDIAN PORT (A. Ahmed) KOTIDHWAJ (Shaikh) and MASKED PLAYER (R.B.) made the last five in 1 min. 10 secs. None extended.

TODAY'S SPURTS

LERINS (Khade) outstrode CHANDRAJEET (Uttam) and PELION (Duffy) when covering three furlongs from 7 to 4 in 40 secs.

GANG BHUP (A. Ahmed) showed the way to KING'S STAR (Z. Khan) and ICY HOT (Din Mahomed) when doing a speedy spurt over three furlongs in 37½ secs. The first-named needs watching.

UNTAMED PRINCE (Kasbekar) and FURAT (R.B.) were placed in close order when covering three furlongs in 37½ secs. Both are sure to win early.

BLACK PAGE (Damodar) covered three furlongs in 38 secs.

HIKMET (R.B.) shaped better than MY WILL (K. Hassan) when moving over three furlongs in 38½ secs.

TRUNK CALL (Purtu) covered three furlongs in 37½ secs. Should run well on Saturday.

MA CHERIE (Murad) took 40 secs. for a three furlongs spin.

PARTING SUMMER (Duffy) strode over four furlongs from 8 to 4 and recorded 54 secs.

ACCEPTANCES

The following are the Acceptances for Saturday's Bombay Races:—

THE LYALLPUR PLATE (Div. I)—6 Furlongs.

Princess of Hindustan 9-0, Kotidhwaj 8-12, Ma Cherie 8-7, Torrent 8-7, Furat 8-6, Mirella 8-3, Mah Khurshid 8-2, Blue Arrow 8-2.

THE SION PLATE (Div. II)—6 Furlongs.

Morton Daisy 9-0, Nizamuddin 8-7, Gold Legion 8-7, Makarpura 8-6, King's Star 8-4, Zar 8-2, Hikmet 8-0, Ganga Singh 7-10.

THE BELGAUM PLATE—6 Furlongs.

Koko Boy 8-12, Coronet 8-12, Parker Prince 8-12, Big Boss 8-12, Lerins 8-12, Chandrajeet 8-12, Maniana 8-12, My Will 8-12, Treasure Toy 8-12, Solo Banco 8-12, Reshone 8-12, Macdonald 8-12, Lira Malt 8-12.

THE LONDA PLATE—7 Furs.

Pramila 9-2, Parting Summer 8-0, Near Image 8-13, New Moon 8-7, Raghu 8-5, Quicksand 7-11, Beau Scelerat 7-4.

THE SION PLATE—(Div. I)—6 Furs.

Yearling 9-0, Gang Bhup 8-11, Magnificent 8-11, Tamasha 8-8, Georgette 8-7, Down South 8-4, Vagabond Queen 8-0 Triple Alliance 7-11.

THE PALITANA PLATE—7 Furs.

Truman 9-0, Gay Pilot 8-13, Sweet Maryla 8-12, Pride d'Antibes 8-11, Shah Jahan 8-8, Spring Chicken 8-8, Black Page 8-7, Windsor Knight 8-2, Put All 7-13.

THE LYALLPUR PLATE—(Div. II)—6 Furs.

Princess Pakistan 9-2, No No Nanette 9-0, Lizalee 9-0, Trunk Call 8-13, Steve 8-11, My Pleasure 8-7, Marvel 8-5, Icy Hot 8-1, Traitor 7-9, Khyber 7-2.

Bergmann Surprised By Jayant

NEARLY LOSES A GAME IN EXHIBITION TABLE TENNIS

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Nov. 3 (PTI).

Richard Bergmann, international table tennis champion, this morning very nearly lost his unbeaten record of not conceding a single game to any Indian opponent during his present tour of this country.

In an exhibition match against Jayant of Bengal, he found his opponent claiming point after point until the score stood at 11-20 in favour of Jayant.

Bergmann staged a remarkable recovery and reeled off nine points in a row, conceded one more point, levelled up and ultimately won the game at 24-22.

Jayant lost the match after a gruelling struggle when Bergmann took the next game at 21-18.

Victor Barna former world champion who is accompanying the Bergmann, on their tour also played a series of exhibition matches which were arranged under the auspices of Hyderabad State Table Tennis Association.

Mrs. Bergmann lost her match to 15-year-old Miss Sultana of the Mahboobia Girls School at 7-21, 12-21, in a game which did not rise to great heights.

Barna revelled in his back hand strokes, which rattled many of his opponents, and found no difficulty in defeating Mehkri, a local champion, in two straight games. He also played another match with Chandarana, India's number one, and beat him after being fully extended at 21-14 22-20.

The following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES:

Barna beat Mehkri (Hyderabad) 21-10 21-15. Bergmann beat Jayant (Bengal) 24-22 21-18, Barna beat Chandarana 21-14 22-20 Chandarana beat Jayant 21-18 18-21 21-17. Bergmann beat Barna at 21-18 in an exhibition game.

LADIES SINGLES:

Miss Sultana (Hyderabad) beat Mrs. Bergmann 21-7 21-12.

MIXED DOUBLES:

Miss Rukmani (of Madras) and Barna beat Miss Shah (Hyderabad) and Bergmann 8-21 21-13 21-18.

Victor Barna and Richard Bergmann who are now in Hyderabad, played a number of exhibition matches this evening at the Methodist School in the city.

Jayant of Bengal, who was beaten by Bergmann this morning, suffered a second reverse this evening when he lost to Mehkri, local champion, at 11-21 21-14 17-21.

Jayant who played an aggressive game at varied pace, literally threw away his points by erratic hitting while Mehkri put up a stubborn defence and profitted by Jayant's mistakes.

Bergmann also played a match against Chandarana, the Indian champion in which the latter was beaten by two straight games.

The matches this evening were rounded with two exhibition games between the visiting champion and a member of the audience, and another between Bergmann and Barna.

In one of the games Barna imposed upon himself the handicap that he would receive the balls behind his back. In the other Bergmann played the game seated in a chair and beat his opponent at 21-7.

The following are results of matches played this evening:—

Bergmann beat Altaf (Hyderabad) 21-10 21-8.

Barna beat Asghar (Hyderabad) 21-11 21-11.

Bergmann beat Chandarana 21-9 21-17.

Barna beat Rangaswami (Hyderabad) 21-16 21-13.

Bergmann beat Master Shaw 21-5 21-2.

Mehkri (Hyderabad) beat Jayant of Bengal 21-11 14-21 21-17.

MEN'S DOUBLES: Bergmann and Barna beat Wahid and Mehkri (both of Hyderabad) 21-8 21-12.

LADIES' SINGLES: Miss Rukmani (Madras) beat Miss Leela (Hyderabad) 21-7 21-17 21-12.

WORLD SHOOTING CHAMPIONSHIPS

Opens At Buenos Aires Today

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter):

Juan Peron, President of Argentina, will tomorrow fire the first shot when the World Shooting Championships open here.

Fourteen nations will be represented but among those unable to send teams are Italy, Britain, Greece and Turkey.

Two years ago at Stockholm, Italy won the Helsinki Cup for rapid fire pistol shooting.

Apart from the Argentine's chief interest in the championships is centred on the Swedes, Swiss, Norwegians and Finns.

Among those nationalities the major honours were shared at Stockholm.

United States, Spain, Austria, France, Yugoslavia, Brazil, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay are challenging for the honours.

The formal opening of the Championships which will be announced by a cannon salvo, will include a parade of the teams in alphabetical order and an address by General Sanguinetti, commander-in-chief of the Argentine Army.

Match shooting will commence in the afternoon following a ceremonial luncheon given as a welcome to the visiting teams.

CURTIS CUP GOLF

Alteration In Dates

LONDON, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter).

It was announced by the Ladies Golf Union in London today that the United States Women's Association have altered the date of the International match for the Curtis Cup against Britain from September 1 and 2 to September 4 and 5 next year. The match, as previously arranged, will take place on the Buffalo Course.

Madras Tram Drivers' Strike Called Off

MADRAS, Nov. 3. (U.P.I.): Lightning strike launched by about 250 drivers and conductors of the Madras tram service this afternoon but it was called off in the evening following the intervention of the Deputy Labour Commissioner.

The Tramwaymen who were to report for duty in the afternoon, resorted to a lightning strike protesting against the suspension of a conductor by the management, and also demanding a satisfactory explanation for the same.

As a result of the strike the tram service in the city came to a standstill and a long line of tram cars was seen standing in the road opposite the General Hospital.

The Conductor was stated to have been suspended for issuing unpunched ticket which was detected and reported to the management.

The Deputy Labour Commissioner immediately intervened. The suspended worker was reinstated and the workers reported for duty.

POSSIBILITY OF WEST INDIANS FIGURING IN EMPIRE GAMES

Efforts Being Made By Organizing Committee

AUCKLAND, (New Zealand), Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter).

The Empire Games Organising Committee is investigating the possibility of bringing the brilliant West Indies athletes, Arthur Wint, Herb McKenley, Les Laing and E. MacDonald Bailey to the Games here next February.

The countries of these athletes will not be competing and a cable has been sent to Dr. Arthur Porritt, New Zealand representative in the Empire Games Association in London, requesting him to examine the prospects.

Wint, McKenley and Laing all ran for Jamaica in the Olympic Games last year, while MacDonald Bailey, who comes from Trinidad, represented Britain.

Wint, Olympic 400-metre champion, has already stated that he cannot spare the time to go to New Zealand because of medical studies, while McKenley, world record holder for 400 metres and 440 yards, made a definite statement prior to flying to the United States from Jamaica that the would not be available for the trip to New Zealand.

MacDonald Bailey and Laing both do most of their running in England and are members of the Polytechnic Harriers.

Twelve countries, England, Scotland, Wales, Canada, Australia, South Africa, Malaya, Fiji, Ceylon, Nigeria, Rhodesia and New Zealand, will be competing in the Empire Games.

The entries are now closed the last being received from Ceylon, who cabled today saying they were sending a team of 13 to compete in athletics, boxing, swimming, and wrestling events.

Banares Reception To Budhist Relics

BANARAS, Nov. 3. (PTI): The sacred relics of Sariputta and Moggalanna were kept today in the Vizianagaram Palace at a specially decorated pedestal only ten yards away from the marble court yard, where Mahatma Gandhi's sacred ashes were kept for public darshan last year.

Four Buddha Bhikkus chanted hymns from the scriptures and members of public offered floral tributes

Dr B V. Keskar, Deputy Minister for External Affairs, represented Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at the reception of the sacred relics.

Canton Residents Warned Of Air Raids

TAIPEH (FORMOSA), Nov. 3. (P T.I.-Reuter): Chinese Air Force radio stations today warned Chinese and foreign residents of Canton to keep away from military objectives such as wharves, warehouses, radio and railway stations "which would be subject to hevay bombing soon".

PORTUGAL PREPARES TO GO TO POLLS

Opposition Candidates For First Time In 23 Years

LISBON, (PTI-Reuter)—With candidates in the election arena for the first time in 23 years the Opposition is assured of at least one seat in the new Portuguese National Assembly to be elected on Sunday November 13

But the result of the polling is a forgone conclusion. The Opposition has presented only one list of four candidates against 120 presented by the Government party, the Uniao Nacional."

The one Opposition candidate assured of election is Dr. Autonion Pinto Barriga, an indeperdent, who is being presented on the Government list of candidates in the Gatelo Branco constituency. The Lisbon evening newspaper 'Diario Popular' described Dr. Barriga, as 'the doctrinarian of the Opposition

With no possibility of a change of regime as a result of the forthcoming elections, their main significance lies in the fact that the new National Assembly will have the power to change the Constitution.

The present Constitution was drawn up and the guidance of Dr. Antonio de Oliveira Salazar, the Prime Minister, and approved by a national plebiscite in March 1933. It lays down the "The Constitution shall be revised every ten years and the National Assembly whose mandate coincides with the date of revision shall have constituent powers for the said purpose."

Whether any changes are in fact contemplated is not yet known. The main preoccupation at the moment is the eleation of the 120 deputies who are to compose the National Assembly

There has been no Opposition in this body since the establishment of the present regime in 1926, after a military rising led by Marshal Gomes de Costa

That regime, with Marshal Oscar Carmona as President and Dr. Salazar first as Minister of Finanhe and since 1932, as Prime Minister has restored order in a country previously rent by constant revolutions, stabilised the nation's finances and achieved considerable economic development.

But these results were not obtained without cost. The price paid was curtailment of certain civil liberties including freedom of the press, liberty of formation of political parties and free elections.

Nor has the price thus paid made the regime popular, although restrictions have been relaxed in recent years and increasing freedom has been enjoyed by opponents of the regime.

The first opportunity given to the political Opposition by the regime was in 1945 when permission was given for the organisation of new parties and press censorship was raised for the duration of the electoral campaign.

But after a vigorous campaign as a heterogeneous group under the title "Movement of Democratic Unity", the Opposition decided not to contest the elections on the ground that the Government had refused to meet their demands for a revision of the electoral roll and a postponement of the polling to allow more time.

Nevertheless, the "Movement of Democratic Unity" continued to function after the elections—until, in April 1948, it was proclaimed illegal because of "the active participation of communist elements in its leadership."

Again, in February, this year, an Opposition candidate, was put into the field in the presidential election again press censorship was raised during the electoral campaign.

At the last moment the Opposition candidate, General Norton de Matos, who throughout the campaign had made it clear that he would only stand if guarantees were given that the election would be 'absolutely free' withdrew on the ground that the Government had not given such guarantees.

Today, the Opposition has four candidates in the electoral field. Conditions are much the same is in February. The press censorship is being raised during the campaign, but the electoral law published at the beginning of October contained no major modification of previous laws.

This law provides that the general counting of votes at the various constituency headquarters may be controlled by candidates in the constituency. But there is no direct provision for control of counting at the polling station.

The only principle laid down in this connection is that "if there is doubt as to the total number of votes, or if the total does not coincide with that of votes attributed to the various lists of candidates and the majority of the electors present demand a second check, a new count will be made."

The law states that each polling committee shall consist of a chairman, two secretaries and two scrutinizers. The chairman is appointed by the civil governor of the district and the chairman appoints the rest of the members of the committee.

Apart from Dr. Barriga, the independent who is standing on the government list, the electoral Opposition consists of a group of three Monarchists and one Republican, all presented in the constituency of Castelo Branco.

The largest Opposition group, which suppported General Norton de Matos in the Presidential election, is presenting no candidate in the general election.

An independent group of Agrarians presented in the Portalegre constituency under the leadership of Dr Pequito Rebelo, a well-known monarchist, has denied that it is an Opposition group Dr. Pequito Rebelo declared that the regional list which he is heading is "merely representative"

Of the three monarchists on the Opposition list at Catalo Branco, one is a priest. None is well-known politically outside his own region.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday

The Governor of Bombay received Shrimati Sophia Wadia and Mr Sarvepalli.

Rani Maharaj Singh visited the Excelsior theatre to witness the "Darpana Performance"

MR. V. L. MEHTA

LUCKNOW, Nov. 3 (PTI). Mr V L Mehta, Finance Minister of Bombay and leader of the Indian Delegation to the FAO Technical Conference on Co-operatives in Asia and the Far East which concluded here yesterday left today for Bombay

MR. R. R. DIWAKAR

BIJAPUR, Nov 3 (PTI): Mr R. R. Diwakar, Minister for Information and Broadcasting Government of India, is arriving here on November 11 on a two-day visit.

MR. N. G. IYENGAR

CALCUTTA, Nov 3 (UPI): Mr. N. Gopalswami Iyengar, acting Foreign Minister, Government of India, arrived in Calcutta on Thursday evening from Delhi, by air to study the problems created by the influx of refugees in West Bengal and Assam

MR. R. K. PATIL

LUCKNOW, Nov. 3 (PTI). Government of India's Food Production Commissioner, Mr. R. K. Patil, will arrive here tomorrow from Delhi by air

Mr. Patil, during his two-day stay at Lucknow, will hold discussions with representatives of the U.P Government on the food production plans for the Province.

PROTECTORATES IN AFRICA

No Transfer Without Natives' Consent

LONDON, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter). Mr. Patrick Gordon-Walker, Under Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, said today that Britain's policy was unchanged on any question of transfer to the Union of South Africa of the British Protectorates of Bechuanaland, Basutoland and Swaziland.

In reply to a question, he told the House of Commons that Britain's policy was set out in an 'aide memoir' handed to the Prime Minister of South Africa in 1935 which declared that Britain would "not make any decision until the native population and the white population have had a full opportunity of expressing their views"

SUGAR FACTORY FOR CEYLON

Indian Expert Called For Consultation

KANPUR, Nov 3 (PTI): Professor D. G. Walwalker of the Indian Institute of Sugar Technology, Kanpur, is proceeding next week on deputation by the Government of India to advise the Government of Ceylon, for establishing a sugar factory in the island.

SIKH PILGRIMS FOR WEST PUNJAB

To Celebrate Nanak's Birthday

AMRITSAR, Nov. 3 (PTI): A party of 56 Sikh pilgrims left for Nankana Sahib, in West Pakistan after prayers in the Golden Temple today to celebrate Guru Nanak's birthday (Nov 5) there.

Across the border in Pakistan, they were received by Mr. S. S. Jafri, Deputy Commissioner of Lahore. They will return to Amritsar on November 6

STORM SWEEPS SOUTH PHILIPPINES

27 Killed: Heavy Damage

MANILA, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter):—Storms sweeping the Visayan Islands, South Philippines, killed at least 27 people on Monday and damaged ten million dollars worth of property, according to latest reports reaching Manila tonight.

Authorities fear the casualty list will be even heavier as there is no news yet from many places in the stricken area.

The places hardest hit in this biggest storm here since the war are: Cebu, Iloilo, Bohol, Panay, Occidental Negros, Oriental Negros and Surigao. The whole town of Dumagat, in Surigao Province, was "completely wiped out", it was reported.

BISCUIT MAKING MACHINERY

No Import Licences

NEW DELHI, Nov 3 (PTI): The Government of India have decided not to entertain any application for licence for the import of biscuit making machinery for a period of one year, announces a gazette notification issued today.

The Bombay Chronicle

BIRTH OF A NATION

In the context of relations between Europe and Asia, the agreement which has at last been achieved at The Hague Round Table Conference constitutes, after the freedom of India, Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon, the second great and historic post-war event. It is to the credit of British Labour statesmen that they led in the renunciation of Empire having wisely discovered that the policy of "we hold what is ours (sic)" was no longer possible or profitable. The Dutch have followed suit but after an avoidably prolonged period of bitter conflict. For, the history of the months and years between the return of the Dutch to Japanese-held Indonesia and the Round Table Conference is not one to be proud of. The renunciation is not so much voluntary as forced by events in Indonesia and by United Nations intervention under the compulsion of the sheer justice of the Indonesian Case.

It is nevertheless a great event, first because it heralds the release of another Asian country from the thrall of European Imperialism and, secondly, because it represents yet another promise of world peace and world progress. Welcoming this "event of new greatness", M. Herremans, the Belgian member of the U. N. Commission on Indonesia said it had a multiple significance as it meant at one and the same time "the end of the conflict, the solution of the problem, the birth of a nation, and the foundation of a union: thus a painful misunderstanding reaches its final end" M. Herremans also added that seen from the international stand-point its significance was no less important because "in the view of the U.N. Commission, the agreements open the way to lasting friendship and confidence between two peoples—a wide road to order and peace". There need be no over-optimism and over-enthusiasm about the agreement,—yet, there are hurdles to cross before the full realisation of the Republic of the United States of Indonesia. Nothing has yet been decided about New Guinea and it may, unless Dutch Imperialism gives up its intentions during the year, provoke a grave crisis. In the meantime also the possibility of some difficulty in the ratification and implementation of agreements by both sides cannot be ignored. There are die-hards in Holland and the trials and agonies which Dutch Imperialism inflicted has not failed to raise a crop of hostility in Indonesia. But the popular leaders on both sides, assisted by the U. N. Commission, can be trusted to overcome the difficulties with goodwill and practical realism so that the Republic does come into being according to schedule.

It is in that sober hope that we welcome the agreement. It marks the end of yet another stronghold of colonialism, and let us hope it constitutes a lead to other colonial powers regarding their so-called "possessions" in Asia. We welcome it moreover as the harbinger of the freedom and independence of another nation. For, freedom of the peoples of the world is indivisible with world peace and with the progress, prosperity and happiness of mankind.

India's Education

The difficulty of securing enough teachers, the desire to impart more than mere literacy and the possibility of applying some kind of conscription to all educated persons for this work were touched on by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, India's Education Minister, in his inaugural address to the UNESCO seminar on rural adult education in Mysore. Some of the other speeches that were delivered, tended to condemn mere literacy—somewhat unnecessarily, one feels. After all, the ability to "scribble" one's name and a few meaningless words might seem utterly useless to scholars and men of letters. But they symbolise a social revolution. We have in mind one instance that brought this recently very vividly to mind. A working woman who had some domestic trouble, left her husband's house and with her two children turned up in the middle of the night at her brother's place some eight miles north. Naturally the brother was rather disturbed and perplexed and he sought a way out of his problem. He told her the next morning that a telegram from her father in her native place had just come and she was wanted back. He showed her something which might have been the wire but which certainly looked as if it were over a year old. She sought the protection of her employer who could do little more than address two stamped covers and give it to her to post back when she reached her village. And it was a very inadequate little. If only the woman had known to write, even scribble a little, the whole thing would have been different. As a matter of fact, literacy has made a lot of difference to several women particularly who have been able to maintain links with their people, even when marriage has taken them into distant places. No doubt this is a very simle matter and it looks trifling for men engaged in seminars and conferences and consultations. But the Mysore meeting is concerned with rural education and this an important consideration.

This is not to say that literacy is enough. By all means try to impart something more than mere familiarity with writing and script. So far as education goes, there cannot be too much of it at any time or any place. But what we would stress is the danger that the problems of the common people are overlooked in pursuit of high and esteemable programmes. It has become a platitude that literacy is not enough but one hardly expects the distinguished members of a seminar to allow themselves to sink in it. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad struck one note which was very welcome. He asked the audience to apply their minds to the way in which, literacy apart, the lessons that needed driving home could be taught to the people. The cinema, the radio and the stage provide useful instruments which have not been sufficiently exploited. So far as the films go, there has no doubt been a tremendous improvement in the films—there are some unfortunately extravagant propaganda and publicity touches which might well be eliminated—but the radio remains a badly neglected field. Much more could be attempted and we do not see why the State should be so chary of experimenting. The stage is something different. It is here that public workers and men of initiative can do a great deal on their own and the State can pick out talent and do everything to spread their work all over the country. Today there are public-spirited persons but they have to do most of the work on their own and often they are not able to move about as they should be doing. But the stage is something that could be developed by the people themselves, given the right lead. It is surprising that not enough notice has been taken of this kind of educational work. The Maulana Saheb in appealing from something wider than the class-room mentality struck a happy note.

Reception To "Guruji"

Posters have been pasted all over the city announcing a reception next week, on behalf of citizens of Bombay, to Mr Golwalkar, Sarsanghchalak of the RSS. No one will object to "Guruji's" followers paying homage to him and singing his praises but what we object to is their speaking in the name of citizens of Bombay. If citizens wanted to fete Mr. Golwalkar there would have been a meeting at the Town Hall and there would have been a civic welcome by the Corporation. As there is no such move, it is absurd to say that the reception is on behalf of citizens. Such a meeting is bound to be misreported in the pro-R.S.S. and Hindu Sabha press and exaggerated as a reception on behalf of all citizens of Bombay. The only thing which can counteract such a move is for citizens of Bombay to keep away from the meeting and let Guruji's devotees manage the show themselves. Even curious sightseers will be mistaken for admirers. Here is an opportunity for citizens of Bombay to show what they think of Mr. Golwalkar and his R.S.S. Why has the B.P.C.C. kept quiet all this while? While the B.P.C.C. is still marking time, one more province, this time the West Bengal Congress Comgress Committee has cast its vote against the admission of R.S.S. and called for reconsideration of the decision of the Congress Working Committee.

Thought For The Day

As the bee—injuring not——
The flower, its colour or scent
Flies away taking the nectar,
So let the wise man dwell upon the earth.

Author

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

CALCUTTA, Nov. 2. (PTI): The Socialist Party of India have decided to contest the coming general election in West Bengal.

While taking this decision, the provincial Executive of the Party also approved of the proposal for a coalition, if possible with the recently formed United Socialist Organisation of India, in order to avoid a triangular fight.

* * *

In a press interview at New Delhi, Master Tara Singh, the Sikh leader, said that the Hindus of East Punjab had "become narrow-minded communalists and had failed to keep their assuurances to the Sikhs who could not hope to get a fair deal at their hands."

Mr. M. S. Golwalkar or—and Mr. L. B Bhopatkar should have a long heart-to-heart talk with Master Tara Singh

* * *

According to an Ahmedabad report, the Socialist Party has admitted the failure of its 'satyagraha' recently started there in the shape of breaking open locks of closed textile mills.

"Satyagraha"? Oh, the Socialist version.

* * *

"It is", writes 'Le Monde', the Paris Conservative paper, "astonishing that New Delhi should denounce to the British Government the French action in Indo-China without making any allusion to Malaya where a British expeditionary force has been trying for 18 months to suppress a rebellion."

It would certainly be astonishing if New Delhi (a) did and (b) didn't respectively.

* * *

Asked at San Francisco about the rumour recently started about him, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said: "I think it must be rather over-optimistic for any person to think that he could mediate between the great nations."

We agree. "The great nations" are neither mature enough nor ripe enough for any person to mediate between them on behalf of peace.

* * *

In connection with the R. T. C. agreement at The Hague, it is reported that Mr. P. Blauw, leader of the Netherlands minorities in Indonesia, wrote declaring, on behalf of the representatives of his group, its intention to boycott the plenary session in protest against the agreement.

Knowing something about the achievements of Imperialism, we are not surprised either at the existence of "minorities" or at their opposition.

* * *

Welcoming the Dutch-Indonesian agreement, Sir Muhammad Zafrullah, Pakistan's Foreign Minister says: "It also sets an example for other colonial powers which might well be followed in order to strengthen international co-operation and the building of peace."

Portugal, for instance, might well listen to this advice by one who is a friend of both Portugal and Dr. Salazar.

* * *

Addressing a Trade Convention in New York, Brigadier-General Carlos P. Romulo, the U.N. General Assembly President said that there could be no stable peace in Asia until freedom had been attained by all Asian peoples.

But then the peace in Imperialist Europe will be the peace of a stable without the dividend paying horse.

* * *

Says a Calcutta report: A butterfly exhibition, the first of its kind in Asia, is now being organised by the Zoological Survey of India in the massive-pillard Indian Museum of Calcutta in about a month's time.

Welcome, most welcome—if you know what we mean.

SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL TRAINING

By F. S. Chothia

Ever since we became a free nation we have heard a good deal about developing the natural resources of our great country. Unfortunately, not enough attention has been given to the utilisation of our human resources, to the problem of making the best possible use of the present and potential talents of our people.

Every year thousands of our young men and women drift into occupations with little regard to their suitability for them. The experience of those who come in contact with young people is that too often an occupation is selected because one's father is in a certain profession or one's uncle is a success in a certain field or one's friends have selected a certain course.

PROPER GUIDANCE

The remedy for such irrational methods of choosing an occupation is scientific vocational guidance. The giving of proper guidance in the selection of a vocation has been accepted as an important function of educational agencies in most of the progressive countries of the world. To what extent India has lagged behind in this field can be gauged by the following dates which mark the beginnings of guidance activities in some of these countries:—U.S.A. — 1908; England—1909; France—1920; Russia—1927; Japan—1921; Australia—1927; China—1935.

Modern methods of scientific vocational guidance are based on two simple assumptions: that no two human beings are exactly alike, and that the occupations followed in this complex world differ from one another. The job of the professional Vocational Counsellor is to match, as far as it is possible, human beings with jobs. This matching cannot, obviously, be done with any certainty. In vocational counselling we deal not with certainties but with probabilities. All that we can say is that a boy or girl who is properly guided is more likely to succeed than one who is not. This does not, however, mean that vocational guidance is useless. We spend millions of rupees every year on the prediction of weather, although we fully realise that the weather forecast is not always accufate. Prediction of future achievements of human beings is a much more complicated task; however, the time and money spent is well repaid.

It needs to be stressed that the Counsellor does not make any decisions himself. His job is to help boys and girls make their own decisions.

VOCATIONAL COUNSELLOR

This is how a Vocational Counsellor actually sets about doing his job. He gathers as much information about the boy (or girl) from as many different sources as possible. He collects data regarding his achievement in school, his special abilities and interests, his health, home circumstances, etc. He does this with the help of the boy's parents, teachers, scout master, friends, and of the boy himself. He supplements the data so gathered by administering some psychological tests.

TESTS

A word of caution seems necessary concerning the use of psychological tests. While some look upon tests as little short of miracles, others reject them outright as humbug. Obviously neither view is correct. All that one can do with the help of these tests is to predict the chances of future success. Moreover, very few tests are as yet available for use with Indian children. A test which has been framed for use in another country cannot be used in ours without suitable modifications and re-standardisation which can only be done by experts. One of the requirements of a properly standardised test is the fixing of "Norms" or standards. This is done by giving a test to large numbers of boys and determining the levels of performance of the boy who stands in achievement in the middle of the group; of the boy whose performance is better than that of three-fourths of the group, and so on; for, in the ultimate analysis, what we do with tests is to compare the performance of a boy with that of a representative sample of boys of the same age or class group.

There are many kinds of psychological tests. Perhaps the best known are the so-called "intelligence tests". which have really tests which give a useful indication of a boy's future scholastic success, and which are, therefore, increasingly becoming known as "scholastic aptitude tests". Besides intelligence tests, there are certain special aptitude tests (such as special relations test, mechanical aptitude test, clerical aptitude test, art aptitude test, etc.), interest tests, personality tests, and so on.

JOB ANALYSIS

Just as a Counsellor makes a study of the individual boy or girl, he makes a corresponding study of occupations—the degree of intelligence required in an occupation, the qualifications necessary for entry, any special abilities which may be required for success in that occupation, its physical and monetary requirements, etc.,

GUIDANCE BUREAU

One of the prime needs of the present time is a state-established Vocational Guidance Bureau. The functions of such a Bureau would include:

(1) Study of the individual boys and girls. In this respect, an urgent need is the institution in schools of proper Cumulative Record Cards giving as it were a life-history of each pupil.
(2) Study of the occupations. Detailed job analysis needs to be taken in hand.
(3) Counselling or Guidance. This is done both on an individual as well as on a group basis.
(4) Placement in jobs. No system of Vocational Guidance can be complete without the assistance given to young people to find jobs.
(5) Follow-up. The pupils so guided need to be followed-up to find out how far the methods of guidance have been successful and whether any further assistance in vocational adjustment is necessary.
(6) Research. In any progressive institution research forms an essential part of its organisation. Research is necessary to find out better means of recording school progress, better techniques of interviewing, etc.

Recently Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has pleaded for first things first. Can any one deny that Education should be one of the nation's top priorities? And, in the field of education, there are few projects so urgently needed as proper vocational guidance.

STAY PAYMENTS OF WAR-TIME DEBTS

House Of Lords Harping On Counter-Debt Of Britain

LONDON, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Lord Teviot, a Liberal Peer, suggested in the House of Lords today that there should be a moratorium on all Britain's sterling balances arising out of the war while the whole matter is investigated.

"Have we ever sent in our bill for the war", he asked during a debate on the economic situation.

"The world owes us debt they can never repay in lives and treasure"

He gave Egypt as an example of what he meant.

"We are in such a jam that we ought to go out and see if we can get anything back for what we did during the war years", he said.

GAIN IN WORLD FOOD CONSUMPTION

THE IMPROVEMENT in the per capita food consumption rate for the world as a whole which was achieved during the past production year is expected to be maintained during the 1949-50 year, according to the U.S. Department of Agriculture. But the department, in a report just released, recognizes that "world food production during 1949-50 may be slightly smaller than a year earlier."

However, the continuation of the consumption rate reached last year could be accounted for by the larger than usual carryover of food stocks, and because "progress has been made in the rehabilitation of the food distribution system in many of the war-devastated areas," the report said.

FOOD PROSPECTS

The report, on "The National Food Situation", includes a section on "The World Food Prospects for 1949-50", as prepared by the department's Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations, which correlates reports received from its representatives and from other governments throughout the world.

Any further improvement in the world-wide per capita food consumption rate would depend "on whether the original import programmes of the countries participating in the European Recovery Programme are realised," the report said. It added:

"This is not likely since the import programmes will no doubt have to be cut. However, imports may remain high enough to maintain consumption at the 1948-49 rate."

The report also held out some hope for continued nutritional gains in world food use. "With an increase in the output of livestock products in prospect, diets may be further improved nutritionally," it said.

Within the United States, "food consumption per capita probably will be at least as high next year as in 1949 and might even increase slightly" the report predicts. "Consumer purchases of food will be encouraged next year by the plentiful supplies and by the slightly lower retail prices which appear likely."

Civilian food consumption per capita in the United States declined slightly during the past year, but remained 10 per cent above the 1925-39 average, the department said.

RECORD EXPORTS

This continued high per-capita consumption occurred even with another record food export total, the report pointed out. Of the 1948-49 exports, it said:

"Exports of grains and food products (including edible fishery products) set another record of 49,500,000,000 pounds in 1948-49, almost 15 per cent above the previous year's high. This is the fourth successive year of record exports."

The retarding effect of the world-wide dollar shortage on the export possibilities for U.S. food, and of the recent economic readjustments in the United States on dometic consumption were also noted. The report said:

"The general downtrend in economic activity is likely to reduce consumer purchasing power slightly. Moreover, foreign demand for U.S. food commodities probably will be adversely affected by the continued shortage of dollars and urgent needs of most countries for non-food items from the United States."

LOWER PRODUCTION

The "World Food Prospects" section said, in part:

"Production of most food crops in 1949-50 is expected to be slightly lower than in the preceding year. The output of bread grains—principally wheat and rye—has been tentatively estimated at 204,000,000 long tons, about four per cent lower than in 1948-49. The world rice crop may be from two to four per cent less than a year ago, with most of the decline occurring in Asia, where climatic conditions so far during the growing season have been less favourable than in 1948-49. Fewer potatoes will be produced in the North American continent and in Europe this year. However, the decline in potato output may not affect materially the quantity used as food.

"The 1949-50 sugar crop may be about the same as the large crop a year earlier, and supplies are likely to be adequate for consumption needs. A decline in output may occur in some of the larger commercial producing areas, such as Cuba, but production is increasing in Europe.

"Vegetable oil production is expected to show some improvement over 1948-49 with the result that the quan-

(Continued on Page 11).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

WAITING FOR FOOD

Centuries have passed since man had to watch for hours, chase and kill for his food. May be he derived pleasure from pursuit of his quarry. But civilisation has made it possible for us to get our food in an easier way so that we could occupy our time for something better. But wars and crises are putting the wheels of civilisation in reverse by making food scarce. Man has again to wait patiently, if not hunt, for his rationed food to come his way. Long queues at ration shops are a standing testimony to this. Hours, which could be occupied more fruitfully, have to be spent, standing in sun or rain, patiently, till you reach the dispensers of your rations, who seem to be more occupied in gossip or unnecessary arguments, rather than in disposing of their customers speedily. Week after week, lakhs of people have to waste hours just because the Rationing Department cannot find a quicker way of giving out rations. An intelligent suggestion was made the other day that all ration shops should have ready-made packages of foodgrains and sugar for different units. So the time of waiting could be reduced. This will only partly solve the difficulty. The human element in the shape of easy-going clerks at ration shops will still remain. We suggest that authorities should investigate to find ways and means of quicker methods of disposing of the long queues at ration shops. Cannot we have coupons, which could be readily exchanged for packages of rations? Renewal of ration cards is in progress at the moment, which means addition of two more wasted hours. Why cannot ration cards be deposited against a receipt and collected the next day, with slips pasted and stamped? In Bombay where time is precious it seems criminal to waste hours. Also long queues give a bad impression about the efficiency of the Government and create avoidable irritation.

THROUGH COMMUNAL EYES

Master Tara Singh's lamentations are astonishing, even for that gentleman. To charge the East Punjab with communalism is a strange turn in a leader whose whole appeal has been on the communal note. The entire set-up in the East Punjab, whilst being a rejection of communalism in theory, has been on the basis of concessions to Sikh communalism—the language comoromise, the distribution of constituencies and even the formation of Cabinets. Probably that in itself has been an encouragement to those who like to stake communal claims. Master Tara Singh has declared that his demand is not for a Sikh separate State but for a Sikh province. The Linguistic Provinces Commission has declared, after serious consideration, and this has been supported by the three-man Congress Committee that reviewed the report, that there should be no change in the East Punjab. In view of the troubled constitutional conditions prevailing in East Punjab it would be undesirable to start any move which will add to the confusion. Besides there must be an end to the sacrifices exacted from India for the altar of communalism. Master Tara Singh fortunately has little support in his community which has resolved to cast in its lot with the other Indians. And the Sikhs are a people who are not shaken from decisions once solemnly adopted.

AVOIDABLE NEGLIGENCE

A Government or a corporation is judged by the efficient way in which it runs its public utilities. Whoever has had the occasion to visit the casualty department or the dispensary, attached to one of the city's big hospitals, will know the absence of human touch or careful attention on the part of doctors and attendants. We admit that they are hard pressed, harassed and have to attend to too many patients and yet if sympathy and fellow feeling are absent the quality of mercy, to the sick and suffering, is tainted. Two glaring examples of this half-hearted treatment have come to light. A few days ago a doctor and a nurse were charged with negligently giving a wrong injection to a patient, who died on the spot. A similar case of apparent negligence was reported yesterday. A man fell off a bus and was taken to a city hospital, where, it is alleged, he was given superfluous treatment and sent home. On reaching his residence the man collapsed and died. Perhaps, if the doctor had examined the man a little more carefully for internal injuries his life may have been saved. Such negligence gives our public institutions a bad name and shakes the confidence of the public in them.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

The Open Air

In the "Bombay Chronicle" of Saturday last the picture in the OPEN AIR is that of the Iora, but by somebody's oversight it is named Sunbird. This is likely to cause a flutter in the feathered world and before the Iora comes to know that it is dubbed a Sunbird I would suggest you to enter a correction. This will do justice to the Iora and the Sunbird on the one hand and the readers on the other.

You cannot shield the offender (I am sure it is not the author) by saying 'What is in a name?' The saying may be good for the dumb sweet-smelling roses (though I doubt it), it is another thing with the chattering avian tribes. Apart from the difference in shape, size and colours, the insectivorous Iora can boast that it can sing sweetly without sweetening its throat with sugary dishes, but the Sunbird subsists mainly on the menu of the sweet nectar of flowers without making demands on that disappearing commodity we call sugar. It was perhaps the common virtue of these two birds of singing sweetly without sugaring their throats which led somebody to call Iora a Sunbird.

The error is however not pardonable even if the learned author of the OPEN AIR plead before the outraged avians.

—V. M VARU.

Tibet

An eminent gentleman is now seeking India's support to allow the Communist China to occupy Tibet. But India should not be a party for subjucating Tibet or any other neighbouring nation against their will. The fact whether Tibet desires to remain independent or dependent under China or any other nation can only be determined by their own people either by a plebiscite or by any other method they think best. We certainly desire friendship and good wishes of all the neighbouring nations including China and Tibet but if any of them desire to dominate over another we should not tolerate it even at the risk of losing the much wished for friendship. Our principle should be 'let live and let others live' like us and not allow domination over any other country by force.

—M. C. GUHA MUSTAFEE.

Bombay Port Trust

Only the stores clerks attached to the sub-offices under Chief Engineer are compelled by the nature of their work, to attend office from 8 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. including Bank Holidays, though the rest of the clerks attend at 10-30 a.m. In view of this extra 2-1/2 hours work memorials, though supported by Heads of sections, have been spurned, by the high authorities, for the simple reason that this system of attendance existed since long. The deciding authority was asked, to expedite this hardship by either payment of overtime or revision in the stores clerks grade. But so far nothing has been done to remove this strange anomaly, why is the Port Trust so niggardly when it comes to the question of payment, to these hard worked and understaffed clerks? Because having put the best part of their life in this works, these poor clerks will not resign on this pretext. All those fortunate few, who start anew in Port Trust are definitely provided for 10-30 a.m. time. Moreover, these stores clerks are semi-technicians, in their own way in addition to their own clerical line.

—AN EMPLOYEE

Ambaji

The temple of celebrated Goddess Ambaji is within the territorial jurisdiction of Danta State. Hundreds of pilgrims of different castes visit the temple every day. Danta State has merged into the Province of Bombay. Upto the time of its merger Danta State was efficiently managing ration distribution of rice, wheat, flour, dal and sugar. After the merger the Government of Bombay has stopped the said ration and put pilgrims to untold hardships. It is difficult to understand its reason. If the Government of Bombay cannot either control or manage the ration distribution it should entrust the task to the Danta State.

—SARABHAI DALAL.

OPEN AIR

The Redstart is a very attractive winter visitor in the Plains. The male has a black head, upper back and throat and some black in the wings, while the lower back and tail are reddish brown and the abdomen is bright reddish-orange in colour. The female, as is so often the case, is much duller in colour, and she lacks the gleaming black of her mate, for her plumage is brown where his is black and she has none of his beautiful red. In fact she is so different in colouring that we may be forgiven if we fail to recognise her at once! The Redstart breeds in the mountains of Kashmir and Tibet, but in September it makes the long flight Southward and during the Winter months we have it with us and it may frequently be seen in the more open parts of Bombay. Apart from its colour, the Redstart may be recognised by its habit of continuously shivering its tail to display the red underneath as it perches in a tree, or on a pointed spear of aloe, for though the Redstart, like the Robins, feeds on the ground where it hops along searching for insects among the short grass, it flies up to a perch in a tree when disturbed, and returns to the ground only when it feels safe once more.

—D.R.

REDSTART

EGYPTS' CARE-TAKER GOVERNMENT FALLS

Dispute Over Electoral Reform And Abolition Of Martial Law

CAIRO, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter)

HUSSEIN SIRRY PASHA formed an all independent Egyptian Cabinet tonight, a few hours after his three months' old care-taker coalition and resigned.

He had tendered the resignation of the old Cabinet after a stormy meeting of Ministers on electoral reform.

"It is impossible to reach agreement among the Coalition parties over any issue," he told newsman.

King Farouk immediately asked him to form a new cabinet of independents.

Sirry Pasha retains the portfolios of Interior and Foreign Affairs in his new Ministry.

The new Ministers were taking the oath later tonight.

Tension over electoral reform had mounted steadily among the Cabinet's four parties and independent members since the emergency Government was formed in July to tide over the existing political crisis and prepare for a general election.

WAFDIST DEMAND

Wafdist Members, who had complained of the delay in holding the elections, alleged today that present voting lists were forged and demanded a reopening of electoral registers.

They also demanded the abolition of Martial Law imposed sixteen months ago on the eve of hostilities with Israel and extended by the previous Saadist-Liberal Government for purposes of internal security.

The Saadists, on the other hand, objected to their demands and accused Sirry Pasha of favouring the party.

The resigning Cabinet consisted of five Independents, four Liberals, four Wafdists, four Saadists and two Nationalists.

Wafdists boycotted the last General Election early in 1945 following the dismissal of their leader, Nahas Pasha from the Premiership, late in 1944.

RAW MATERIALS FOR PLASTIC INDUSTRY

Central Factory For India

BOMBAY Thursday. (P.T.I.): The Managing Committee of the All-India Plastic Manufacturers' Association to-day considered the question of setting up a central factory in India for the manufacture of raw materials for plastic industry.

Mr. B. D. Garware President of the Association who has just returned from a tour of the United Kingdom, gave a detailed account of the negotiations conducted by him with some of the leading raw material manufacturers who were willing to extend all co-operation including technical assistance in establishing the factory.

In the light of suggestions put forward by Mr. Garware the Association will take further steps to give the scheme practical shape.

There are at present 70 major factories in India engaged in the plastic moulding industry. The consuming capacity of the industry is estimated at 2,000 tons of phermo setting powder, 1 500 phermo plastic powder, 500 tons of plastic raw materials suitable for fabrication.

During 1948, it was estimated that only 50 per sent of the existing capacity was utilised by the industry owing to difficulty in obtaining necessary raw materials.

The value of moulding powder as well as fabricating materials imported in India was in the neighbourhood of one crore of rupees.

TAPASE VISITS SITE OF NEW TOWNSHIP

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3 (PTI): Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister of Fisheries, Backward Classes and Rehabilitation, today visited refugee camps and the site of the new township being built near the aerodrome for accommodating about 30,000 refugees. He arrived here after a tour of the newly merged districts of Amreli, Mehsana and Banaskantha.

The Minister told PTI that about 80,000 acres of land were available in Banaskantha district where a scheme was being prepared to settle refugees. A beginning had already been made with the settlement of 65 families near Deesa.

Jute Goods For Persian Gulf

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (PTI): The Government of India have allotted a quota of 166-1/4 tons of jute goods for Persian Gulf Sheikhdoms for the current half-year ending December 25, 1949, says a Ministry of Commerce announcement.

According to the allotment Baharain gets three tons (jute twine) and Muscat 163-1/4 tons (174,300 jute twine).

Stop Press

ANTI-R.S.S. DEMONSTRATION

MIRAJ, Nov. 3 (PTI): Eight persons, including three policemen, were injured here tonight when anti-R.S.S demonstrators pelted stones at a gathering which had collected at the railway station to receive Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, the R.S.S. chief. Two persons were reported to have received serious injuries.

GUIDED MISSILES

(SOUTH AUSTRALIA), Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Australian and British scientists have begun extensive and searching tests on guided missiles and other advanced types of weapons on the Woomera rocket site in South Australia, it was disclosed today.

INVESTIGATION INTO FOOD CONTROLS

Government Body In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3, (PTI): The Foodgrains Investigation Committee arrived in Calcutta by air this afternoon. The Committee, of which Pandit Lakshmikant Mishra is the Chairman and Messrs. Thirumala Rao, V. C. Kesava Rao, Satish Chandra, P. D. Himatsingka and A. L. Sakesena (Secretary) are members, has been set up by the Central Government for a thorough investigation into the existing food controls in India.

The total quantity of foodgrains at present handled by the Central, Provincial and State Governments comes, it is understood, to nearly 80 lakh tons a year which include both internal production and imports.

This undertaking, believed to be the largest State enterprise in the world, involves procurement, storage, transport, distribution and issue of foodgrains to consumers. The object of the Committee is to suggest ways and means for effecting improvement in the quality of foodgrains supplied as well as a reduction in their prices.

During their five-day stay in Calcutta, the Committee will hold discussions with local officials and representatives of public bodies and will also inspect storage as well as ration shops in the city. They are also expected to visit one or two procurement centres and rice mills in the districts.

Before coming to Calcutta, the Committee visited Travancore, Coching and Madras where it examined the foodgrains controls in all their bearings. Two special features of the food administration in Madras of which the Committee took special notice were a levy of sales tax and the supply of foodgrains through ration shops by measure instead of by weight. The sales tax which was often collected at four different stages came up to an additional charge of nine annas per maund to the consumers.

RIGHT TO RESORT TO SATYAGRAHA

"Fundamental Right" Says Narendra Deo

LUCKNOW, Nov. 3 (UPI): Acharya Narendra Deo, Socialist leader, reaffirmed here yesterday that the right to resort to peaceful Satyagraha when ordinary constitutional remedies fail, was a fundamental right of the genuinely aggrieved persons in a democratic country and "those who deny the use of this weapon, on one pretext or other, must be prepared for use of violence for resistance to tyranny and injustice."

Acharya Deo was addressing a joint conference of the District Secretaries of the Socialist Party and the Kisan Panchayat, U. P. on the Satyagraha that had been launched in Deoria by the Socialist Party.

Continuing, the Socialist leader said: "The Satyagraha at Deoria is being waged for a just cause, and it was resorted to only when all the constitutional remedies had been exhausted. It is common ground between the District authorities and the local Socialist Party that because of westerly winds, damage was done to crops in the district. The only point in dispute is the extent of damage caused".

PRINCIPLE INVOLVED

Calling for a judicial enquiry to find out the truth about the claim of the Socialist Party that the whole district and not only 37 villages as asserted by the District Magistrate was affected, Acharya Narendra Deo said: "A question of principle is involved in this peaceful struggle. The question is whether the old bureaucratic practice will continue to prevail in democratic India or public opinion will now receive its due weight and consideration. Responsible opinion cannot be easily ignored".

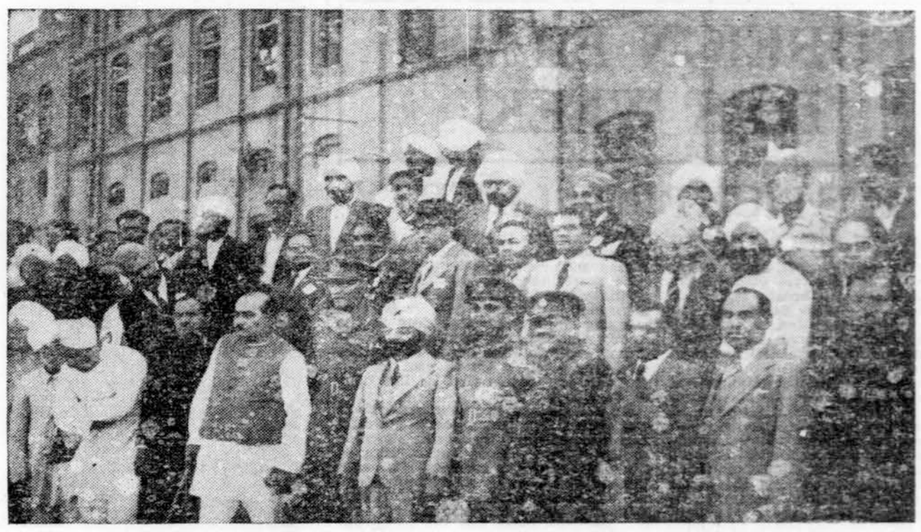
FALSE FIRE ALARM IN CALCUTTA

Bonfire In C. T. O. Mistaken

CALCUTTA, Nov 3. (P.T.I.): An alarm which ulttimately proved to be "false", given by some unknown person, made the Calcutta Fire Brigade rush several engines to the Central Telegraph Office in Dalhousie Square area at about ten tonight. On arrival, the Brigade people found that only some bundles of waste paper of the depatrment had been set on fire inside the C. T. O. compound.

It is believed that the glow of the fire, which was visible from outside the buildings had led someone to think that the Telegraph Office was on fire and had given an alarm to the Fire Brigade. A large roadside crowd had also gathered anxiously outside the C. T. O. being attracted by what was found to be a 'bonfire'

ALL-INDIA RED CROSS MUSHAIRA



General Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, presided over a mushaira held at Amritsar. He is here seen with artists and members of the Red Cross Society.

Increasing Persecution Of Kashmiris In Pakistan

INDIA TO LODGE PROTEST IN SECURITY COUNCIL

SRINAGAR, Nov. 3 (UPI): The Government of India are likely to press the United Nations Security Council, when it takes up the Kashmir issue, to investigate into the question of Pakistan authorities increasing acts of hostility against Kashmiri Nationals in Pakistan, which according to reports received by official quarters here have become both open and violent, it was learnt by the United Press correspondent in Srinagar authoritatively today.

During the past few weeks accounts have been trickling into Srinagar confirming the fact that "Pakistan has launched a virulent kind of nerve war against Kashmiri nationals who either went to Pakistan following tribal invasion of Kashmir or found themselves stranded there."

GRAVE CONCERN

Official circles in Srinagar expressed gravest concern at Pakistan's intensification of persecution against Kashmiri nationals and pointed out that since recently Pakistan Radio and press propaganda have busied themselves with painting a lurid picture of alleged spying in Pakistan fostered secretly by Sheikh Abdullah's Government. This was a sudden and complete departure from erstwaile Pakistan propaganda, which painted Kashmiri nationals in Pakistan as victims of "Sheikh Abdullah's repression campaign."

Official circles in Srinagar pointed out a significant instance to Pakistan Radio broadcast of October 30 which said "Sheikh Abdulla's Government has sent fifth columnists to Pakistan who pose as victims of Sheikh Abdulla's aggression. These persons try to secure employment in Azad Kashmir in Pakistan and try their best to create disunity in Azad Kashmir organisation.

Thus it is stressed that Kashmiri refugees who were once objects of pity have overnight turned into disrupters of Pakistan. Political circles consider this change in Pakistan propaganda as striking confession by Pakistan authorities themselves that they could not win over Kashmiri nationals with them.

Official spokesman of the Jammu and Kashmir Government today told pressmen that acts of hostility, of Pakistan against Kashmiri refugees were growing in number since the incident in Wah camp when Pakistan police opened fire on Kashmiri refugees killing about 150 in July last, movements of Kashmiris in Pakistan were being watched while a sort of "iron curtain" seemed to have descended on Kashmiri refugee camps, he added.

AT ANY COST

The official spokesman while conveying the Jammu and Kashmir Government's profound concern at these developments said, "We will exert every nerve to see the lives of Kashmiris are protected and they are saved from acts of hostility and repression which the Pakistan authorities have launched. In this connection we are prepared to go to the highest tribunals in the world in order to rescue Kashmiris in Pakistan from miserable plight."

INDIAN COUNCIL OF CO-OPERATION

Likely Appointment By Government

LUCKNOW, Nov. 3, (PTI): An Indian Council of Co-operation may be appointed by the Government of India in the near future to supervise and promote the co-operative movement in this country.

This was revealed by Mr. B. Patel, General Secretary of the Indian Co-operative Union, at a press conference here today.

Mr. Patel said that since its inception nearly 50 years ago, the co-operative movement in India had been under the strict supervision and control of the Central and Provincial Governments unlike the U.K. and other European countries, where the cooperative movement was most vigorous.

The co-operative movement in India had suffered due to lack of popular control, he said. Mr. Patel said that a sub-Committee appointed by the Government of India on Co-operation had submitted its report to Government recommending the formation of a council in which the non-official representation would be 50 per cent. "According to indications from official sources the Government of India is favourably disposed to the proposal." he added.

DRAFT FINALISED

Incidental Changes In New Constitution

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (PTI) The Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly today finalised the darft of India's Constitution as it emerged from its second reading after incorporating in it certain incidental and ancillary changes.

The final draft was presented to the President of the Assembly, Dr. Rajendra Prasad today.

Mr N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar and Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari were the only two members of the Committee to sign the final draft as the other members, who were here last week to finalise, it, had since left Delhi.

PRICE CONTROL INCLUDED

The Committee, it is understood, has included "price control" as an item in the concurrent list. This, it is stated, had been found necessary, because there were no direct reference to it in the Constitution.

Another amendment relates to the possibility of any new provinces coming into existence, or changes in the borders of the existing State Unions or merger of centrally administered areas. It is stated that between now and January 26, there may be occasion for such changes and the Governor General, under Section 290 of the present Act or under the Extra-Provincial Territorial Jurisdiction Act, may affect such changes. The amendment proposed authoritises the President of the Indian Republic to give effect to these changes in the First Schedule of the new Constitution.

Yet another amendment proposed empowers the President to transfer a High Court judge from one state to another.

Mr Krishnamachari is leaving for Bombay tomorrow 'en-route' to Madras.

STATE TO NOMINATE PRIESTS

Czechs Assume New Powers Of Control

PRAGUE, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter) The Czechoslovak Government will present to the churc authorities those candidates it considers suitable for filling vacancies in the priesthood.

The Government, which today disclosed plans for operating its new powers of control over church appointments will make the presentations through the new State Office for Church Affairs under the Minister of Justice, Dr. Alexie Cepicka.

The Government decrees declared that patronage over all Roman Catholic Churches, parishes, and all other church institutions now passed to the State.

In the case of higher rank clergy the decrees stipulated that "the Government may refuse approval only for reasons of political objection against the personality of the candidates."

The decrees provide that the Roman Catholic Church must present lists of candidates from which the State will make its selection. Other churches may select their candidates and then seek state approval.

R. K. NEHRU IN FINLAND

Credentials Presented

NEW DELHI, Nov 3. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. R. K. Nehru, Indian Minister in Sweden presented his credentials to the President of Finland M. Paasikivi yesterday as Indian Minister in that country.

Nadkarni Case Judgment

(Continued from page 1)

Xavier Alvares alias Mohan not guilty of the charge.

Judge Honavar agreed with the verdict of the Jury and sentenced Kishori, Jagdish Shetty and Rampalsingh to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each. He ordered accused Berthold Xavier Alvares alias Mchan to be acquitted.

THE CHARGE

The four accused were charged with the murder of Dattatriya Sadashiv Nadkarni, an ex-police officer and at the time of his tragic death an assistant in the Traffic Department of the Trans World Airlines. Thirty-two-year old, stockily built Dattatriya was found lying unconscious outside Kishori Court, one of North Bombay's gay night spots.

The prosecution case was that on the night of February 8, 1949, there was a singing and dance party in Kishori Court arranged by Miss Kishori, the third accused. Earlier in the evening Miss Kishori had gone to Kennedy Bridge and arranged for the party with Miss Roopa. The music party started at 9-30 p.m. and went on past midnight, till 12-30 a.m.

Two Sikhs and two well-dressed Hindus had attended the party. About the time the singing stopped Nadkarni went there. They all sat down for meals. Miss Kisnori asked Nadkarni for his wallet and took out Rs. 200 from it to give to the singing party.

A QUARREL

About 1-30 a.m., the singing party left and later Miss Kishori's sister who stayed at Matunga also left. Subsequently, the prosecution alleged that there was a quarrel and Nadkarni's clothes were thrown down a spiral staircase. He was also severely assaulted by the first, second and third accused. Nadkarni then went down. He was again called up to the first floor and again assaulted with fist blows and chappals.

Nadkarni became unconscious and was placed on a sofa in the drawing room. Later it was alleged that he was flung down from the balcony of the first floor, the first accused holding him by the head, and the second by the legs.

Judge Honavar, in his summing-up asked the Jury to take the evidence as a whole and consider it dispassionately. Earlier, he analysed the depositions of both Prosecution as well as Defence witnesses, and sifted material points which needed the careful consideration of the jurymen and on which they had to come to a decision.

Before the Judge started summing up, Mr. B. M. Mistry, Chief Counsel for the Prosecution resuming his address to the Jury which he had not finished yesterday stated that the first three accused were not guilty of murder, but only of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. He also told the Jury that Kishori, Shetty and Rampalsingh were responsible for causing simple as well as grievous hurt to Nadkarni which had ultimately resulted in his death.

Mr. B. M. Mistry, instructed by Mr. S. R. Vakil, Public Prosecutor conducted the Prosecution.

Mr. F. G. R. Khairaz, defended Shetty, Rampalsingh and Alvares alias Mohan. Kishori was defended by the well-known Lucknow legal luminary, Sir Iqbal Ahmed, ex-Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court.

In the Lower Court, Kishori was represented by the well-known author of 'Uncle Sham', Mr. K. L. Gauba, who is now practising in Bombay.

FIXING SUGARCANE PRICES

Kanpur Discussions

KANPUR, Nov. 3 (PTI): The Tariff Board today met representative of the United Provinces and Bihar Governments and discussed with them questions relating to the continuance of protection to sugar industry and the working of the Indian Sugar Syndicate

Besides they also discussed fixation of prices of sugarcane and sugar, development of sugarcane both in regard to the area of cultivation and sucrose content, sale of molasses, development of power alcohol and the shifting of uneconomic units of more favourable sizes.

Mr. K. N. Singh, Chairman Sugar Commission, U. P. and Bihar, was present throughout the discussions.

Validity Of A Lunatic's Marriage Contested

CASE IN FEDERAL COURT

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (PTI): A suit for ownership of properties worth one lakh of rupees in the Saharanpur District of the United Provinces, in which two questions of Hindu Law have to be decided, came up for hearing before the full bench of the Federal Court today.

The suit, which is an appeal against the decision of the Allahabad High Court, raises two points of Hindu Law, namely, the validity of a Hindu lunatic's marriage, and the validity of a marriage, performed according to Hindu rites, between a Girhast Gushain and a Rajput.

The appellant in the case, Mrs. Indra Devi, is the daughter of one Ragunbanspuri, a Mahant of Hardwar, while the respondent, Mrs. Kaura Devi is stated to be the widow of Raghubanspuri.

The appellant claims succession to the estate of Raghubanspuri and that the respondent's alleged marriage never took place, and even if it had taken place, was invalid in law in view of the fact that Raghubanspuri was declared a lunatic in 1916, and had continued to be so until his death in 1932. She has further challenged the validity of the marriage on the ground that Kaura Devi was "from the hills", while her father was a Girhast Gushian and the marriage was hence invalid.

RESPONDENT'S CONTENTION

The respondent, on the other hand, contends that Raghubanspuri only suffered from fits and mental derangement, and he was mentally sound when he had no fits. She claims that her marriage took place in May 1920 at a time when Raghubanspuri was not insane and could understand the significance of rites and it was hence valid. She also said that before marriage, she had converted herself into a Gushian and her marriage was valid "according to custom".

The Trial Court had decreed the suit in favour of the daughter while the Allahabad High Court had set aside the lower Court's judgment in favour of the widow.

The time of the Court was taken up today by Mr. Pyarilal Banerji, who read out the facts of the case on behalf of the appellants.

Messrs. Pyarilal Banerji and Ramgopal, instructed by Mr. Navnit Lal, agent, are appearing on behalf of the appellant while Messrs. M. C. Setalvad and Khanchand, instructed by Mr. Rajendra Narain, agent, are appearing on behalf of the respondent.

COUNTERING CUT IN SOVIET MANGANESE

U. S. To Explore Other Avenues

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3, (PTI-Reuter): The United States is seeking to counter a reduction of Soviet manganese shipments by a campaign to develop other sources of this essential metal.

High officials said they hoped present deposits in India, South Africa, Brazil and the African Gold Coast could be explored to offset the reduction of Russian shipments.

This spring, without explanation, Moscow drastically reduced its exports of the metal to American buyers.

The State Department and other Government agencies already have taken steps to help nations with manganese deposits to build them up.

Several steps are being considered to help India and other countries, they added.

The motive for Russia's cutback, Government officials believe, is a desire to force approval of exports of American machinery and electrical equipment to the Soviet Union.

Such items are now barred from Russia and other Eastern European countries as possible war materials.

Insurance Premiums In Pakistan

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3, (PTI): The Indian Life Assurance Offices' Association has recommended to its members to advise such of their policy holders who cannot arrange to pay premiums in India, to pay their premiums in Pakistan currency treating one Pakistan rupee as equal to one Indian rupee.

Such amounts, the Association stated, would be kept by the members of the Association in suspense account and adjustments would be made when the rate of exchange between the two Dominions was resettled.

Rajah Of Jamkhandi's Handsome Donation

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3. (P.T.I.): The Rajah of Jamkhandi, Rajasaheb Shrimant Shri Parashuramrao Patvardhan, has donated Rs 1,00,000 for a scholarship, to be given to a deserving cadet at the National Defence Academy. The gift, the first of its kind, is in memory of the donor's grandfather and is meant to help a cadet who cannot afford to meet the expenses at the academy.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3.

Market opened strong and with aggressive bull support it was pushed up and closed with a bullish sentiment.

Flustuations: Calico opened 264-8 highest 266 lowest 263.

Arvind opened 753 highest 754 lowest 738.

Ambica opened 330 lowest 329.

Deferred opened 1405 highest 1417 lowest 1401.

Closing quotations: Calico 264 Arvind 749 Ambica 329 Deferred 1411 Atul 35 New Cotton 307-8.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (DECEMBER)

New York, Nov. 3

Previous closing	29.99
To-day's opening	29.99
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	mutilated

LAST QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Nov. 3

Silver Forward	Rs.	167 0 0
Gold Forward	Rs.	113 8 0
Silver Bullion	Rs.	166 14 0
Silver Mint	Rs.	167 0 0
Gold Ready	Rs.	114 2 0
Sovereign	Rs.	75 8 0

NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, Nov. 3

Stock Exchange opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 29
General Motors dol 69 1/8
United States Steel Common dol 25
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): Oil share market was the firmest section of an otherwise hesitant Stock Exchange today. Steady demand, particularly for Trinidad issues, put prices one-thirty second to one-sixteenth above previous closing levels. Mexican Eagles were quietly steady around two-one-and-three.

British Government Stocks encountered some bear selling and declined by a quarter per cent and there was an easier tendency to some of the industrial groups. Irons, Steels and Building shares lost a few pence but Motors were exceptionally firm. Once again there was keen demand for Ford Motors which went sharply ahead to five-three and nine.

A feature of the foreign bond section was the rise in German loans. Both dawes and young issues showed useful gains on buying prompted by the decision of the British Government to introduce legislation to provide for the disposal of German assets in the hands of the Custodian of Enemy Property.

South African Minings were dull. Further consideration of October returns encouraged small selling of dividend payers. Developers however revealed an occasional firm spot.

Indore Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE CITY, Nov. 3.

Today's closing quotations in Rs. on Indore Stock Exchange were as follows:

Indore Malwa 127, Hukamchand Mill 528, Bhandari M.ll 671, Vmod Mill 352, Kalyanmal Mill 86, Kalyanmal Pref. 91, Rajkumar Mill 140, Indore Bank 60.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Nov. 3.

Cotton Sind NT 70-8 Punjab 289—F 74 Fourf 67 Steadier but buyers reluctant to follow advance of seven rupees during week.

Arrivals from upcountry average 2,000 bales per day exports since Sept. 1 Total 85475 bales of which 24520 for Russia 19340 for Japan 16785 for Hong Kong 14565 for Continental ports, 4415 for U.K. 3122 for India.

Cottonseeds NT ready 5-14 November 5-7-6 steady.

Gold 99 Sovereigns 65-12 steady.

R

GOVERNMENT CLOTH SHOP

IT IS ANNOUNCED for the information of the public that a Government Cloth Shop has been OPENED from 4th November, 1949, in the premises of the NEW INDIA BUILDING Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay, for the convenience of the public residing in this area. The Cloth Shop will sell at reduced prices all types of cloth returned by Retail Cloth Dealers, etc.

R

COAL AND COKE

Consumers of coal and coke who have already been granted Permits by the Provincial Coal Controller, Bombay, are entitled to draw the following percentage of quotas against those Permits during the month of November, 1949

Steam Coal	100%
Soft Coke	100%
Beehive (Desai Bhatta for industrial use only)	75%
By-product (Foundry) Coke	75%

Consumers desirous of purchasing Steam Coal may apply to the Provincial Coal Controller, No. 10 Queen's Barracks, Cooperage, Bombay, for the same.

Richard Conte and Susan Hayward in "House of Strangers" at New Empire

ROBINSON TRIUMPHS AT NEW EMPIRE

If you like your entertainment red and raw, see the power-packed "House of Strangers" at the New Empire this week. That very fine actor Edward G. Robinson is cast in the part of Gino Monetti, an Italian who pulled himself up by his shoe strings to become the head of his own banking house.

Unfortunately, his knowledge of the laws of banking is naive in the extreme, and he soon finds the government making trouble for him for violating the banking statutes. At this juncture he turns to his sons, three of whom, sweet lads that they are, simply refuse to have anything to do with papa now that he's well and truly in the soup. The fourth, who under a cold and brittle exterior hides more loyalty than most of us are blest with, takes the rap for him and wind up in gaol. This is where Papa Gino's unpleasant nature comes to the fore, and he makes the son swear an undying vandetta against his brothers. When he comes from prison, the boy threatens to ruins his brothers, and though he finally realises that it is no use pursuing the paths of vengeance, it is almost too late, for his brothers are now after him, and it is only through the greatest luck that he narrowly escapes being done to death.

Edward G. Robinson has the time of his life as Gino. Soft, solicitous for his family's welfare, he nevertheless has a side to his nature that is unpleasant in the extreme. He does not reserve his vindicativeness for outsiders alone, but is equally ruthless with his family. His tenderness alternates with harshness, his love with the hatred of a megalomaniac. It needed an artist to do the part justice, and Robinson has been worthy of his assignment. Richard Conte has a major role as the loyal son, torn between love for his father and the realisation that the old man is in many ways a monster. Susan Hayward, has at last received an assignment that calls not merely for looks but for acting. As Conte's sweetheart, she finds herself inextricably enmeshed in the family feud, and has to run the gamut of practically every human emotion before she is united with him at the end.

THE FOUNTAIN HEAD

A Best-Seller Filmed

Ayn Rand's powerful best-seller "The Fountainhead" has been made into a fine motion picture which is soon to be released in Bombay at the REGAL. The story concerns a young architect who fights against tradition and complacency on behalf of his work. The settings are gorgeous and the picture promises to be one of the most thrilling of the year. Perennial favourite Gary Cooper is cast as the idealistic architect, while Broadway star Patricia Neal plays opposite him as the brilliant and beautiful newspaperwoman. Raymond Massey augments a distinguished cast, which includes Robert Douglas and Kent Smith. The picture has been produced by Henry Blanke and sensitively directed by veteran King Vider, at Warner Brothers Studios.

Gary Cooper and Patricia Neal in "The Fountainhead", coming shortly to Regal.

NOTED FRENCH FILM FOR BOMBAY

Andre Paulve's outstanding French film of the year, Jean Cocteau's "La Belle et la Bete". "The Beauty and the Beast" is coming soon at New Empire. This French masterpiece, with English subtitles, will long be remembered.

FOREIGN FILMS THIS WEEK

CUBA'S FIGHT FOR LIBERTY

Things most to be cherished are often the ones taken mostly for granted. Where liberty exists, men are unaware of it, while slaves gladly sacrifice their lives for a breath of the air of freedom. "We Were Strangers", the coming week's attraction at the Eros, chronicles Cuba's struggle for political liberty during the tyrannical President Machado's regime.

We have an oddly-assorted bunch of conspirators linked only by their grim resolve to overthrow the government. There is a girl whose brother has been butchered, an educated idealist, a labourer, a mechanic, and a Cuban-born American who is the originator of the plot. This fine film shows the strain they undergo, the long agonised moments when capture seems imminent, and the nerve-racking ordeal of digging a tunnel under a cemetery with the stench of decaying death in their nostrils.

When their plot goes askew through a quirk of fate, the would-be hunters suddenly find themselves the hunted. The police trap the girl and the American, and soon a pitched battle is raging with bombs, bullets, and dynamite freely used on both sides. Just as the leader of the whole plot is shot, a revolution breaks out with that amazing rapidity possible only in the South American countries, and as the church bells toll the hero's knell, they also ring forth a joyous peal for the new era of freedom that he has helped to create.

As the kingpin of the assassination plot, John Garfield gives a powerful performance. His unswerving devotion to the task in hand causes him at times to be utterly ruthless. His death just at the moment of triumph seemed somewhat futile; there certainly seemed to be no dramatic necessity for it. Jennifer Jones has the important role of Garfield's comrade in arms. She brings pathos and sensitivity to a part that stresses the harder aspects of a woman's nature. Her scene with the besotted police captain is one of the highlights of the film.

"BLOSSOMS REVIVED"

A sequence from Films Division's documentary on Poliomyelitis entitled "Blossoms Revived" scheduled for release from November 4.

'Blossoms Revived': New Film On Polio Rehabilitation

UNFOLDING the fight of the body and the spirit against the scourge poliomyelitis which leaves the children crippled on the threshold of life, Films Division's Documentary "Blossoms Revived" is the story of a mother's courage to save her daughter from this dreaded disease.

Caused by a Virus which attacks the nerve centre rendering useless the muscles that they control and resulting in partial or total paralysis, isolation is absolutely necessary in such cases, clean linen is required and soiled clothes are to be sterilized. Constant application of hot packs is necessary and when the pain subsides gentle massage throughout is required. The treatment takes a long time and it calls for all the reserve of determination and patience that the patient and the parent can muster. There is no known preventive or cure for this diseases. Rehabilitation is the only answer, teaching limbs to perform a forgotten function.

Scheduled for release on November 4 throughout the country, this short film shows the skill, devotion and service of a band of workers with whose co-operation a sick child is saved from this disease.

"Flaxy Martin" At The Regal

Gals sure ain't what they used to be! Flaxy Martin is about the limit for her unscrupulousness. With a heart that would make an iceberg seem lukewarm, she goes through life utterly oblivious of others as long as she can get what she wants. She lets her lover take a murder rap because of her, and when he comes out of prison, turns on him as well as on the guy whose current moll she happens to be. However, right triumphs in the end, our sense of justice is appeased, and the ruthless Miss Martin gets her deserts. Certainly the character is not an attractive one, but Virginia Mayo plays the part with a zest that somehow robs the character of most of its harshness. After the very much lighter roles which she has played in the past, Virginia Mayo emerges as a dramatic actress of no mean ability. In a role that is an absolute contrast to the diamond-hard Flaxy Martin, Dorothy Malone gives a soft and feminine touch to her part of the girl who stands by her man when he is in the deepest trouble. Zachary Scott plays the male lead with distinction, and chalks up another dramatic hit for himself. The film has been produced by Saul Elkins and directed by Richard Bare.

Jungle Thrills At Metro

The current week's at the Metro is the re-issued "Tarzan and His Mate" The second of the popular Tarzan series, it teems with thrills of a type that will endear it with all who are drawn to wild life. Herds of elephants, lions, monkeys, and other forest creatures are the real stars of this film, while the indomitable Tarzan is played by Johnny Weissmuller co-starred with Maureen O'Sullivan as Jane. Tarzan as usual is up to the ears in adventures. There are spectacular scenes where Tarzan is charged by a maddened rhino, where he grapples single-handled with a full-grown lion, and a hair-raising sequence where he has to fight a huge crocodile under water.

Also showing at the Metro is M.G.M.'s "Nehru's Visit to the United States", which will be shown exclusively at this theatre.

INDIAN NEWS REVIEW

The grand reception accorded to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in New York highlights the Indian News Review No. 55 scheduled for release this week end.

The reception to the Prime Minister by the Indian community of New York and by the Indian Ambassador at Waldrof Astoria Hotel afford intimate touches of Pandit Nehru's concern for Indians abroad.

Talkie extracts of Pandit Nehru's speech at the Civic reception in New York add to the colour and vividness of the function.

The celebration of the United Nations Day in Bombay has been specially covered for the Newsreel and includes talkie extracts of the speeches by the Premier of Bombay and the United States Consul-General in Bombay.

A scene from "It Happens Every Spring" at Strand.

Gay Frothy Comedy At Strand

As a contrast to the sombre "Lost Week-End", Ray Milland comes to the Strand this week in "It Happens Every Spring", a light comedy made up of highly improbable situations which are still vastly amusing. Milland, cast as a chemistry professor, invents a compound which, when applied to anything, makes it wood-repellant.

Fancying himself as quite a pitcher at baseball, he puts his discovery on the ball with the result that there is not a batter on earth who can swipe him. He takes leave from his college under false pretences and joins a professional baseball team and soon finds himself a national sensation. He thinks that the college authorities will be furious with him for his deception while actually the whole college know and are following his career with great pride. Suddenly he finds that his stock of the wood-repellant has been exhausted, and he enters his last game with misgivings. However, he holds an exceptionally difficult catch and finds himself hailed as the saviour of his side, and returns to be lionised by the college authorities.

Ray Milland romps merrily through the picture as the baseball phenomenon of the century, while Jean Peters is attractive as the daughter of the faculty dean with whom Milland is in love. Paul Douglas is the catcher who chums up with Milland and develops a great friendship for him although he is out of his depth at times with all the zany going-on. Lloyd Bacon has directed this hilarious screenfare from a story by Shirly Smith and Valentine Davies.

RADIO LAB. AT POONA

POONA, Nov. 3. (PTI): Advanced research work in radio engineering will be introduced in Poona shortly with the establishment of an up-to-date radio laboratory attached to the Engineering College here.

Plans have been finalised, and a three-storeyed building costing over Rs. 2,00,000 for the laboratory will be completed by June 1950.

Prof. Chandrasekharayya of the Engineering College expressed the hope that the laboratory would be "the best one in India". Two similar laboratories are at the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, and the Guindi College of Engineering in Madras.

Outlining the features of the Laboratory, the professor said it would have a separate control room, separate studio, separate transmitting and receiving stations, all equipped on most up-to-date lines with facilities provided for television and frequency modulation.

U. S. Interest In Africa

SECRET INSPECTION OF BASES

LONDON, Nov. 3. (UPI): Revelation of the existence of an American diplomatic and military mission in Daresalaam, and their inspecting East African groundnut ports, on what is described as an "official visit" seemed to have taken Whitehall by surprise. Press sections of the Foreign Office, Colonial Office the Admiralty, and Air Ministry all denied any knowledge of the Mission.

But according to semi-official sources, it is disclosed that the American officers are being accompanied by the British Rear Admiral Albert Poland, who is senior British Naval Liaison Officer in the Middle East. The purpose of the American Mission is, it is stated, to plan naval and air bases as part of the general strategic plan for developing the bases in Africa for supply to the Middle East and for command of the Indian Ocean in the war against Russia, according to military commentators here.

This visit of the Americans throws light on the Labour Government's readiness to spend 23 million pounds into the groundnut scheme which has produced hardly any groundnuts, but which has led to the building of ports, railways, airfields and camps.

GROWING POPULARITY OF FENCING IN BRITAIN

LONDON, Nov. 2, (PTI-Reuter):—Fencing in Britain has developed to such an extent since the war that the Amateur Fencing Association has been obliged to institute a national training scheme under the direction of Professor Reger Grosnier, who coached last year's French Olympic Epee team.

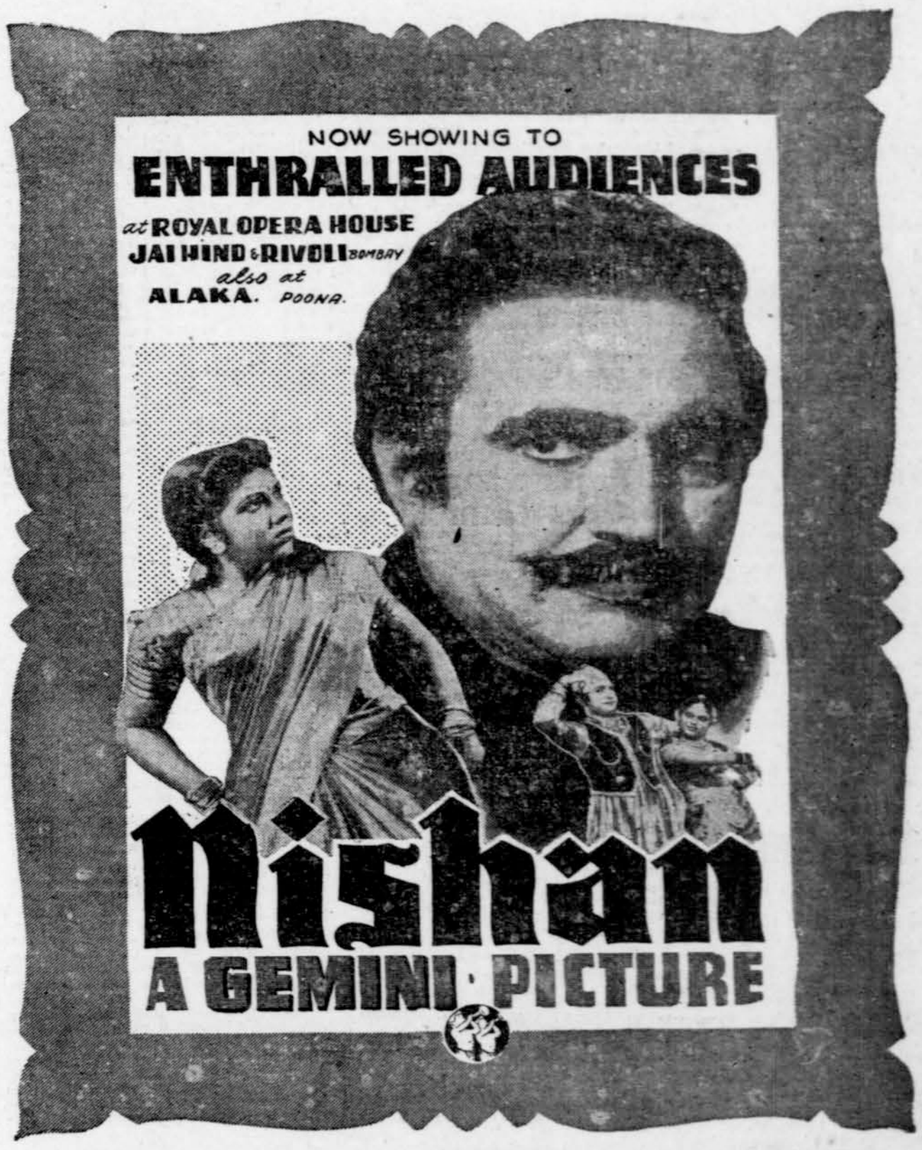
Mr. C. L. De Beaumont, Secretary of the Amateur Fencing Association said: "We hope the training scheme will provide us with sufficient leaders to cope with the rapidly growing demand for this fine relaxation and good exercise".

Professor Grosnier, is almost continually touring the country and so far thirty of his pupils, including several women, have passed the "proficiency test".

Women, in particular, are playing a big part in a remarkable revival of this ancient sport in Britain. Mixed clubs before the war were almost unknown, but today most of the 200 clubs have members of both sexes.

In Mr. Beaumont's opinion, the women can hold their own against the "stronger" sex. "This is in the use of the foil, the only weapon the women use, which, in the main, requires subtlety, speed and a quick mind if the best results are to be obtained".

The sport is being taken up by many Workers' Clubs in Britain, mainly because its equipment is reasonably inexpensive and it does not require much space.



RELEASING TODAY At REGAL & MINERVA, DELHI

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

NOTIFICATION NO. A5. 239/48-49, dated 30-10-1949.

TWO VACANCIES OF ASSISTANT PROFESSORS OF CIVIL ENGINEERING, COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, BANGALORE.

1. Applications are invited from duly qualified Mysoreans for the posts of Assistant Professors of Civil Engineering in the University on a salary of Rs. 200-40/2-400. The posts are permanent. The initial salary will be Rs. 200/-. The minimum academic qualification required is a good degree in Bachelor of Engineering. Preference will be given to candidates who have experience in teaching and have undergone good practical Training.

2. The appointments are subject to the rules of the Mysore Service Regulations as regards salary, leave, etc., and subject also to the rules of the University as regards discipline. The person selected will be required to join duty immediately after the receipt of orders of appointment.

3. Applications should contain the following information:

Age, caste, or community qualifications (including examinations passed and name of University, date of passing and class), Present position, salary and previous service, if any, as well as works published and other particulars, if any.

4. Copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) should accompany the applications. Six sets of the application and of testimonials are required. Applicants already in service should forward their applications through their official superiors.

5. If required, candidates should be prepared to be interviewed at their own expense.

6. Applications should be addressed to the Registrar, University of Mysore, Mysore and sent so as to reach him on or before 30-11-49.

C. RANGACHAR,
Ag. Registrar.

A HELL FOR RED DISSENTERS

Soviet Concentration Camps In Germany

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

THE concentration camps in the Soviet Zone of Germany, to which Herr Grotewohl, Prime Minister of the so-called East German Government, drew attention a few days ago by re-baptising them "Security Camps", are an unmitigated continuation of the Nazi prison system. Much is known about these camps from reliable sources.

In 1945 the Soviet military authorities took over a number of Nazi concentration camps in their Zone, including such notorious places as Buchenwald, Sachsenhausen and Bautzen. At first they mainly used these camps for interning Nazis. Those convicted of serious crimes and small fry were thrown in together pell mell. From 1946 onwards the camps were increasingly used for the imprisonment of dissenters from Communism, which was definitely installed as the political religion of the Soviet Zone with the creation of the Socialist United Party in the spring of 1946.

FIRST VICTIMS

The first victims of this process were Eastern Zone Social Democrats, who objected to the compulsory fusion of their Party with the Communists.

They were soon to be joined by members of the other non-Communist Parties, and a heterogeneous assortment of businessmen, journalists and students credited with views unacceptable to the Soviet authorities.

Typical sentences passed on students are 10 years' hard labour for writing a letter to the Western Zones describing Soviet methods, and 25 years' hard labour for alleged anti-Soviet activity. There are authenticated cases of persons who had been acquitted by Soviet Military Tribunals being held in concentration camps until they died. There are large numbers of women and children in concentration camps—including babies born there—and the ages of those arrested and interned range from 12 years to over 80.

Conditions in these camps, according to former inmates, are no better, and possibly even worse, than those prevailing under the Nazi regime before the war. Meagreness of food rations, scantiness of the fuel, clothing and bedding provided couples with shocking sanitary conditions, are the rule. Tuberculosis is said to be rampant, and the average mortality rate from disease and starvation appears to be as high as 50 per cent.

SUICIDES FREQUENT

Apart from physical hardships the psychological effects of confinement, with enforced inactivity and no contact with the outside world, are reported to be such as to drive many internees to desperation, and suicides are frequent. The concentration camp population is being continually depleted not only by deaths but also by deportations to forced labour in Russia.

Statistics of the total number of internees, deaths, deportations etc. are kept secret by the Soviet authorities. The following figures for Sachsenhausen, which together with Buchenwald and Bautzen are still in full use though some camps have been closed, are however believed to be approximately accurate and may be taken as an indication of the general position in the various camps.

Some 50,000 people are estimated to have passed through Sachsenhausen since 1945. Of these 26,000 are reported to have died, 9,000 to have been deported to the USSR., and a few thousand have been released. A total of between 200,000 and 300,000 persons are believed to have passed through the various Soviet concentration camps in the past four-and-a-half years.

Although the concentration camps system applied by the Soviet authorities resembles the Nazi system in almost every respect, it differs in regard to the legal position of most of the internees.

Under the Nazi system, the internees were held under "protective arrest" without having been sentenced in court. They could be released at any time if the Gestapo headquarters thought fit. The Russians, on the other hand, with their addition to legal formalism, insist on sentences being passed by a Russian Military Court as a preliminary to internment.

Since the Russian courts require full confessions of guilt from the accused persons it follows that those arrested are subjected to physical torture by the Russian Secret Police in order to extract the reqhisite confessions. In this respect the Soviet practice is worse than the Nazi.

Sentenced For Seditious Libel

LONDON, Nov. 3 (UPI): Mr Kwamin Afreyea, Editor of the Gold Coast paper, the "Morning Telegraph" at the time when the Gold Coast received Home Rule, was today sentenced to six months' hard labour for seditious libel

This newspaper is published by the leader of the home-rule movement. Dr. N. K. Rumah. Mr. Afreyea, it was stated, alleged that, after Dr. Rumah was recently fined for contempt of court, the police used tear-gas to disperse crowds and manhandled women, one woman being brutally truncheoned.

The editor of the "Gold Coast Express", Mr. George Amegbe who was gaoled on Tuesday for nine months, published an account yesterday of a talk in which his lot was compared with that of Pandit Nehru, Mahatma Gandhi and other political leaders.

"I have seen the light for which I am dying" he said.

We Have Our Own Difficulties, Says Acheson

NEW YORK, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Secretary of State Dean Acheson said tonight that if America spent five or six per cent—about four thousand million dollars—of its national income on imports it would solve its balance of payments problem, which was serious.

Speaking at the convention of the national foreign trade council, he said: "The bald fact is, though many people don't seem to realise it, we are in a real balance of payments difficulty. We have been for a long time."

"MORE DANGEROUS THAN ATOM BOMB"

Sidky Pasha Denounces Arab League Plan

CAIRO.—"More dangerous to Egypt than the atom bomb." This is how Ismail Sidky Pasha, veteran Egyptian statesman and former Prime Minister, described Egypt's proposal for a collective security pack linking the seven member states of the Arab League.

Sidky Pasha pointed out that the proposal was for a military alliance involving standard equipment and training and a unified command, with countries having "different ambitions, seething with internal troubles, and providing a field for open stamps to overturn the social order."

He added: that the plans meant allying Egypt with countries which have up to the present been "hurling accusations at each other, and some have bitterly criticised the Arab League Secretariat."

The veteran Egyptian statesman had all along cautioned premier Hussein Sidky Pasha not to take sides in any differences which may arise bgtween neighbouring Arab states. In a motion to the Prime Minister he stressed: "The recent coup d'etat in Syria and the disturbances in Lebanon and Iraq are further proof that it is advisable for Egypt to avoid interfering in differences arising between neighbouring Arab countries because in most cases they are inconsistent with Egypt's interests and ambitions."

Sidky Pasha urged Egyptian leader to look more tc the West, recalling the Khedive Ismail's famous words at the opening of the Suez Canal, "Egypt is now part of Europe."

"The Egyptian delegates to the Arab League Council should take into account the economic and social position of some of their proposed allies," Sidky Pasha said. "They would also remember how the Arab states had failed Egypt during the Palestine war and left her to fight the Zionists alone, although they were pledged to fight with Egypt to a finish."

Sidky Pasha then referred to the continuing British military occupation of the Suez Canal zone and the Sudan, and said that this made the alliance project "amazing."

AVIATION OILS FOR RED CHINA

Britain And U. S. Agree To Control Sale?

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): The "New York Herald Tribune's" Washington correspondent said today that the United States and Britain had agreed to control the sale of aviation oils and high grade petrol to Communist China. There was still no agreement on a number of other export items which the American Government regarded as strategic commodities, he added.

The Commerce Department yesterday announced export controls on nine types of refined oils, chiefly for aviation, destined for Asia. Before this announcement licences for such exports were required only for European destinations with a view to preventing sale to Russia and its allies.

INDIAN NATIONALS IN BAHREIN

Baghdad Legation To Look After Them

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (PTI): The Government of India have asked the Indian Legation at Baghdad to look after the thousands of Indian nationals working in oilfields and in other institutions in Bahrein and Kowittan, it is announced here.

This decision is in pursuance of the report submitted by Mr. C. S. Jha, Joint Secretary, External Affairs Ministry, on the conditions of Indians in these areas. This arrangement will continue till the establishment of Indian representation in the Persian Gulf area.

The Indian Charge d'Affairs at Baghdad will make periodical visits to the oilfields.

S. Africa Goes On With 'Herrenvolkism'

PRETORIA, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter): The South African Government was today asked to empower local councils to impose total residential and business segregation between Europeans and Indians.

Speaking in the Assembly Mr. C. F Beckett, United Party, called the action "irresponsible' in view of the proposed round-table conference between South Africa, India and Pakistan.

HOW LOUD IS A LOUDSPEAKER?

LONDON: London boroughs are arguing over the question: "Are some railway station loudspeakers a public nuisance?"

British Railways have asked that they should be exempt from the new bye-laws which are being made to curb noisy loudspeakers.

Hampstead and Stoke Newington councils have agreed that the railways should be exempt But Camberwell council disagreed. Their chairman said: "People living in houses near stations in our boroughs are complaining about the noise of station loudspeakers."

"They are tired of hearing called out the names of nearly every station on local lines. It is unfair that the railways should allow their loudspeakers to become a nuisance".—P. T. I.—Reuter

TRAIN COLLISION IN EGYPT

CAIRO, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter)—Six people were killed and two injured when the Cairo Upper Egypt Express collided with an oil train near Dairut, 170 miles south of Cairo last night. Both trains were practically destroyed by fire.

PALITANA, Nov. 2 (PTI): Mr. Jaswant Mehta, organiser of the Socialist Party in Gohilwad district, has been elected President of the Mahua Municipality. Mr. Shantilal Doshi was elected Vice Chairman.

CONCEPT OF UNITED EUROPE

Will Western Germany Enter Council?

PARIS, Nov. 3, (PTI-Reuter): Critical issues upon which the whole conception of United Europe may depend, are due to come up for decision when the Council of Europe's gilt and plush Salle de L'Harloge (clock room) of the French Foreign Office here today.

The most important outstanding question is that of Western Germany's admission to the Council of Europe. This problem hung like a black question mark over the deliberations of the consultative assembly of the Council of Europe at its first meeting in Strasbourg in August.

First raised by Mr. Winston Churchill, Britain's Wartime Prime Minister, the question of the admission of Germany is closely related also to that of the admission of Austria and the Saar.

The most active canvassers for admission to the Council of Europe so far have been representatives of the tiny, but industrially strong, German-speaking Saar—which is politically independent but is linked economically with France.

The French view, as expressed at Strasbourg, is that Germany should not be admitted before Austria and the Saar.

If the committee of ministers, which may be called the "cabinet" of the council of Europe and exercises its executive power decides that Western Germany shall be admitted to the meeting of the consultative Assembly, serious problems may arise owing to the intense anti-German feelings of many residents of Alsace and Lorraine.

Another decision which the Committee of Ministers will have to take—unless it desides to refer the whole question back to the next meeting of the Consultative Assembly—is whether Western Germany is to have full or associate membership if admitted.

Associate members are represented in the Consultative Assembly—which would give western German speakers the opportunity to make their viewpoint known in company with other European members, but not in the committee of ministers.

Other important matters among the recommedations made by the consultative assembly for consideration by the council of ministers include:

Amendments to the statute of the council of Europe which, if approved, would give the assembly wider powers in running its own affairs;

Steps to be taken in the economic field:

The creation of an European patients office.

Cultural co-operation for scientific research and technical development:

Co-operation betwen member states in social security housing and workers' migration;

The draft of an agreement for the guarantee of human rights, and

The establishment of an European passport.

One resolution to be considered proposes an European "political authority" with limited, but effective powers.

At Last, Freedom From British

(From Our Correspondent).

JERUSALEM, (By Air): Palestine Arab pupils will, this year, sing national songs and undergo military training as well as form committees to supervise the conduct of fellow pupils at schools and outside it, according to recent instructions circulated by the Department of Education for Palestine.

During the past 26 years of British mandatory rule, Arab pupils had been forbidden to engage in such activity. Even the scouting movement was restricted to affiliation to the Baden-Powell Association, and was forbidden if it were organized on national character.

"The prevailing conditions of the country demand a complete reversal of the former schooling system. The homeland needs a new, energetic generation which does not hesitate to avenge the wrong done to it, and to efface the humiliation with which it has been afflicted", the circular said.

Sports, hiking, public speaking, acting, supplementary reading, and social service should be given a major place in school life, the circular ordered.

STRONG OPPOSITION TO SYRIA-IRAQ FUSION

Army Chiefs Dead Against It

(From Our Correspondent)

AMMAN, (By Air).

THE proposal for fusion between Syria and Iraq is meeting strong opposition from the majority of the Syrian Army leaders, according to reliable Damascus reports reaching here. It is generally agreed that without the Army's blessing no political undertaking could be entered into by the Government.

Syrian officers are unanimously demanding Iraq's freedom from foreign (British) influence as a prerequisite to the initiations of negotiations in that direction, the reports state.

The official Syrian view, announced recently, is that no formal discussion on the subject had taken place between the two governments. It added that the present Syrian Government was transitory, and did not, therefore, consider itself entitled to commit the people of Syria to a revolutionary change of regime which a union with Iraq would draw in its wake. It was pointed out that unless a mere federation were the envisaged outcome of the plan, Syria would have to choose to become a monarchy, or part of a monarchy. The forthcoming elections for a constituent assembly only could decide the issue, it was officially added.

PARTIES ACTIVE

What the Syrian electorate chooses, it is maintained, will depend upon whether the fusion issue will govern the election platform of any of the participating political groupings. Two strong parties, the Nationalists—led by veterans of the Arab Revolt of 1916—and the Populists are today mustering for next November 15. (There are, however, reports that the date may be put off another ten days.) But the Nationalists, who urge fusion with Iraq, are out of office and have declared they will boycott the elections. They expect by their negative action, to restrain a sufficiently large proportion of voters as to render the results constitutionally void.

Should such a situation develop, informed observers in Damascus predict that the only way out of the predicament would be a plebiscite, an uncertain step which the men in power strive to avoid at the present critical juncture in the international situation.

COALITION SUGGESTED

Seventy-year-old Hashem Atassi, the Syrian Populist Premier, foreseeing the dangers of further delay to the desired stability of the country—after two consecutive coups d'etat—suggested a coalition which would include, besides the Nationalists, other political groupings. His efforts failed, however, when his own party declared that it rejected "co-operation with a party whose political record in the past smacked of untrustworthiness."

Meanwhile, the relaxation of the short-lived Huani Zaim decrease suppressing political activity, has permitted the Communist elements to revive their subversive campaigning. At recent demonstration in Aleppo and Damascus the Government policy of co-operation with the United Nations Economic Survey Mission, led by Mr. Gordon Clapp, was attacked as one more proof of Anglo-American "imperialism" disguised under humanitarian motives. According to Syrian press reports, the Communists have emerged from their underground, re-formed their ranks and organisation, and the actively exploiting the present transitory nature of the administration and its indecision in many respects.

Another important discontented, but expressive element appeared on the Syrian political scene during the last fortnight. The new electoral law restricts representation of Syria's strong tribal population to six deputies. It previously enjoyed 18 to 20 seats in the Chamber of Deputies. Tribal chiefs have consequently refused to sit on the "Special Tribal Council" which is empowered to elect the six deputies to the constituent assembly.

ECONOMIC SITUATION

Alongside these internal political cross-currents, the economic situation continues to deteriorate generally in Syria. Last week's ratification of the Franco-Syrian Monetary Convention did not, however, seem to reinstate lost confidence in Syrian currency. Whereas the agreement with France plans to liquidate Syria's monetary ties with France in about six years, the Lebanese agreement stipulates an indefinite backing by France of Lebanese currency. For that reason, Syrian currency is still below par against the Lebanese. The Syrian pound is quoted at between 4-6 per cent. lower than the Lebanese, Foreign exchange continues to be scarce and unduly high-priced on the free market.

The fate of the proposal for union between Syria and Iraq thus appears to be governed by factors beyond the control of Syrian political leadership. At the Arab League meeting Egypt's request for clarification of the reported proposal was met by a firm stand of the Syrian Foreign Minister, Nazim el Qudsi, who declared that debating the subject without his approval would be regarded as interference in his country's internal affairs.

One Card For Foreigners

CAIRO: Foreign residents in Egypt are no longer required to carry two identity cards

The recommendation of the Ministry of Social Affairs that they should hold only the card issued by the Ministry of the Interior granting them residence status, has been endorsed by the Council of State

Thus foreigners will be exempt from holding the work card issued by the Ministry of Social Affairs in conformity with law 123 of 1944. There are 250,000 foreigners, mostly Greeks, Italians and French living in Egypt.—(P. T. I.-Reuter).

FOUND DYING ON BED OF RAGES: LEFT FORTUNE

MELBOURNE: A 76-year-old man who died in hospital here recently after he was found living in squalor and filth was reported to have left an estate of £10,000.

The man, Edward Bury, was a descendent of Baron Bury, of Oxfordshire, England, who lived in 1512, it has been claimed.

Police said they believed that an heir to the estate—a son—was living somewhere in Australia.

It was stated that more than 400 years of English and Irish history would be searched in an attempt to find any other living descendants.

Police found Bury naked on a bed of rags in what was one of Melbourne's most stately homes last century.

Now rotting furniture, carpets and tapestries estimated to have been worth thousands of pounds lie side by side with several hundred milk bottles and hundreds of bed sheets which had almost decayed into dust.

Bury spoke to no one before he died.—(P. T. I.-Reuter).

Indonesia Thanks India & Australia

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. L. M. Palar, Chief Indonesian Delegate to the United Nations, today expressed Indonesia's gratitude to Australia and India for bringing the Dutch-Indonesian dispute before the Security Council and the General Assembly.

"Without intervention by the United Nations, our conflict with the Netherlands could only have been solved by force of arms" he said.

Amnesty In Batavia

BATAVIA, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter)—The Dutch authorities here announced today amnesty for all political prisoners and those gaoled for offences emanating from conflict between the Dutch and the Indonesian Republic.

The amnesty takes effect tomorrow and follows yesterday's agreement.

WOOLGROWERS' GREAT LOSS

£600,000 Worth Gutted In Port Elizabeth

PORT ELIZABETH, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): A fire destroyed wool worth 600,000 sterling and gutted the Woolgrowers Association building here today. Fire fighters saved an adjoining building with wool valued at two million sterling.

WORLD CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY

West To Ask U. N. To Reaffirm Support

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 2, (PTI-Reuter): The Western Powers, including Canada, are expected within the next few days to ask the General Assembly to reaffirm its overwhelming majority support for the plan to establish international control of atomic energy.

The majority plan maintains that inspection is not foolproof and that safe international control can be achieved only when an international agency owns and operates all atomic production in the world.

EQUAL PAY FOR WOMEN

I. L. O's Questionnaire To Member Nations

GENEVA, (By Air Mail)

THE International Labour Organisation has requested its member countries to define their positions on the question of equal pay for women and to propose measures for putting the principle into practice.

Government, employer and labour delegates to the 1950 conference of the ILO will hold a preliminary discussion of the question next June, preparatory to the adoption, probably at the 1951 session, of international regulations.

Whether the regulations will take the form of one or more conventions or of an official recommendation will be decided by the conference.

The report on law and practice which accompanied the questionnaire to Governments states that while the principle of equal pay for men and women doing work of equal value is widely accepted, the application of the principle "is by no means generalised."

TOWARDS MOBILITY

The ILO study states that non-discrimination between men and women workers should be achieved "not only as a measure of social justice, but to promote labour mobility and efficient utilisation of the labour force." It points out that lower wage rates to women are a threat to men's wages.

According to the report, increasing recognition is being given to the principle which is no longer openly challenged, and considerable effort has been made to provide for its application. Differences arise, however, in the interpretation of the general principle. It has even been argued that differential rates against women workers are in conformity with the principle because the employment of women presumably entails increased over-all production costs.

The document maintains that a proper definition of what constitues equal pay for work of equal value should afford a sound basis for establishing methods of application. Following an examination of possible definitions based on relative job performance of men and women on comparable work, and wages based on production costs, the ILO study favours the definition which bases wage rates on job content without regard to sex.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

In discussing the scope and methods of application of the principle the ILO report states that the "State, as an employer, or public authorities, as determining agents, are in a position to exercise direct influence upon the implementation of the principle of equal treatment of men and women workers." It notes also the important role that collective bargaining may play in this matter.

The report recognises the increase in wage costs which result from a decision to bring owmen's wages in line with those of men and lists a number of measures undertaken by Governments which enabled them to put the principle into practice.

The ILO report points out that efforts to win recognition for and application of the principle of equal pay for equal work are connected with the struggle to improve social conditions generally.

It states that "social developments such as progress in rational utilisation of manpower resources, in increasing labour productivity, in social security, have a direct bearing upon the position of women in the labour market, and consequently, upon their remuneration."

ROBESON'S PASSPORT MAY BE CANCELLED

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2 (Pti-Reuter): A State Department spokesman said today he did not know if Mr. Paul Robeson, the American negro singer, would be allowed to retain his passport to attend the All India Peace Conference in Calcutta this month.

The spokesman said that on some earlier occasions passports had not been granted to, or had been withdrawn from, others on the grounds that they would discredit the United States at Communist rallies abroad

Uncle Sam's 85 m Jap Allies

CLEVELAND, Nov. 3(PTI-Reuter): Lieut.-Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger, Occupation Force Commander in Japan, said today that "85 million Japanese would be on our side" in the event of an American war with the Soviet Union. "The Japanese soldiers would be a commander's dream. They are the kind who stay on a ridge top until they die", he told an American Automobile Association meeting here.

The General, war-time United States Eighth Army Commander, said that American generosity to Japan had "stemmed" the Russian advance across the Pacific. This generosity and goodwill toward the Japanese since the war had produced "tremendous prestige" for America.

CONDEMN GREECE AS AGGRESSOR

Albania's Demand In U.N.: Withdraw Allied Army

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter)—Albania today asked the United Nations to condemn Greece as the aggressor in the Balkans dispute and to demand the immediate withdrawal of allied troops in Greece.

Mr. M. Prifti, the Albanian Representative, told the United Nations Political Committee that all accusations made against Albania were false and that Greece was gripped by "oppression and terror" through the British and American Government maintaining a "terror regime". He called for the disbandment of the United Nations Balkans Commission, rejecting its report as "foundless" and blamed Britain and the United States for the breakdown of the Greek conciliation talks at the United Nations.

Changed Complexion Of Commonwealth

ADELAIDE, Nov. 2(PTI-Reuter): Entry of India, Pakistan and Ceylon into the British Commonwealth meant that it would "no longer reflect a predominantly European outlook", Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian External Affairs Minister, said here today.

Nor, he added, would the Commonwealth "tend to preoccupy itself with predominantly European problems" Dr. Evatt was addressing a luncheon meeting of the Commonwealth Club here.

White Insurgent Sentenced

RANGOON, Nov. 3 (U P I). A white P. V. O. leader, Bo Hla Tin, has been sentenced to three years rigorous imprisonment on a charge of attacking the police and taking away arms from them.

It is stated that Bo Hla Tin led the white P. V. Os in an attack on the police outpost at Bahan on March 11, when the P V Os took away five rifles, one revolver and 205 rounds of cartridges.

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Agent: Messrs. KEMP & CO., LTD. P.O. Box 937 BOMBAY

Tata Steel Shares Harden On Hopes Of Higher Production

LIMITED BUSINESS IN TEXTILE SECTION

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

The Bombay Stock Exchange displayed steady tone today under moderate speculative buying and short covering based on technical consideration. Recently there was heavy liquidation in Steel shares and with improved technical position, the market rallying. Most of the activity of a speculative nature and was confined only to Tata Steel Shares. Cotton mill shares were steady in sympathy with the improvement in steel shares.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1,407-8 and advanced at Rs. 1,417-8 Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 277 and after declining at Rs. 275 improved at Rs. 277-8.

Bombay Dyeing Shares were done at Rs. 1,020, Kohinoors came in business at Rs. 269 while Svadeshi Mill Shares were done at Rs. 251. Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 14-8 and Indian Irons were done at Rs. 27-8.

Central India shares were quoted at Rs. 222-8 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 250. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 177-8. Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 142-8, Belapurs were done at Rs. 207-8 while Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 318-12.

Towards the close Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1407-8 while Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 275. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1017-8. Today's improvement in Tata Steel shares was on hopes of increased production.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1018 12
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	267 0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	250 0
Central India Mills (4)	216 0
Simplex Millc (6-8)	176 8
New Great Eastern (8)	133 0
Indore (8-13)	121 4
Gokak Mills (12)	249 0
Century Spinning (15)	225 10
Indian Bleaching (6)	140 0
Swan Mills (20)	304 0
Finlay Mills (15)	253 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	436 4
Edward Sassoon (30)	207 8
Meyer (12)	110 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 10
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 0
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 11 6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170 0
Podar (S)	135 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	171 4
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	275 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1406 4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	135 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	142 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	318 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	206 8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	32 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14 6
Premier Construction	94 0
Tata Chemical	10 13
Tata Oil (2)	48 8
Indian Iron (0-12)	27 8
Bengal Steel (0-12)	19 4
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 3
Indian Copper	2 6
Wimco	185 0
Alcock	246 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1520 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1440 0
Tata Hydro (3) X.D.	152 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	55 8
Phoenix (50)	136 4
Indian Mfg.	2910 0
Kurla XD	107 8
Colaba (12)	120 0
New City (1)	159 6
Minerva (12)	137 8
Bradbury	435 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	28 8
Mysore (4)	166 4
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	183 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	700 0
Vishnu Cotton	217 8
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	223 12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2860 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-5)	49 8
Ahmedabad Advance	252 4
New Ahmedabad	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	31 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162 8
Raja Bahadur (4)	60 0
Berar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	125 10
Ahmedabad New	72 0
Surat Electric (2-8)	138 12
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 6
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	135 0
Bombay Suburban XR	141 4
Bombay Suburban New	81 8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1725 0
Imperial Bank PP (8-12)	423-12
Central Bank (1-8)	78 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	80 0
Bank of India (4) XD	170 0
Union (0-5)	7 2
Baroda	116 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	46 0
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	205 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Empire (10)	625 0
Oriental (125)	4200 0
New India (1-8)	55 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	11 13
Indian Mercantile (2)	38 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	15 0
Industrial and Prudential	26 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	11 14
RAILWAY SHARES	
G.P. (1-14) XD	113 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	227 8
Bombay Burma New (5)	117 8
Burma Petrol	1 6 6
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	64 8
Kemp and Co. (30)	376 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	40 0
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	161 4
Supreme India X.R.	78 12
Jam Wire (6)	67/8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	132 8
United Motor	28 0
Associated Cement New (2)	136 4
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	110 0
Gujarat Motor	28 0
Estrella Batteries	32 2
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	56 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1337 8
Hydro Electric (7)	127 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	237 8
Central India (5)	650 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	
Lakshmi Mills	260 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130 0
Pre. Construction First	102 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	99 8
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 8
Tata Chemical	117 8
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	74 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 8
New Victoria	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 4
Palton (8)	111 0
Gold Mohor	282 8
New Kaiser Hind	420 0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155 0
Osmanshahi (16)	245 0
Azamshahi	275 0
Air Services	5 0
Air India Tata	58 0
Hind Motor	4 12
Indian Steam	7 12

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

The Reserve Bank of India sold 200 bars of Silver at Rs. 167-5, but no sales of Gold were reported as the tenders were below the selling price of Rs. 114-8.

It appears that present arrivals of Gold are sufficient to meet the daily demand and there is no inclination to send tenders at the selling price fixed by the Reserve Bank.

The market opened at Rs. 167-12 for Kartak delivery Silver and declined at Rs. 167-8 under scattered selling. At this level there was some short covering and the market improved at Rs. 168 and steadied at Rs. 167-14. Ready Silver was also offered at Rs. 167-14.

Kartak delivery Gold opened at Rs. 113-12 and declined at Rs. 113-6 but rallied at Rs. 113-10, Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114-8 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75-12.

Later on rumours of devaluation of dollar and weekness in shares influenced incdeased selling in Silver. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	166 14 0
Kartak dely.	166 12 0
Ready Gold	114 4 0
Kartak dely.	113 8 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

The local produce market was quietly steady today with moderate business passing. Arrivals of groundnuts are fairly large but in view of the recent decline, sellers are not anxious. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS	
Quality Receipts	35 14 0
November Delivery	35 8 0
January Delivery	35 4 0
Bold December	34 4 0
Bold January	34 8 0
Oil Bombay Mills	22 4 0
Oil Upcountry Mills	21 8 0
Oil November	20 4 0
Oil December	19 6 0
LINSEED	
Indore	34 6 0
Bold	34 4 0
Small	32 12 0
Oil	20 8 0
CASTORSEEDS	
Spot	24 8 0
January Delivery	24 4 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99 6 0
2 3/4 per cent. 1962	99 0 0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96 0 0
3 per cent non terminable	96 14 0
3 per cent Con.	96 15 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 11 0
3 per cent 1952-55	101 15 0
3 per cent 1957	101 6 0
3 per cent 1959-61	100 13 0
3 per cent 1963-65	100 2 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 1 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 0 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 10 0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102 0 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114 4 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98 13 0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97 0 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 0 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 6 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 6 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 6 0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98 2 0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99 12 0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99 0 0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109 12 0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109 8 0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114 0 0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113 8 0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113 12 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100 0 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

Tata Ordinary 275; Tata Deferred 1406-4; Indian Iron 27-8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 19-4; Bombay Dyeing 1018-12; Central India 216-14; Gokak 249-6; Kohinoor 265-10; Simplex 176-8; Swadeshi 250; Tata Power 1520; Associated Cement 142-8; Belapur 206-14; Bombay Burma (Old) 318-12; Scindia 14; Central Bank 78-8; New India 55; Tata 2nd Pref. 135.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

MILLS

Apollo 2-10
B. Dyeing 1020 21-4 15 21-4 18-12
C. India 223 21-8 22 16
Colaba 120
Elphinstone Pref. 106-4
Finlay 253 55 53
Gokak 250 51 49
I. U. Defd. 1-11-5
I.U. Ord. 11-1 11 11-1 11
Indore 123-12 20 21-4
Kohinoor 269 70 68 69-8 67
Laxmi 700
Mysore 166-4
New City 159-6
New Great 133
Phoenix 136-4
Shrinivas 160
Simplex 177 77-8 76-8
Svadeshi 252 51 52-8 50
Swan 304
Tata Mills 49-8
Vishnu 218-12

STEAMER

B. Steam 225 27-8
Scindia 14-5 14-7 14-2-6 14-8 14-6

BANKS

Baroda 117 16-8
Central 78-4 78-12 78-8
Central New 80
Imperial Old 1725
Imperial New 423-12
India 169-4 70-4 69-8 70
Union 7-1-6 7-1 7-2
U. Commercial 46

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 125-10.
Andhra 1,440.
Suburban 140-10 41-4.
Hydro 151-8 52.
Power 1522-8 20.
New India 55.

STEEL

B. Steel 19-4 19-6 19-2 19-6 19-4.
I. Iron 27-8 27-5 27-9 27-7 27-8.
Tata Defd. 1405 15 2-8 20 6-4.
Tata Ord. 277 77-8 75 7-8 76-8 77 75.
Tata IInd Pref. 134-8 35.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 247-8 46-4.
A.C.C. Old 143-4 42-8 42-12 42.
Belapur 209 10 5 7 6 6-8.
B.B. Old 320 21-4 18-12 21-4 18-12.
B.B. New 117-8.
B.B. Petrol 1-6-6.
B.I.C. 8-3
Dharamsey 40.
I Bleaching 140.
I Copper 2-6.
Kemp 377-8 76-4.
Port Canning 64-8.
P. Const. 96 94 95 94.
P. Const IInd Pref. 98.
Shivrajpur 32
Tata Chem. 10-14 10-13.
Tata Oil 49 48-8.
Walchandnagar 132-8.
Wimco 186-4 85.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 72 73 72
Suburban Elec New 81-8.
Indian Mfg. 2910.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

There was no forward business today in the local cotton market. Traders are awaiting the result of legal action taken against some members. The date of hearing is tomorrow.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May delivery is 1343 cent points below New York May contract.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

KARNAK	
Nov.	70.95+16
January	69.42+37
March	68.75
ASHMOUNI—	
December	62.50+25
February	61.65+25
April	60.95+05

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

B. C. Rates T. T. D D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T. T D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal 431 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2. Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T D. D. Rs. 53 1/2.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 1/4.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8, London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 7/8-1/2 31/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20 London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c. London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p.c. Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent. Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent. 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent Tone: Easy.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd. for the fortnight dated 15th October:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	5,76,66,000
Capital Paid-up Ordinary Shares	2,62,12,000
Capital Paid-up Ordinary 'A' Shares	52,42,000
	3,14,54,000
Reserve and Other Funds, Reserve Fund	3,16,28,000
Contingency Fund	50,00,000
Sinking Fund in respect of Lands and Buildings	38,10,000
	4,04,38,000
Deposits, Debts due to Bank and Agents, Bills Payable, etc.	1,23,89,08,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	23,63,36,000
Total Rs.	1,54,71,36,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Cash Credit and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities	31,46,09,000
Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities	7,09,17,000
Bills Discounted	6,23,62,000
Lands and Buildings	99,18,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	20,28,70,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, — Government Paper, Treasury Bills, — Shares, Debentures, etc.	88,64,60,000
Total Rs.	1,54,71,36,000

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 28th day of Octbor:

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	35,83,45,000
Notes in circulation	10,73,29,44,000
Total Notes issued	11,09,12,89,000
Total Liabilities	11,09,12,89,000

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	40,01,71,000
(b) Held outside India	....
Foreign Securities	600,34,38,000
Total of A	6,40,36,09,000
B. Rupee Coin	53,49,75,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	4,15,27,05,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	....
Total Assets	11,09,12,89,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57.735 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	6,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government	1,50,68,93,000
(2) Other Governments	24,91,26,000
(b) Banks	72,24,38,000
(c) Others	66,44,08,000
Bills Payable	4,07,64,000
Other Liabilities	6,87,33,000
Rupees	3,35,23,62,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	35,83,45,000
Rupee Coin	12,66,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,97,000
Bills Purchased and discounted:—	
Internal	10,18,000
Government Treasury Bills	1,72,84,000
Balances held abroad	1,88,72,96,000
Other Loans and Advances	9,31,80,000
Investments	95,97,23,000
Other Assets	3,40,53,000
Rupees	3,35,23,62,000

MOVEMENT OF SCINDIA STEAMERS

s. s. Jal-Azad from U. K./Continent with passengers, mail and cargo on 10-11-49.
Captain R. M. Memory.
s. s. Jalakendra from U.S.A. with locomotives and general cargo on 16-11-49.
Captain A. Keir.
s. s. Star of Suez from Mediterranean ports on 5-11-49.
s. s. Pacific Stronghold from U.S.A. on 14-11-49.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 28th October:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,30,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Banks, Current and other Accounts	266,47,69,000
Sundries	1,75,91,000
Total Rs.	280,16,10,000

ASSETS	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	120,36,48,000
Other Authorised Investments	11,74,28,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	19,01,98,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	62,94,95,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,30,22,000
Dead Stock	1,59,66,000
Sundries	1,98,66,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	43,41,78,000
Balances with other Banks	14,78,09,000
Total Rs.	280,16,10,000

NOTE: In the absence of fixed exchange rates between India and Pakistan for Pakistan rupees, figures in respect of Bank's Pakistan branches have been entered at par in the above statement.

Scheduled Banks In Pakistan

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Airmail).

Following the position of the Scheduled Banks in Pakistan at the close of business on October 21, 1949:—

(1) DEMAND LIABILITIES IN PAKISTAN

(a) Borrowings from Banks Rs. 87,02,000: (b) Other Demand Liabilities Rs. 87,29,94,000.

(2) TIME LIABILITIES IN PAKISTAN

(a) Borrowings from Banks Rs. 2,000; (b) Other Time Liabilities Rs. 20,13,95,000.

(3) CASH IN PAKISTAN

(a) Currency Notes of the Govt. of India and Bank Notes Rs. 9,000; (b) Pakistan Notes Rs. 3,57,78,000; (c) India Rupee Coin Rs. 90,000; (d) Pakistan Rupee Coin Rs. 9,29,000; (e) India Subsidiary Coin Rs. 2,36,000; (f) Pakistan Subsidiary Coin Rs. 1,47,000.

(4) BALANCES WITH THE STATE BANK

(a) Principal Office Rs. 18,60,59,000; (b) Other offices and branches Rs. 1,58,30,000. (5) Advances in Pakistan Rs. 38,43,03,000.

(6) Bills Discounted in Pakistan Rs. 1,70,00,000.

Spot Houses Buying On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

INDUSTRIALS AND UTILITIES REACH NEW PEAKS IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, November 2.

COTTON: Opening gains were modestly extended featured by spot house buying and short covering evidently based on a brisk demand for print cloths, smaller crop ideas, freezing temperatures in parts of the central and western cotton belts and improved prospects of a settlement of the steel strike. The firmness of securities and loan support influences also aided the prices which later sagged slightly however on profittaking The market in the afternoon was influenced principally by persistent spot house buying reflecting bullish goods market reports. The session closed steady with sales aproximately at 160,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 2.	
December	29.99+05
March	29.89+11
May	29.93+09
July	29.61+12
October	28.04+01
Middling Spot	30.59+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Nov. 2.	
December	29.94+10
March	29.94+09
May	29.89+08
July	29.51+08
Middling Spot	29.50+10

New York Cotton December Highest 30.05 at 14-50 hours, Lowest 29.95 at 11-43 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Gains upto one dollar or so in enlarged activity took the industrial and utility averages to new peaks for 1949. Union officials said that an agreement may be reached today with Jones and Laughlin and all companies including United States steel are expected to fall in line with the Bethelem steel formula within ten days. Rubbers were aided by reports citing the probability of another advance in tyre because the recent 3-1/2 per cent boost was "totally inadequate to compensate for the cost of doing business today." The averages were industrials 192.61 and rails 48.62.

In the afternoon many buyers withdrew to await labour developments after the turnover had reached nearly 1-1/4 millions in the first four hours and industrial average had only reached a new peak for 1949 but also practically equalled the 1948 peak. Subsequent profit-taking caused minor erosion of values. The market finished at or around the day's best. The session closed firm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 2.

American Telephone and Telegraph	145-1/8
Amerex Holding Co.	32-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	29-3/8
Chase National Bank	36-1/8
Firestone Tyre	48
General Electric	38
General Motors	69-3/8
Ingersol Rand	71-3/4
International Nickel	29-1/4
National City Bank of New York	45-1/8
New York Central Rail Road	10-3
Sinclair Oil	23-7/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17-1/4
Texas Corporation	65-3/8
Union Carbide	40-3/4
U S. Smelting and Refining	40-1/2
U S Steel Common exdividend	25
Western Union "A"	19

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day were 1,570,000.

The Highest and Lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 25 and 24-3/4 respectively.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, November 2.

CHICAGO GRAINS: The early firmness was partly regained towards the close under the leadership of maize on short covering. Maize reflected the news that the department of agriculture would apply allotments to the maize next year reducing the acreage by ten million acres. The advance however attracted profittaking and hedging with some selling influenced by the slowness of domestic flour sales and continued inactivity in the export department.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 2.

December 2.12-1/2.
March 2.14-1/8.
May 2.11-3/8.
July 1.96-3/8.

NEW YORK SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.

SILVER: Demand slackened somewhat and consumers probably purchased only 225,000 ounces at unchanged price.

SHIPPING NEWS

S. S. JAL-AZAD from U.K.-Continent with passengers, mail and cargo on 10-11-49. Captain R. M. Memery.

S. S. JALAKENDRA from U. S. A. with locomotives and general cargo on 16-11-49. Captain: A. Keir.

S. S. STAR OF SUEZ from Mediterranean ports on 5-11-49.

S. S. PACIFIC STRONGHOLD from U. S. A. on 14-11-49.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Nov. 3.

120	Spot Japan	3 13 0
150	Spot Japan	3 14 6
120	Spot Italy	3 9 6
150	Spot Italy	3 14 0
150	D. Box November	775 0 0
150	D. Box December	785 0 0

At the opening November was quoted at Rs. 773 and after improving at Rs. 778 declined at Rs. 771 and rallied at Rs. 775.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3. (PTI): The market ruled steady for the speculative counters. Jute shares attracted mild enquiry, while other sections remained unaltered.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-30 p.m.:

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 p.c. India Govt. loan 1986 97 -, 3 p.c. India Govt. loan 1951 54 101 10 small lots, 3 p.c. Victory Bonds 1957 101 6, 3 p.c. India Govt. loan 1963 65 100 4 Small Lot, 3 p.c. India Govt. loan 1970/75 99 12 Small Lot.

BANKS: Allahabad preference 158/- Small Lot, United Commercial 47/- Small Lot.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 9 3, Elgin Mills ordy 15 8, Keshoram 13/15, New Victoria Mills ordy 2 1.

COALS: Bharat Colliery 6 12, Central India 4 5, East Indian 30/12, Burrakur 12 4, Searsole 10 3, South Karanpura 28 - C.T.

JUTES: Anglo-India 192 -, Aucland 109 -, Barangore 195 -, Belvedere 234, India 122 -, Megna 112 -, Chamdany 174 -, Dalhousie 144/-, Howrah 277/-, National 22 8, Nuddea 67 -, Presidency 5 8.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. 2 8, Consolidated Tin 15, Indian Copper Corpn. 2 7, Karanpura development 17, Tavoy Tin 10.

ENGINEERINGS: Ind iron and steel ordy. 27 2, Kumardhubi Eng. 7/15, Marshalls 6 3, Steel Corpn. of Bengal (ordy) 19/7.

MISCELLANEOUS: Sone Valley Cement 5/4, Calcutta Electric 15/10, British India Corpn. 8/2, Calcutta Tramways 18/10, Jardine Henderson 138/8, B B. Petrol 1/7, India Steamship 7/12.

SUGARS: Belsund 4, Carew and Cov. 9 3.

TEAS Tezpore 19/12 C T.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, Nov. 3.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOAN: Three per cent Paper 86 12, Do. Three per cent 1986 96 15 6, Do. 1970 75 99/14. Government of Travancore Loan Three per cent 1952 54 100/12, Gove. of Madras Loan Three per cent 1950 100.

BANKS: Travancore 13 4

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1 9, Blue Mountain 2 5 6 Chembra 4 7, Cochin Malabar 4/8, Devashola 13 2, Midland 3/7, Nellampathy 1 0/6, Ouchterlony 5/4, Uullangode, 1 1, Tirumoadi 1/10, T. R. and T. Co. 5 8, Vaikundam 5 8.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 138, Do. Pref. 188, Cambodia 10/6, Coimbatore CM 118, Do. Pioneer 125, Do. Spg. 44/12, Lakshmi 62, Madura 38, Mettur 317/8, Radhakrishna 144, Rajalakshmi 56, Ranga Vilas 46 8, Trav Rayons 4/1, Trichinopoly 9/14, Vasanta 100

MISCELLEANEOUS Andhra Cement 69 8 F. A. C. T. 4/5, India Cement 17/9, Mettur Chem. 6/12, Mysore Chem. Pert. 7/8.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES DECLINE

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.

BLACK PEPPER: The black pepper market was lower due to pressure of heavy arrivals. Buyers were holding off. Small parcels of spo twere transacted at 1.22 dollars per pound weight. Following are today's closing quotations: Black Pepper spot 1.22 traded, November 1.20 bid 1.22 asked, December 1.30 nominal, January 1.26 nominal, March 1.11 nominal, May 1.06 nominal, July 0.96 nominal, White pepper unquoted.

LONDON PEPPER RULES QUIET

LONDON, Nov. 2.

The pepper market was quiet with nonmaterialisation of expected German orders making for an easier trend although no selling pressure developed. Black lampong November was offered at 11sh. 5d., white muntok and sarawak at 16sh. 7d. per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar afloat was quoted at 1,130 shillings while November was offered at 1,100 shillings per cwt., c.i.f. unikingdom.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Nov. 2.

Very quiet conditions prevailed on the Singapore peppper market and no business was reported. Prices of black and white muntok were lowered by 10 dollars to 630 and 920 respectively per picul exgodown.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 2.

Indonesian issues were again the centre of interest following the announcement of the results of the round table conference. Amsterdam

Our Pakistan Newsletter:

PROTEST AGAINST SAFETY ORDINANCE

United Front Of Political And Social Bodies

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI. (By Air Mail).

PUBLIC opinion and tempo against the recently promulgated Pakistan Safety Ordinance has been rising according to information reaching here from various parts of Western Pakistan.

The Unions of Sind and Punjab Journalists as also the Pakistan Newspaper Editors' Conference have voiced their strongest feelings against such an Ordinance, which they have described as nothing less than a 'most repressive law'.

Some arrests under this new Ordinance have already taken place in the Punjab and the people there have been agitating more for the early repeal of this 'most drastic' Ordinance which has vested for wide powers in the hands of the executive.

COMMON FRONT

To mobilise united voice of the people against this Ordinance, an All-Pakistan Civil Liberties Union has been formed with its headquarters in Lahore. A number of political and social organisations including the Muslim League, the West Punjab Union of Journalists, the Jamiat-e-Islami, Pakistan, the Pakistan Trade Union Federation, the Progressive Writers and the Communist Party etc. have joined hands in an endeavour to protect the liberty of the individual in a democratic country as also to protect their common rights and fundamental liberties.

At a meeting under the auspices of this new organisation, a resolution was adopted strongly protesting against this new Ordinance saying that it was a fascist method promulgated even without consulting the Constitution Assembly at a time when the constitution of the country is still to be framed and warned the Government of the evil consequences of such a lawless legislation.

Those arrested by now under the new Ordinance include Mr. Mohomed Abdulla Khan, a member of the West Punjab Muslim League Council and Messrs. Ayubkhan and Siddiqi Lahori, members of the Executive Committee of the Anjuman-e-Muhajireen and prominent refugee workers.

THE FRONTIER

Conditions prevailing at present in the North Western Frontier Province, could well be gauged from the two press interviews given below.

"The present Frontier Ministry was full of corruption, bribery, nepotism, black-marketing and repression" said Khan Ghulam Mohomed Khan, General Secretary of the Frontier Awami Muslim League, in an interview here.

While describing the Frontier Muslim League as a paper organisation, the Frontier Leader contended that Awami League represented a majority of 90 per cent of the Pathans and said that it could be vindicated by holding free and fresh elections in the province.

Khan Ghulam Mohomed further said that the Awami (Parallel) Muslim League could easily turn the tables on the Qayyum Ministry by launching a province-wide Civil Disobedience Movement, but only considerations of wider national interests had so far weighed against such a decision. Referring to the repression in the Frontier Province, he said that about 50 prominent leaders and workers of the Awami League had been arrested under the Public Safety Act.

PIR MANKI SHARIF'S VIEW

Pir Manki Sharif, the most influential religious head amongst the Pathans and president of the Frontier Awami League, who was recently refused entry into the Kohat district, said that "the machinery of law and order is being ruthlessly used by the present Frontier Government to keep itself in the saddle of power by suppressing all those elements which do not see eye to eye with its repressive policy and have the courage to raise their discordant voice."

Pir Saheb has since addressed a personal letter to the N.W.F.P. Governor, requesting him 'to save the law of the land from being reduced to a mockery in the province under him.'

FILM CENSOR BOARD

With a view to prevent the display of films which may be objectionable on moral or political grounds or from the security point of view, a Karachi Board of Film Censors has been established here.

This Board is a mixed body of officials and non-officials and its work has enabled the Karachi Administration to keep a strict censorship over the films which may have otherwise exercised an unwholesome influence on the public. Upon the recommendations of this Board, the authorities recently banned two films one on Political and the other on moral grounds.

COMPENSATION FOR CAPITAL

The Government of Pakistan, after a great deal of agitation, have now paid a sum of Rs. one crore to the Government of Sind as a first instalment towards compensation for taking over Karachi to make it a Federal Capital.

It will be recalled, soon after the Centre took over Administration of Karachi, a six-man committee (three representatives of each Government) was appointed to fix up the amount of compensation to be paid to Sind for its assets left in Karachi. This Committee has not yet finalised its report and therefore, the Pakistan Government has now paid this sum of rupees one crore as an interim relief 'on account of the people of Sind having become much restive.

HELPING PAKISTAN'S JUTE TRADE

Bank Officials Confer In Dacca

DACCA, Nov. 3. (PTI-Reuter). Mr. Ziad Hussain, Governor of the State Bank of Pakistan, who arrived here on Nov. 1, is understood to be holding important discussing with Mr. Wahiduzzaman, Director of the Reserve Bank, and other local bank authorities in connection with implementing the financial aspect of the Government's new jute policy.

Under this policy, arrangements are to be made for helping the jute trade financially and establishment of a financing corporation is envisaged.

It is understood that a branch of the proposed Pakistan National Bank to deal with the new jute policy is shortly to be opened at Narayanganj where a site for the bank is being selected.

Widespread Damage On M.S.M. & S.I. Railways

MADRAS, Nov. 3. (P.T.I.): The damage caused to the northwest line of the M.S.M. Railway by the recent cyclone has been exceptionally severe, says a communication from the Public Relations Officer of the M. S. M. and S. I. Railways today.

Between Bezwada and Ellore, the track was breached in as many as 15 places to a length on three miles, on the Rajahmundry-Samalkot Section two major breaches over a length of three-quarter mile, on the Samalkot-Tuni Section seven breaches to a length of over three miles, and on the Tuni-Waltair Section 14 breaches over a length of four miles occurred. Two bridges were also affected.

The Bazwada-Maula and Gudivada-Bhimvaram sections also have been severely affected. Train service on the Gudivada-Bhimavaram Section has been restored today.

News BRIEFS

RELICS

The Sacred relics of Sariputta and Mongallyayan Arahant, two chief disciples of Lord Buddha, were received at Benares Cantonment station at 10-55 a.m. on Thursday by Shri H. P. Mody, U. P. Governor, Premier Pant, Babu Purushottam Das Tandon and others.

FINALLY

It has now been finally decided to hold the All-India Physical Education Conference and Maharashtra Physical Education Conference in Poona from January 5 to 9, 1950.

DEAD

Two children died and 20 persons were injured in Lahore on Wednesday when the roofs of one house and two shops collapsed under the weight of over-anxious spectators who had climbed up to watch the Moharram procession in the main Bazaar of the city.

ARREST

Seven persons were arrested in Narkeldanga on Thursday morning, following a bomb explosion in the area.

DEGREES

One Thousand two hundred and eighteen candidates, including 118 women, received their degrees at the convocation of the Mysore University held at the University Hall on Thursday.

PEPSU MINISTRY

The Executive Committee of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Provincial Congress Committee at its recent meeting is understood to have considered certain ministerial changes in the Union. The decision is being kept secret, but Congress circles anticipate a change in the ministerial set-up in the near future.

OBJECTIONABLE

Three Maulvis hailing from Noakhali district in Eastern Pakistan who were found to be distributing or selling objectionable books and pamphlets and carrying on communal propaganda in the rural areas of Jalpaiguri district have been arrested by Jalpaiguri police.

FIRST SOLDIER

"A Government servant should be the first soldier in the battle against untouchability and it is his duty to see that the Government policy and programme in regard to the amelioration of the conditions of backward classes is fully and effectively implemented", said Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Backward Classes, who is on a tour of the merged Baroda area, at a conference of the District Officers of Mehsana district on November 1.

DURGA PUJA IN DACCA

Hindus of Dacca celebrate Durga Puja festival.

SPEEDY RESETTLEMENT OF REFUGEES IN KASHMIR

Commendable Work Of State Government

SRINAGAR, (By Air Mail).

While the United Nations Kashmir Commission has been called upon to report upon its failure to bring together the Governments of India and Pakistan on the crucial point of a truce in Kashmir, the State Government is resettling and rehabilitating the refugees.

During past few months Sheikh Abdullah's Government has been concentrating its attention towards the rehabilitation of refugees in various parts of the State and the pace of this work has been increasing daily all over the State.

WORK COMPLETED

In Kashmir Province the work has nearly been completed and now there are only a handful of refugees in Srinagar. All others whose number had at one time swollen to more than 42 thousand have been sent back to their homes. They had been accommodated in various Government and private buildings and, at a critical juncture the State was passing through, the Government had to provide refugees with food, shelter, clothes and other supplies.

The refugees who have been back to resettled have been given loans amounting to Rs. five and a half lakhs.

The Rehabilitation Department has supplied them with seeds and other agricultural implements.

The position now is that all refugees who had taken shelter in Srinagar due to the Pakistani raids have resettled in their old places at; Uri, Titwal, Karnah, Handwara, Baramula, Sopore and Balgam. The refugees from Muzaferabad and other enemy-occupied areas are the only men who are still awaiting resettlement.

IN JAMMU

In Jammu province the Rehabilitation Department has succeeded in resettling 77,195 persons and 37,707 acres of evacuee land has been allotted to the persons resettled for purposes of cultivation in different areas of the State, the Government has advanced a sum of about two and a half lakh rupees to the persons rehabilitated on land in Rajouri, Nowshehra, Chhamb and Suderbani for reconstruction of houses, and purchase of bullocks and agricultural implements.

Steps are being taken to rehabilitate people on land in the area near the Pakistan borders in the Jammu Province. A committee of 35 representatives of refugees in the Nagrota camp was recently taken to the border areas of Samba, Ranbir Singnpora, Jasmergarh and Kathna to show them the vacant cultivable land along the border.

The Rehabilitation Department has also been successful in rehabilitating the people of the Gool area in Gulabgarh, Reasi who had been uprooted from their homes and hearths due to communal disturbances and enemy raids. They have been provided with seed, bullocks and implements free of cost. Efforts to recover looted property is in steady progress.

GUREZ REFUGEES

To provide the six hundred people, who recently opted for India in Gurez Sector, with residential facilities the Kashmir Government has decided to construct a new village in the Indian-forces-held territory in Gurez. Their own villages Kelshey and Abdulen have gone to Pakistan side according to the new sease-fire line but these people preferred to stay under the protection of the Indian Army. The State Government rushed, food supplies to them and now an adequate sum has been handed over to Khan Abdul Kabir Khan, Administrator Gurez for construction of houses for these refugees. These refugees have been provided with six months' rations free of cost. Warm clothings are also being despatched to them for the coming winter months.

Men from Pakistan—held territory in Muzaferabad continue to cross over to the Indian side of Kashmir in Uri. Already about five hundred refugees entered in Uri through jungles to take shelter which they have readily been provided and now they have been settled in a village near Uri.

Describing why they left their village they said that the Pathans who professed to liberate them killed 125 out of 150 heads of cattle and all the sheep and goat numbering about a thousand in their village alone. Blankets, woollen sheets and grain everything was taken away by the Pathans —the so-called Mujahids.

PAK-HELD AREAS

In a statement before the Secretary of the Kashmir Red Cross Muttu Paswal an elder member of the Party said, "the deeds of the men who have come from Pakistan and who are in possession of some territory in the Muzaferabad District are wholly un-Islamic. "They looted and harrased us and in the end we had to flee into the mountains to save our families and remaining possessions.

All people in the so-called Azad territory are living in terror. The honour of woman-folk is not safe there and now no one in that area believes in the statements of Pakistan leaders."

Muttu Paswal added, "In the Pakistani held area conditions have become worse and it is difficult to keep one's body and soul together. No food or clothes are available. There is not a cloth shop even within 10-miles. People are starving and dying in great numbers and if any one wants to move to the Indian side he is threatened to be shot dead."

The Kashmir Red Cross distributed warm clothings and food stuffs among these refugees who have also been settled.

About 4 dozen refugees of Sialkote who had been stranded in Kashmir valley after the Pakistani raids on Kashmir, have now been sent over to Pakistan through Jammu-Sialkote border. They were all along provided with food, clothes and other necessaries. They were provided with Government transport from Srinagar to the Jammu border and they were escorted by a special party of the police.

RAMPUR TO MERGE WITH U. P. ON DEC. 1

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3. (P.T.I.): Rampur, a Centrally administered area, will be merged with the United Provinces on December 1, it is learnt here.

The merger of this State will reduce the number of Centrally administered units from 11 to 10, apart from the Andamans.

Rampur is the only State, in the province which is administered by the Centre at present.

With an area of 894 square miles, it has a population of 480,000. It was taken over by the Central Government on March 31, 1949.

PROFITEERING CHARGE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Mahabrouri Police arrested yesterday M. S. Irani, proprietor of a hotel at Thakurdwar on a charge of selling 3½ pounds of sugar at Rs. 7-7. A search of the hotel resulted in the seizure of 84 pounds of sugar and 108 pounds of rice.

He was produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, who released him on bail in a sum of Rs. 2,000 today.

GAIN IN WORLD FOOD CONSUMPTION

(Continued from page 6)

tities entering into international trade channels are likely to increase. The year 1948-49 was one of the best of the postwar years for the production of, and international trade in, vegetable oils.

MORE CONSUMPTION

"Food consumption in Europe improved significantly during 1948-49 as a result of marked expansion in production and the continued large imports of food. Except in a few countries, average consumption—measured in terms of calories—equalled the pre-war level even though per capita supplies of meats, fats and sugar remained below.

"Production of food and animal feeds in Europe is expected to be almost as large as in 1948-49, but from five to 10 per cent below the pre-war average output. Crop production may be somewhat smaller than last year but the output of live-stock products is expected to show some improvement. Per capita production of food, however, will be substantially below pre-war since the population has increased."—USIS.

STRENGTHEN RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION

Jayaprakash's Call To Unionists

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3, (PTI): Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, President of the All India Railwaymen's Federation, appealed to all railwaymen to join the unions affiliated to the Federation and thus strengthen it to fight their cause. If the constituent unions were not strong both numerically and financially, it became difficult for the parent body to fight their battle, he added.

Mr. Javaprakash Narayan, was addressing a meeting of railwaymen at Kanchrapara yesterday. A memorandum giving in detail some of the problems facing the railwaymen were placed before him.

He said that at the Nagpur meeting the Federation had decided to take a strike ballot as Government was not willing to give more and was not prepared to negotiate any further. At Dinapore, the position was different, as Government had made certain concessions and the General Council decided to postpone the strike to see the outcome of the negotiations.

He said that he was insisting on the Railway Authorities that whatever might be the decisions of the Advisory Committee set up for the purpose, it should be made known and action taken. Government should not wait till all the points were discussed and decided. Mr. Narayan added.

Mr. Narayan left for Jalpaiguri today on a visit to the districts of Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri. He will return to Calcutta on November 4.

IMMIGRATION LAW IN EAST AFRICA

Delhi Recalls Envoy For Report

NEW DELHI, Nov 3 (PTI.): Mr. Appa Pant, Indian Commissioner in British East Africa, has been summoned to Delhi by the Government of India for discussions on the operation of the Immigration Restriction Act recently passed by East Africa, it is learned.

Mr. Pant is expected to arrive here by the end of November.

The discussions, it is understood, will cover elections to the legislature, the distribution of seats to Indian nationals in East Africa and their citizenship rights.

During the passage of the legislation, the Government of India were states to have suggested certain modifications to the measure, but the British Government did not accept them. They, however, assured the Government of India that the legislation was "not directed against Indians". Consequently, the Indian Commissioner was directed by the Government of India to watch and report on how the law was being enforced and how it affected the Indian nationals there.

REMITTANCES TO TRAVELLERS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Abolition Of Distinction Between Indian And Foreign Nationals

The Reserve Bank of India in their A. D. Circular No. 38 of the 25th October 1949, have from today amended the exchange regulations for foreign travel, effective from the 1st November 1948, to read as follows:—

The distinction hitherto drawn between Indian and foreign nationals in regard to personal travel facilities has been abolished and, in future, all persons resident in India (other than those on temporary visits) may avail of the personal travel allowance at a uniform scale as given below. In the case, however, of non-sterling area nationals proceeding to their own countries under categories (B) (C) and (D), they may be allowed to receive remittances at the rate of Rs. 5,000 - per adult and Rs 2,000 per child in the currency of their country of domicile. In addition to this, they may also have their leave salaries remitted to them after deducting therefrom the amount stated above during the period of their stay outside India.

TRAVEL FOR PERSONAL CONVENIENCE.

COUNTRY TO WHICH TRAVELLING.	PERMISSIBLE EXCHANGE
A. All countries except those stated in (B), (C), (D) and (E) below.	£.150 - per month per adult and £.75 - per month per minor to be available for a maximum period of 3 months once in three years commencing from 1st November 1949, making a maximum of £.450 per adult, £225 per minor for the three yearly period plus allowance for return fares.
B. Switzerland, Belgium and her possessions, the Trizone of Germany excluding Saar and Japan. (Travellers to Germany and Japan must be in possession of entry permits issued by the Ministry of Commerce, Government of India and the Director General of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta respectively).	£.50 per adult and £25 per child per month subject to a maximum of £100 and £50 respectively to be deducted from the limit of £450 per adult and £225 per minor for the three yearly period commencing from 1st Nov. 1949 for countries in Item (A). N.B.: This amount of £100/- per adult and £50 per minor is to cover travel in all or any of the countries in category (B) and allowances on this scale will not be available for each country separately.
C. The Continent of America (excluding Peru, Chile, Uruguay and Brazil), Philippine Islands.	NIL.
D. Peru, Chile, Uruguay and Brazil.	Applications for travel to these countries for personal reasons should be referred to the Reserve Bank of India with full particulars.
E. Iran, Iraq, Persian Gulf Ports, Saudi Arabia, Ceylon, Burma, Malaya and the Dutch East Indies.	Rs. 2,000/- per adult and Rs. 1,000/- per minor once in three years, plus allowance for return fares (This is in addition to the £450 limit for other countries.

The Basic quota for personal travel should not be granted to persons who are proceeding only to Pakistan.

2. TRAVEL FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES AND REASONS OF HEALTH. The conditions relating to applications for travel for business, health, and other purposes remain unchanged.

COTTON PRESSED IN INDIAN UNION

Bombay 1st November (Running Bales).

	Week Ending 14th Oct. 1949	1948	1st Septr. to 14th October. 1949	1948
Madras ..	3167	1038	18535*	8320
Bombay ..	2427	1324	14385	6908
West Bengal ..	....	....	15	218
United Provinces ..	....	....	....	....
East Punjab ..	761	....	761	28
Ajmer Merwara ..	....	97	3	135
Hyderabad State ..	683	....	2546	....
United States of Rajasthan ..	....	....	....	....
United States of Saurashtra ..	....	....	....	162
Total ..	7038	2459	36245	16271

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay 1st November.

	1949 Bales.	1948 Bales.
RECEIPTS (By Rail & Sea). 28th Oct. to 31st October.	6900	4886
RECEIPTS (By Rail & Sea). 1st Septr. to 31st October.	128026	136035
SHIPMENTS. 28th Oct. to 31st Oct.		
United Kingdom	200	2900
Continent	250	990
China	....	....
Japan	....	....
Coast Ports	1518	2108
Total	1968	5998
SHIPMENTS. 1st Septr. to 31st October.		
United Kingdom	200	3682
Continent	5577	4923
China	....	3710
Japan	....	....
U. S. A.	13513	3317
Other Foreign Countries	1091	1064
Total all Foreign Countries	20381	16696
Coast Ports	6844	47264
Total	27225	63960

TRANSHIPMENT IN BOMBAY HARBOUR DURING THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER

Total	52	....
1st September to 30th September. Total	52	....

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NEHRU ARRIVES IN VANCOUVER

Indian Community's Warm Reception

VANCOUVER, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter).—Without waiting to have lunch Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today lost no time in fulfilling an old ambition—to meet members of the prosperous 2,000 strong Indian colony in and around Vancouver.

Indian Prime Minister Pandit Nehru arrived here at 2 p.m. (local time) today and was welcomed by Mayor C. E. Thompson and a Civic Reception Committee and the Indian Community.

Pandit Nehru was accompanied by his daughter Mrs. Indira Gandhi.

The party flew in a four-engined plane belonging to Defence Secretary Louis Johnson.

Pandit Nehru, dressed in a grey suit and a grey felt hat, was welcomed by Mayor Charles E. Thompson and by Senator J. G. King on behalf of the Canadian Government.

He landed in a four engined plane belonging to United States Defence Secretary Mr. Louis Johnson and at the airport was greeted by the Indian High Commissioner, the Mayor of Vanvouver Charles E. Thompson and Senator J. G. King on behalf of the Canadian Government.

After preliminary handshakes he inspected a guard of honour of Royal Canadian Air Force men and an army battery roared a 19-gun salute to him.

Pandit Nehru was making a brief visit to the Pacific coast of Canada to see Indians living here. They are mostly Sikhs, and are wealthy members of the timber trade here. They provided the one hundred cars which took the Indian Premier and his party on a slow drive from the airport to the City Hall where city elders and services chiefs were waiting to welcome him officially.

Only one woman remained in the Indian party. She was Pandit Nehru's daughter Mrs. Indira Gandhi, and she was interviewed by four women journalists at the airport.

At the City Hall Canadian planes dropped coloured tapes into the crowded streets and there two thousand more Indians were waiting to see him.

The rostrum was decorated with Indian and Canadian flags and the Mayor said that in spite of the awkward hour of his arrival (2 p.m. local time) Pandit Nehru had agreed to meet his countrymen as soon as possible and before lunch.

Speaking first in English and then in Hindustani, the Prime Minister referred to his audience as brothers and sisters and said "all of you have come from India. I have long entertained a desire to meet you and it has been fulfilled today.

"I shall have something to tell you of India—of free India—but there will be other opportunities to meet. This is only a brief halt to see you before going to my hotel."

The Indians shouted "Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai" and "Jawaharlal Nehru Ki Jai" and the Sikh cry of "Jo bole so nihal, sat sri akal" and three Indian women, (Mrs. J. Kaur, Miss Doreen Hari and Miss Rajimder Hari, the latter two being daughters of Mr. Ujgar Singh Hari) garlanded Pandit Nehru and his daughter.

From the city hall Pandit Nehru & his party drove to a hotel for a rest & lunch. Outside the hotel he was greeted by a crowd of about 1,500 who had stood for nearly two hours to see the Indian Premier.

VISIT TO SIKH TEMPLE

Greetings of "Pandit Nehru Ki Jai" met the Indian Prime Minister when he arrived at a Sikh temple where the scene was reminiscent of Armitsar, seat of the great Sikh temple.

There were about 2,000 bearded Sikhs, wearing turbans with their wives and children.

Pandit Nehru took his seat with the trustees of the temple and paid his respects to the takht. He then made a brief speech in Hindustani assuring the Indians of India's interest in their welfare and calling on them to be good citizens of Canada.

Sardar Mangal Singh Pradhan of the Temple Committee presented Pandit Nehru with a siropa to mark his visit and Pandit Nehru went to his next engagement at the city auditorium for a reception by the Indian Community.

Nehru To Meet Negro Leaders

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 (UPI)—Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will meet some of the most outstanding and influential Negro leaders of the United States on November 5, at New York.

Dr. Ralph E. Bunche, former U. N. Palestine Mediator, and Walter White, Executive Secretary of the National Association for the advancement of coloured people, have asked these leaders to meet Nehru at tea in the New York home of Mrs. Robert Lehman to help in fulfilling Nehru's wish to meet a cross-section of the American people.

Among those invited are Mrs. Mary McLeod Bethune, President of the National Council of Negro Women and listed as one of the 50 greatest women in the United States and one of the "most influential women in Washington", and Dr Channing H. Tobias, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Hampton Institute, an outstanding Negro College in Hampton, Virginia. Nehru has already met them all, but this occasion will provide an opportunity for longer talks than had previously been possible.

THE WHEEL DENOTES PROGRESS

Nehru Explains Its Significance

VANCOUVER, Nov. 4 (PTI): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, told the citizens of Vancouver today that India intended to base her national policy on Asoka's symbol of the wheel of righteousness.

On the menu card at the citizens' dinner given in his honour was a desert named "Parfait Dharma Chakra"

The Dharma Chakra could clearly be seen on the audience on the large natio flags, draping the walls of the banquet room.

Pandit Nehru said in his speech that he was very touched by the thought prompting the Committee of Reception and the hotel management in naming the sweet after the centre theme of India's flag.

Explaining the meaning of the Chakra, he said it signified progress and a call to tread the path of righteousness.

It was taken from the pillars of Asoka who had erected them in various parts of India, over 2,000 years ago.

Pandit Nehru, making the first reference to India's flag during the tour, said India wished to follow the ideal symbolised by the wheel. Whether they succeeded or not as Asoka visualised, India would tread the path of duty to the best of her ability as chalked out for her by Mahatma Gandhi.

NO NOBEL PRIZE FOR LITERATURE

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 3. (PTI-Reuter): The Nobel Prize for Literature will not be awarded this year, it was officially announced here to-day. The prize will be reserved for next year.

Nobel Prize winners for Literature are picked by the Swedish Academy of Letters.

Nobel Prizes are sums of money paid from a Trust Fund established under the will of Mr. Alfred Nobel, Swedish chemist who died in 1896. The amounts vary from year to year, but average about £10,000.

TRAINING CENTRE ON CENSUS AND STATISTICS

An International Training Centre on Census and Statistics in South East Asia and Oceania was inaugurated by the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Doulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, Government of India, at a meeting held at New Delhi on October 1, with a view to improve the compilation of national and international statistics. Photo shows Dr. H. R. Tolley, Director of Economics and Statistics Division of F. A. O. addressing the meeting. Seated at left of the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Doulatram is Mr. S. M. Srivastava, Jt. Vice-Chairman of the I. C. A. R. Others from left to right are Dr. P. V. Sukhatme, Mr. C. P. G. J. Smith of the Netherlands Statistical Office and Prof. P. C. Mahalanobis.—PIB.

PRIME MINISTER SEES TVA

Knoxville Tennessee Stopover in East Tennessee was listed as a 'must' in the itinerary of touring Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India. He is pictured during a visit to Knoxville. Discarding his native garb for Western dress, Nehru is shown in gray flannel suit and gray homberg, listening to TVA Chief Engineer C. E. Blee who explains TVA's chain of dam installations. (International News Photos).

Wanted Longrange Security: Not Just Decade Of Grace

AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN'S REACTION TO NEHRU'S STATEMENT

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 (PTI-Reuter): The "Saturday Evening Post", widely circulated weekly magazine, said today the reaction of American business men to a statement by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that the Indian Government would not use its power to nationalise industries for ten years was the same as that of business men in India.

"To Indian business men", the magazine said in an editorial, "that looks like a time bomb instead of an immediate explosion. American business men, whose capital India wants to attract, feel the same way about it.

"Indian Government leaders know that only large-scale industry can lick their country's over-population. Industrialisation will have to be quick and efficient if it is to keep ahead of India's mounting birth rate.

"The answer is: American machinery, American experts, and in many cases, American capital.

WOOING WITH SCOWL

Indian officials who cut their political teeth on Marxist lollipops have found it hard to swallow their misgivings about that legendary 'Dollar Imperialism'. They want American experience and money to come in, but many of them woo with a scowl rather than a smile."

"India can, of course, buy some machines and hire some experts with borrowed dollars. It is getting 34 million dollars from the International Bank and is sure of another 41 millions.

"But only large-scale dollar investment can give India all the industry it needs. As long as India thinks of the dollar as a thing with horns, and a cloven hoof, it won't get far in luring it across the seas.

"Mr. Nehru may find that Americans need longrange security, not just a decade of grace, if they are to take their energy and money all the way to South Asia.

"Otherwise they'll stay home," the "Saturday Evening Post" said.

WARM WELCOME TO INDIRA

'Indira' felt very happy and proud when a garland was put round her neck at a ceremony held recently at the Ueno Zoo, Tokyo, when she was formally presented to the children of Japan by Mr. D. G. Mulherkar, acting Head of the Indian Liaison Mission, on behalf of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. Mr. Mulherkar and Mr. Shigeru Yoshida, Prime Minister of Japan are seen in this group, watching Indira who is having bananas—which were presented to her by the Buddha Worshippers' Association.—P.I.B.

QUITE A PRICE

LONDON, Nov. 2 (PTI-Reuter) Among Indian coins from the collection of Dr. R. Brushfield, formerly Vice-President of the British Numismatic Society, which were sold today was a double rupee of Bengal. It was bought for £95.

Cause Of Cold: Worry!

NEW YORK, (IPS): If you want to ward off colds, cultivate a placid mind. Scientists now believe that mental disturbances, not germs, are at the bottom of mankind's most ailments.

Dr. E. Wrigley Braithwaite, a Leeds Psychologist had advanced this theory in 1943. Now Dr. E. P. Fowler of New York says:—"It is very common for cold to develop on examination days for students or on a domestic upheaval, evidently due to changes in the nasal mucosa arising from an emotional cause".

LABOUR COLLEGE FOR ASIA

Mazdoor Sabha To Propose

BOMBAY, Thursday. (PTI)

The Hind Mazdoor Sabha today announced that its Vice-President Mrs Maniben Kara would lead the Sabha's Delegation to the forthcoming meeting of the new Trade Union International. The meeting is scheduled to be held in London from November 28 to December 9.

The other members of the delegation will be Mr. K. K. Khadilkar, Joint Secretary of the Sabha; Mr. Ramachandra Shetty, President of the Mysore branch of the Sabha, and Mr. A. H. Shivananda Swamy.

The Preparatory Committee meeting of this new international organisation was held in Geneva in June and was attended by three representatives of the Sabha. The meeting was sponsord by the British Trade Union Congress, the American Federation of Labour and the Congress of Industrial Organisations. The British T. U. C. and the C. I. O. have seceded from the Communist-dominated World Federation of Trade Unions.

An office-bearer of the Sabha said here today that one of the suggestions their delegation would make at the London meeting would be that the new international body should set up here an "Asian Labour College".

The office-bearer said that American and European labour leaders were well-up in labour matters and they with their knowledge and long experience could greatly help trade union work in Asia, which was still in an undeveloped stage, by organising a Labour College here.

SABARMATI JAIL RIOT ECHO

Prisoners Refuse To Appear Before Court

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3 (PTI) The 17 detenus who are being tried by the Special Judge, Mr M. S. Patel, for rioting and causing hurt to police in Sabarmati Central Jail refused to appear Court today, and went on a token hunger-strike as a protest against the withdrawal of the privileges which they enjoyed before.

The Court adjourned the case till tomorrow.

SPECTACULAR KISAN MARCH IN U. P.

Socialists' Plan

LUCKNOW, Nov. 3 (UPI). Brisk preparations are being made by the Socialist Party to stage a spectacular Kisan March on November 25 in Lucknow.

It is proposed that the Kisans from various districts will converge in Lucknow, where a full dress march with band and placards will take place on the appointed date.

Veteran Socialist have been appointed as commanders, company leaders, etc., who will conduct the march peacefully and in a disciplined manner.

MUTT AND JEFF—The New Look Doesn't Worry Jeff One Iota

By BUD FISHER

YA THINK THE BOSS WILL LET ME HAVE THE DAY OFF, MUTT?
WHAT FOR?
I'D LIKE TO DO SOME HARD STUDYIN'!
STUDYING, EH? WELL, YOU NEED IT!
I'LL SEE WHAT I CAN DO FOR YA!
O.K., I GOT YOU THE DAY OFF! STUDY HARD!
THANKS MUTT! DON'T WORRY! I WILL!
DON'T MIND LONG DRESSES! I GOT A GOOD MEMORY!

Bevin's Secret Memorandum Leaks Out

STINGING CRITICISM OF ITALY

LONDON, Nov. 3. (PTI-Reuter).

THE British Foreign Office has been considerably embarrassed by leakage of an outspoken memorandum by Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin criticising Italy for recent anti-British press campaigns, it was believed in diplomatic quarters here today.

Official silence on the subject was regarded as tantamount to confirmation of the accuracy of the report, which was published in the American magazine "News week".

British officials in Washington were expected to investigate the leak from a security angle.

Accordnig to "Newsweek", Mr. Bevin writing with "typical bluntness" prepared the memorandum for private guidance of Foreign Office officials.

Ostensible reasons for the Italians campaign have been Britain's failure to grant an amnesty to Italians imprisoned for war crimes against British troops and for alleged lack of sympathy to Italy's case for the return of her former colonial Empire.

INCREDIBLE

"Newsweek" quoted Mr. Bevin as saying in the memorandum: "I find it incredible that responsible Italian statesmen should throw bricks at us in this way. I do not see what they can expect to gain by screaming at us.

"It is regrettable that at a time when we are trying hard to resist outside threats, one member of the democratic world should launch a false and artificial campaign against another.

"I am constantly hearing about Italian grievances from third parties, but never from Count Sforza (Italian Foreign Minister) himself.

"I have had several free and frank talks with the Count recently and he certainly is not as provoked as the Italian Foreign Office wants us to believe.

"I will not have my policy changed by press campaigns and similar tactics. I wish the Italians would understand that as a Government, we are not playing a double game, but are trying our best to be straightforward and honest with other powers."

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